# Installation and service instructions for contractors



Vitodens 222-F Type B2TF, 1.9 to 32 kW Gas condensing storage combi boiler with 3.5 inch black/white screen Natural gas and LPG version

# **VITODENS 222-F**



# **Safety instructions**

Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

# Safety instructions explained

# $\triangle$

# Danger

This symbol warns against the risk of injury.

# Please note

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

# Target group

These instructions are exclusively intended for qualified contractors.  Work on gas installations may only be carried out by a registered gas fitter.

Details identified by the word "Note"

contain additional information.

Note

- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

# Regulations to be observed

- National installation regulations
   Statutory regulations for the prevention of accidents
- Statutory regulations for environmental protection
- Codes of practice of the relevant trade associations
- Relevant country-specific safety regulations

# Safety instructions for working on the system

# Working on the system

- Where gas is used as the fuel, close the main gas shut-off valve and safeguard it against unintentional reopening.
- Isolate the system from the power supply, e.g. by removing the separate fuse or by means of a mains isolator, and check that it is no longer live.
- Safeguard the system against reconnection.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment when carrying out any work.

# Safety instructions (cont.)



# Danger

Hot surfaces and fluids can lead to burns or scalding.

- Before maintenance and service work, switch OFF the appliance and let it cool down.
- Never touch hot surfaces on the boiler, burner, flue system or pipework.

# Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Prior to commencing work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

# **Repair work**

# Please note

Repairing components that fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of the system. Replace faulty components only with genuine Viessmann spare parts.

# Auxiliary components, spare and wearing parts

# Please note

Spare and wearing parts that have not been tested together with the system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and making non-approved modifications or conversions can compromise safety and may invalidate our warranty.

For replacements, use only original spare parts supplied or approved by Viessmann.

# Safety instructions (cont.)

# Safety instructions for operating the system

# If you smell gas

#### Danger Ŵ

Escaping gas can lead to explosions which may result in serious injury.

- Do not smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks. Never switch lights or electrical appliances on or off.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Evacuate any people from the danger zone.
- Notify your gas or electricity supply utility from outside the building.
- Have the power supply to the building shut off from a safe place (outside the building).

# If you smell flue gas

# Danger

Flue gas can lead to life threatening poisoning.

- Shut down the heating system.
- Ventilate the installation site.
- Close doors to living spaces to prevent flue gases from spreading.

# What to do if water escapes from the appliance

#### Danger /!\

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of electrocution. Switch OFF the heating system at the external isolator (e.g. fuse box, domestic distribution board).

# Danger

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of scalding. Never touch hot heating water.

# Condensate

# Danger

Contact with condensate can be harmful to health. Never let condensate touch your skin or eyes and do not swallow it.

# Flue systems and combustion air

Ensure that flue systems are clear and cannot be sealed, for instance due to accumulation of condensate or other external causes.

Ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

Inform system users that subsequent modifications to the building characteristics are not permissible (e.g. cable/pipework routing, cladding or partitions).



# Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems, or an inadequate supply of combustion air can cause life threatening poisoning from carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order. Vents for supplying combustion air must be non-sealable.

# **Extractors**

Operating appliances that extract air to the outside (extractor hoods, extractors, air conditioning units, central vacuum cleaning systems, etc.) can create negative pressure. If the boiler is operated at the same time, this can lead to a reverse flow of flue gas.

# Safety instructions (cont.)



# Danger

The simultaneous operation of the boiler and appliances that exhausts air to the outside can result in life threatening poisoning due to a reverse flow of flue gas. Fit an interlock circuit or take suitable steps to ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

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### **Disposal of packaging**

Please dispose of packaging waste in line with statutory regulations.

### Symbols

| Reference to other document containing further information         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram: The number correctly.  |        |  |
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| Image: Step in a diagram:         The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram:         The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram:         The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.         Image: Step in a diagram:         Image: Warning of material losses and environmental pollution         Image: Step in a diagram:   | Symbol | Meaning  |
| Image: Second |        |  |
| Image: | 1.     | The numbers correspond to the order in   |
| Y       Pay particular attention.         Image: Second state stat                                    | !      |  |
| <ul> <li>Component must audibly click into place.<br/>or</li> <li>Acoustic signal</li> <li>Fit new component.<br/>or</li> <li>In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface.</li> <li>Dispose of component correctly.</li> <li>Dispose of component at a suitable collection point. Do not dispose of component in</li> </ul>   | 4      | Live electrical area   |
| )       or         • Acoustic signal         • Fit new component.         or         • In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface.         Dispose of component correctly.         Dispose of component at a suitable collection point. Do not dispose of component in   | ٩      | Pay particular attention.  |
| or       • In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface.         Dispose of component correctly.         Dispose of component at a suitable collection point. Do not dispose of component in   | )      |  |
| Dispose of component at a suitable collec-<br>tion point. Do <b>not</b> dispose of component in   | -      | or<br>In conjunction with a tool: Clean the sur-   |
| tion point. Do <b>not</b> dispose of component in   |        | Dispose of component correctly.  |
|   | X      | Dispose of component at a suitable collec-<br>tion point. Do <b>not</b> dispose of component in<br>domestic waste. |

The steps in connection with commissioning, inspection and maintenance are found in the "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance" section and identified as follows:

| Symbol      | Meaning                             |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>o</b> o  | Steps required during commissioning |
| ¢°          | Not required during commissioning   |
|             | Steps required during inspection    |
|             | Not required during inspection      |
| <b>سک</b> ر | Steps required during maintenance   |
| سکر         | Not required during maintenance     |

### Intended use

The appliance is intended solely for installation and operation in sealed unvented heating systems that comply with EN 12828, with due attention paid to CECS 215-2017 and the associated installation, service and operating instructions. It is only designed for heating up heating water that is of potable water quality.

Intended use presupposes that a fixed installation in conjunction with permissible, system-specific components has been carried out. The appliance is intended exclusively for domestic or semi-domestic use; even users who have not had any instruction are able to operate the appliance safely.

Commercial or industrial usage for a purpose other than heating the building or DHW shall be deemed inappropriate.

Any usage beyond this must be approved by the manufacturer in each individual case.

### Intended use (cont.)

Incorrect usage or operation of the appliance (e.g. the appliance being opened by the system user) is prohibited and will result in an exclusion of liability. Incorrect usage also occurs if the components in the heating system are modified from their intended use (e.g. if the flue gas and ventilation air paths are sealed).

### **Product information**

### Vitodens 222-F, type B2TF

Gas condensing storage combi boiler with Inox-Radial heat exchanger and the following integrated components:

- Modulating MatriX Plus burner for natural gas and LPG
- DHW loading cylinder, 100 I capacity
- Hydraulics with 3-way diverter valve and variable speed high efficiency circulation pump
- Weather-compensated control unit
- Diaphragm expansion vessel (18 I capacity)

The selected gas category in the delivered condition and the associated nominal gas pressure are given on the boiler type plate. The type plate also shows the other gas types and pressures with which the boiler can be operated. A conversion within the stated natural gas groups is not required. For conversion to LPG (without conversion kit), see "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

The Vitodens 222-F may only be delivered to the countries specified on the type plate. For deliveries to other countries, approved contractors must arrange individual approval on their own initiative and in accordance with the law of the country in question.

### System examples

System examples with hydraulic and electrical connection diagrams and function descriptions are available to help setting up the heating system. Detailed information regarding system examples: www.viessmann-schemes.com

### Maintenance parts and spare parts

Maintenance parts and spare parts can be identified and ordered directly online.

### **Viessmann Partnershop**

Login: https://shop.viessmann.com/



### Viessmann spare part app

www.viessmann.com/etapp

# Maintenance parts and spare parts (cont.)





### Handling

### Please note

Prevent damage to the appliance during handling.

Never set the appliance down on its front or sides, or apply any load to these surfaces. If possible, leave the boiler on the pallet during handling.

### Siting in recesses

In the delivered condition, the ON/OFF switch and the electrical connections are located on the left-hand side of the appliance. The condensate drain can be routed out of either the right-hand or left-hand side of the appliance.

When installing in recesses, ensure that accessibility is guaranteed (recommended wall clearance 100 mm). Otherwise relocate the ON/OFF switch and electrical connections. The ON/OFF switch can be relocated to the right-hand side or the top. The electrical connections can be relocated to the right-hand side.

# Relocating the ON/OFF switch and electrical connections (if necessary)

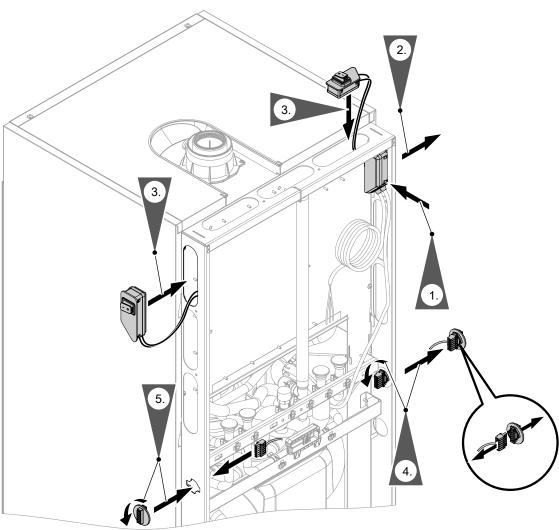


Fig. 1

### Relocating the ON/OFF switch and electrical... (cont.)

Open the electrical wiring chamber of the HMU. Disconnect the cable of the ON/OFF switch and remove. See electrical connections.

- 1. Unclip the ON/OFF switch from the frame.
- 2. Remove the ON/OFF switch with the cable.
- Clip the ON/OFF switch into the corresponding opening at the top or on the right-hand side. Reconnect the cable in the HMU wiring chamber and relieve strain.
- **4.** Release plug of electrical connections by turning it a quarter turn.
- **5.** Insert plug into the opening on the right-hand side and secure in place by turning it a quarter turn.

### Note

From 09/2021, the plug for the electrical connections is inside the appliance.

### Preparing for boiler installation

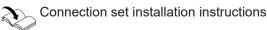
Use a connection set – available as an accessory – to make the connections on the gas and water sides. The following overview shows sample connection sets for surface mounting, with connection to the top or side.

### Attaching accessories

Before final siting, attach all of the accessories that are to be mounted from the back of the boiler (e.g. connection set). First fit the connection set for the DHW circulation pump.

# Please note

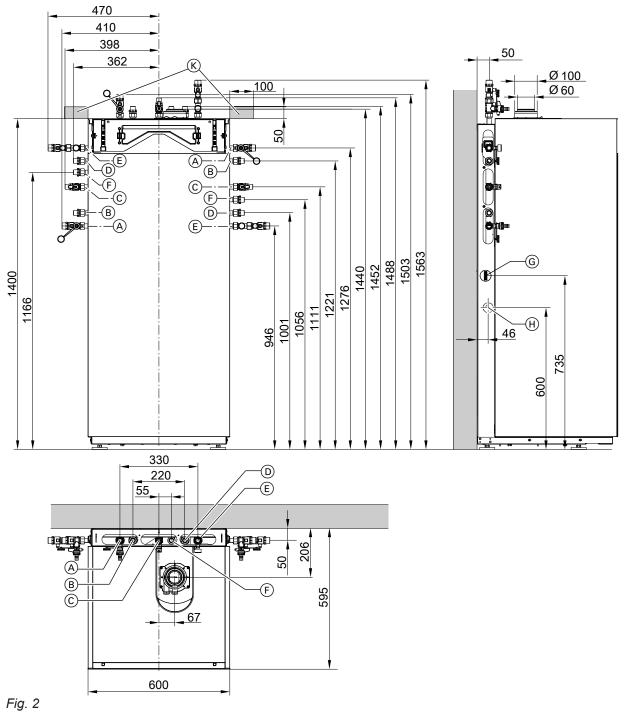
To prevent appliance damage, connect all pipework free of load and torque stress. Preparing connections on site:



### Note

Fit safety equipment in accordance with the national regulations.

# Preparing for boiler installation (cont.)



- A Heating flow R <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>
- B DHW R ½
- $\bigcirc$  Gas connection R  $^{1\!\!/_2}$
- (D) Cold water R  $^{1\!\!/_2}$
- (E) Heating return R 3/4
- (F) DHW circulation R ½ (separate accessories)
- G Plug for electrical accessories

# Note

Depending on the version, the plug is inside the appliance.

- $\underbrace{\textcircled{}}_{\hspace{-0.5ex} \ominus}$  Condensate drain to the side
- (K) Area for electrical cables (on-site junction box)

### Note

All height dimensions have a tolerance of +15 mm on account of the adjustable feet.

# Preparing for boiler installation (cont.)

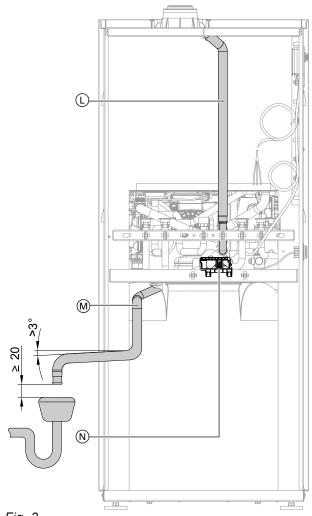


Fig. 3

**1.** Prepare the connections on the heating water side. Thoroughly flush the heating system.

### Note

Should an additional expansion vessel be required on site, connect this vessel in the heating return.

2. Prepare the connections on the DHW side. Install the safety assembly (accessories or on-site provision) in accordance with EN 806 [or local regulations] in the cold water supply. See the following chapter.

Recommendation:

Install the safety valve above the DHW cylinder to protect it against contamination, scaling and high temperatures.

(CH): According to W3 "Principles for creating potable water installations", safety valves must be drained directly via a visible unrestricted drain or via a short outlet line to the drain network.

### Note

Do **not** connect the DHW cylinder safety value to hose (1). Do **not** change the position of hose (1) (used for ventilation).

Route condensate hose M to side opening H
 (see diagram on page 13).
 Connect condensate hose with a fall to the on-site waste water pipe or trap.

### Note

- The on-site waste water pipe must have min.
   Ø 40 mm to allow inflow with no risk of backing up.
- Keep the drainage route from the appliance as short as possible.
- Do not connect the drain hose directly to the onsite waste water pipe. To prevent bacterial contamination from the drain network, observe a minimum clearance of 20 mm (see diagram).

#### Please note

The drain hose is used to route away any hot water discharged from the safety valve. Lay and secure the drain hose in a way that prevents any risk of scalding.

### Note

Route the onward drain line inside the building as far as possible.

If the onward drain line is routed outside the building:

- Use a min. Ø 30 mm line.
- Protect the line from frost.
- Keep the line as short as possible.

### Preparing for boiler installation (cont.)

- **4.** Prepare gas connection to TRGI [or local regulations].
- 5. Prepare the electrical connections.
  - The appliance is delivered fitted with a power cable (approx. 1.5 m long).
  - Power supply: 230 V, 50 Hz, fuse rating max. 16 A

### Note

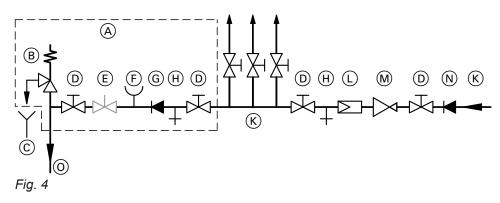
Connect the power cable to the electricity supply using a fixed connection.

 Accessory cables: 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> flexible PVC cable with required number of cores for external connections.

### Note

Route external pipes through guide  $\mathbb{N}$ .

### Safety assembly to DIN 1988 and EN 806



- (A) Safety assembly to DIN 1988 and EN 806 (accessories for connection sets for flush mounting)
- (B) Safety valve
- © Visible discharge pipe outlet point
- D Shut-off valve
- (E) Flow regulating valve (installation recommended)
- $(\ensuremath{\mathbb{F}})$  Pressure gauge connector
- G Non-return valve

- $(\ensuremath{\boldsymbol{\textbf{H}}})$  Drain outlet
- ${\rm (K)}\,$  Cold water
- $\textcircled{\ }$  Drinking water filter
- M Pressure reducer to DIN 1988-2, Dec. 1988 issue
- Non-return valve/pipe separator
- Cold water connection at connection set (accessories)

### Siting the boiler

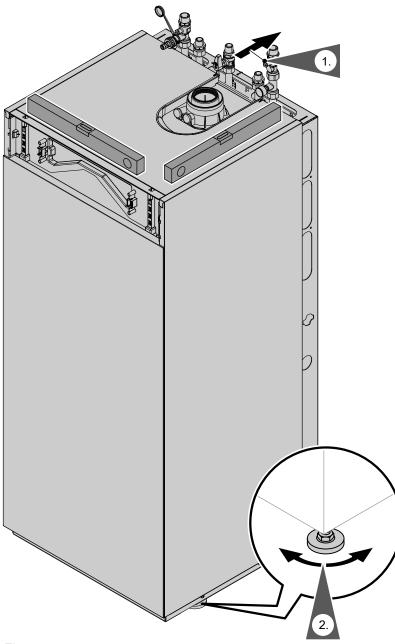


Fig. 5

### Type plate

### Note

The type plate is attached to cover panel A in the appliance. See page 42.

# Additional type plate with access code (QR code) marked with "i"

The type plate of the heat generator contains extensive product information and an appliance-specific QR code marked with "i" for direct access to product-specific information and product registration on the internet.

The QR code contains the credentials for the registration and product information portal, and the 16-digit serial number.

### Attaching the additional type plate

**1.** Take the additional type plate from the documentation supplied with the boiler.

### Note

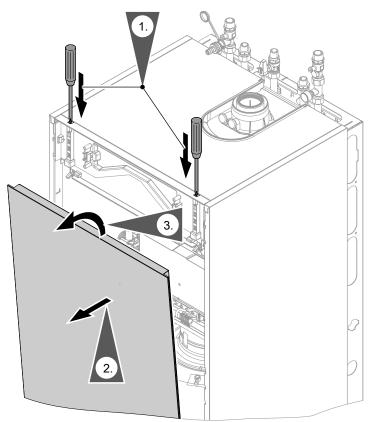
The documentation with the additional type plate and QR code marked with "i" can be found on top of the appliance.

# Siting the boiler (cont.)

2. In consultation with the system user, affix the additional type plate to the outside of the appliance. The additional type plate must be visible to the flue gas inspector.

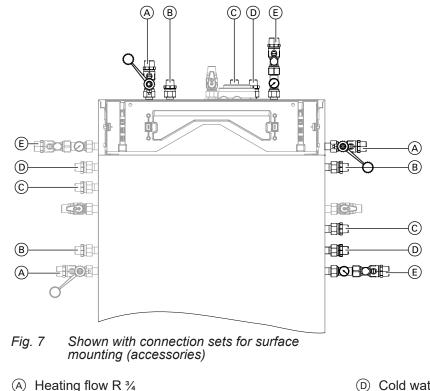
Affix another QR code to the installation and service instructions.

# Removing the front panel





### Connections on the heating water and DHW sides



- (B) DHW R 1/2

Note

commissioning.

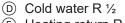
© DHW circulation R <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> (separate accessories)

### DHW circulation connection (potable water)

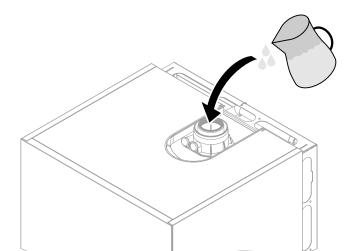
DHW circulation connection with DHW circulation pump connection set (accessories)

If there is a risk of frost, only fill the trap just before

Filling the trap with water



E Heating return R ¾



Pour at least 0.3 I of water into the flue gas connection.

Separate installation instructions



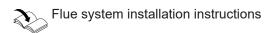
### Danger

During commissioning, flue gas may escape from the condensate drain. Always fill the trap with water before commissioning.

Fig. 8

### Flue gas connection

Connect the flue gas/ventilation air pipe.



# Connecting several Vitodens to a shared flue system

If connecting multiple Vitodens to a common flue system at positive pressure using routing types  $C_{10}$ ,  $C_{11}$ ,  $C_{13}$ ,  $C_{14}$ : Install a back draught safety device (accessories) in the flue gas connection and the mixing shaft of the burner on each boiler.

Installing the back draught safety devices:

Do not carry out **commissioning** until the following conditions are met:

- Free passage through the flue gas pipes.
- Flue system with positive pressure is gas-tight.
- Inspection port covers checked for secure and tight seating.
- Apertures for ensuring sufficient combustion air supply are open and cannot be closed off.
   Note

In open flue operation, install a rodent guard grille on the supply air aperture.

- Applicable regulations on installing and commissioning flue systems have been followed.
- Visual inspection of the flue gas connection. *Note*

The use of lubricant prevents the gasket from shifting when the flue pipe is installed.

When using a straight flue pipe, check that the inner ventilation air pipe is correctly fitted.

### Note

The "System certification" and "Skoberne GmbH flue system" labels enclosed with the technical documentation may only be used in conjunction with the Viessmann flue system made by Skoberne.

Installation instructions for back draught safety device

Converting the control unit for use with a shared flue system:

In the commissioning assistant, select the "Multiple connections" setting under "Flue system type".



### Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems or an insufficient supply of combustion air cause life threatening poisoning due to carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order. Vents for interconnected combustion air supply must be non-closable in open flue operation. Prevent condensate drainage via a wind protector.

### **Gas connection**

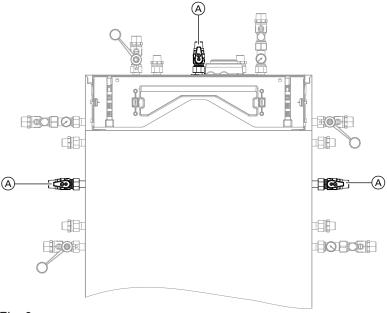


Fig. 9

nstallation

1. If the gas connection has not been fitted previously, seal gas shut-off valve (A) to the gas connection.

When carrying out any work on gas connection fittings, counterhold with a suitable tool. Never transfer any forces to the internal components.

### Information on operation with LPG

Install an external safety solenoid valve if the boiler is installed below ground level. An EM-EA1 extension (accessories) is required to connect the safety solenoid valve.

2. Check for leaks.



### Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check all connections on the gas side (also inside the appliance) for tightness.

### Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the tightness test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage.

Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.

# Please note

Excessive test pressure will damage the boiler and gas solenoid valve. Max. test pressure 150 mbar (15 kPa). If a higher pressure is required for leak tests, disconnect the boiler and the gas solenoid valve from the main supply pipe (undo the fitting). 3. Purge the gas line.

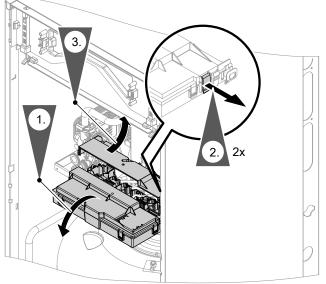
### **Electrical connections**

### Opening the HMU wiring chamber

### Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.

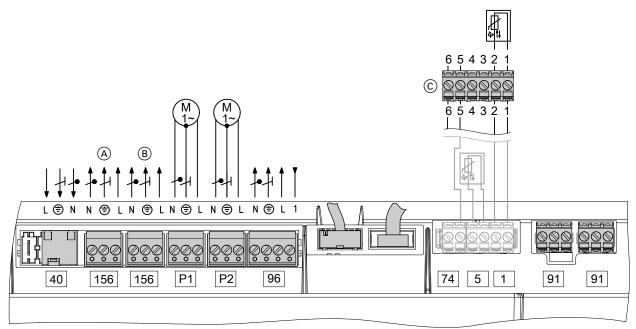
Prior to commencing any work, touch earthed objects, such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.





### Note

For further information on the connections, see the following chapters.





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### Connections to 230 V~ plugs

- 40 Power supply
- 96 230 V input, floating Output 230 V
- 156 Switched power outlet

P1 Cylinder loading pump (connected in the delivered condition)

- P2 230 V parametrisable output: DHW circulation pump or heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer (in systems with low loss header)
- (A) BCU burner control unit power supply (connected in the delivered condition)
- B Power supply for accessories
- © Plug located externally on the right or left-hand side of the appliance (see also following diagram) *Note*

Depending on the version, the plug is inside the appliance.

### Connections to extra low voltage (ELV) plugs

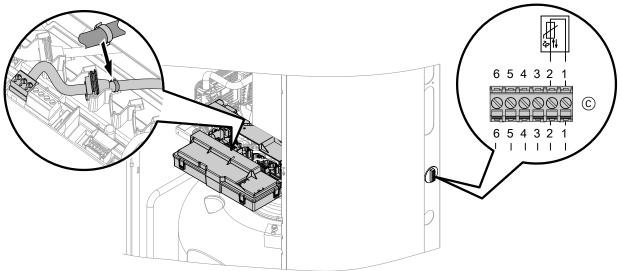
- 1 Outside temperature sensor
- Terminals 1 and 2 on plug C
- Cylinder temperature sensor (connected in the delivered condition)
- 74 PlusBus
- Terminals 5 and 6 on plug C



### Information on connecting accessories

When connecting accessories observe the separate installation instructions provided with them.

### On-site connections on the heat management unit

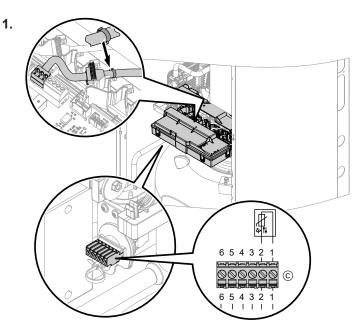


### Fig. 12

© Plug located externally on the right or left-hand side of the appliance (supplied separately)

Required plugs are supplied in separate packaging. Provide strain relief for cables in the wiring chamber of the HMU heat management unit using cable ties.

# From 09/2021, plug for electrical connections inside the appliance





Route the plug with power cable (required plugs are supplied in separate packaging) through the cable guide on the back of the appliance.

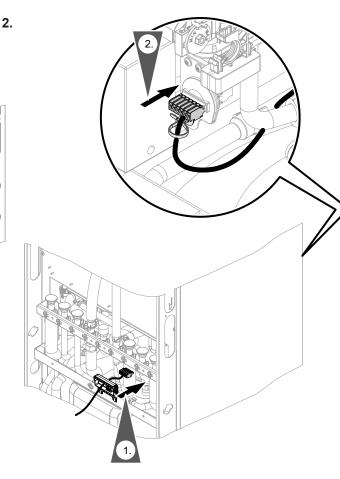


Fig. 14

Use cable ties to apply strain relief to cables in the heat management unit wiring chamber.

### Note

Insert the cable ties with body-bound rivet (packaged separately) into the mounting plate on the plug.

### Outside temperature sensor 1

### Fitting location for outside temperature sensor

- North or north-westerly wall, 2 to 2.5 m above ground level; in multi storey buildings, in the upper half of the second floor
- Not above windows, doors or vents

- Not immediately below balconies or gutters
- Never render over

### Outside temperature sensor connection

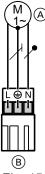
2-core lead, length up to 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5  $\rm mm^2$ 

### Connecting low loss header sensor 9

The low loss header sensor is connected to accessory extension EM-P1 or EM-M1/MX (ADIO electronics module).

Installation instructions for extension EM-P1 or EM-M1/MX

### Connecting the circulation pump to P2



# Fig. 15

A Circulation pump (B) Plug P2 on HMU heat management unit

Possible functions:

- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer A1 in connection with low loss header and heating circuits with mixer
- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer A1, without low loss header and with no other heating circuits (max. 1 heating circuit in the system).
- DHW circulation pump Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V~ supply.

### Floating switching contact connection

### Connection at plug 96

**One** of the following functions can be connected:

- External demand
- External blocking
- DHW circulation pump external demand (pushbutton) function, pump runs for 5 min). Not for Vitodens 222-W.
- Room temperature controller (room thermostat) In conjunction with operating mode Continuous operation with room temperature controller (not for Vitodens 3xx)
- For external heating circuit hook-up (if installed), see chapter "External heating circuit hook-up". Not for Vitodens 3xx.

# 96 Fig. 16

A Floating contact

### Assigning functions in the commissioning assistant

See commissioning assistant in "Commissioning".

### Checking the CAN bus terminator switch setting

The CAN bus resistor is switched using switch (A) in the wiring chamber.

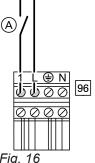
### Information on priority of connection options:

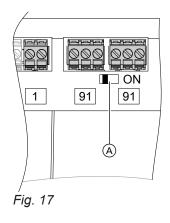
- If heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer A1 is installed: Then connect DHW circulation pump to an EM-P1 extension (accessories).
- If no heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer A1 is connected: Connect DHW circulation pump to output P2.

The function is selected in the commissioning assistant by selecting the connected component.

### Specification

| Rated current | 1 A     |
|---------------|---------|
| Rated voltage | 230 V ~ |

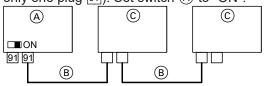




If the device is **not** integrated into a CAN bus system:

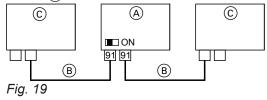
Switch (A) must not be set to "ON".

If the device is integrated into a CAN bus system and is located at the beginning or end of this system (not in the middle) of the CAN bus system (connected to only one plug [91]): Set switch (A) to "ON".





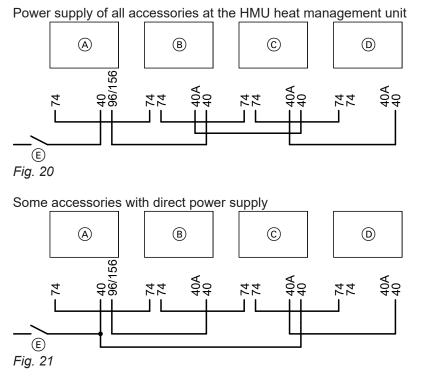
- (A) Heat generator / HMU heat management unit
- B CAN bus cable
- © CAN bus other subscribers
- If the device is integrated into a CAN bus system and is **not** located at the beginning or end of the CAN bus system (both plugs I connected): Do **not** set switch (A) to "ON".



### Power supply for accessories at plug 96/156 (230 V ~)

When positioned in wet rooms, accessories outside the wet area must not be connected to the power supply at the HMU heat management unit. If the boiler is not sited in a wet room, the power supply for accessories can be connected directly to the HMU heat management unit. This connection is switched directly with the ON/OFF switch of the appliance. If the total system current exceeds 6 A, connect one or more extensions directly to the mains supply via an ON/OFF switch (see next chapter).

### Power supply and PlusBus connection of accessories



- HMU heat management unit, heat generator
- (A) (B) Mixer extension kit (ADIO electronics module)
- C Mixer extension kit (ADIO electronics module)
- (D) EM-EA1 extension (DIO electronics module) and/or EM-S1 extension (ADIO or SDIO/ SM1A electronics module)

PlusBus system length max. 50 m for 0.34 mm<sup>2</sup> cable cross-section and unshielded cable. If the current flowing to the connected working parts (e.g. circulation pumps) is higher than the fuse rating of the relevant accessory, only use the output concerned to control an on-site relay.

| Accessories   | Internal fuse protec-<br>tion |
|---|-------------------------------|
| EM-M1, EM-MX mixer exten-<br>sion kit                           | 2 A                           |
| EM-EA1 extension  | 2 A                           |
| EM-S1 extension (not for<br>Vitodens 222-F, 222-W and<br>333-F) | 2 A                           |

| E | ON/OFF | switch |
|---|--------|--------|
|---|--------|--------|

Mains input

- 40 40 A Power outlet
- 74 PlusBus

96/156 Power outlet on HMU heat management unit



### Danger

Incorrect wiring can lead to serious injury from electrical current and result in appliance damage.

- Route extra low voltage (ELV) leads < 42 V</p> separately from cables > 42 V/230 V~.
- Only strip the minimum of insulation from cables as close as possible to the terminals and bundle tightly to the corresponding terminals.
- Secure cables with cable ties.

### Power supply 40



Danger

Incorrectly executed electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and damage to the appliance.

Connect the power supply and implement all safety measures (e.g. RCD circuit) in accordance with the following regulations:

- IEC 60364-4-41
- IEEE Wiring Regulation; BS 7671:2018
- Connection conditions of the local grid operator
- Install an isolator in the power cable to provide omnipolar separation from the mains for all active conductors, corresponding to overvoltage category III (3 mm) for complete isolation. The isolator must be fitted in the permanent electrical installation, in line with installation requirements.
   We also recommend installing a pulse current-sensitive RCD (RCD class A [\scrimet]).
- Connect the power cable to the electricity supply using a fixed connection.
- WiFi operational reliability and system requirements

WiFi router system requirement

 WiFi router with activated WiFi: The WiFi router must be protected by a sufficiently secure WPA2 password.

The WiFi router must always have the latest firmware update.

Do not use unencrypted connections between the heat generator and the WiFi router.

- Internet connection with high availability: Flat rate (flat rate tariff without restriction on time or data volume)
- Dynamic IP addressing (DHCP, delivered condition) in the network (WiFi):

Have this checked on site by an IT expert **prior** to commissioning. Arrange for set up if required.

 Set routing and security parameters in the IP network (LAN).

Enable the following ports for direct outgoing connections:

- Port 80
- Port 123
- Port 443
- Port 8883

Have this checked on site by an IT expert **prior** to commissioning. Set up enabling if required.

- If the power supply to the appliance is connected with a flexible power cable, ensure that the live conductors are pulled taut before the earth conductor in the event of strain relief failure. The length of the earth conductor wire will depend on the design.
- Max. fuse rating 16 A.



### Danger

 The absence of system component earthing can lead to serious injury from electric current if an electrical fault occurs.
 The appliance and pipework must be connected.

The appliance and pipework must be connected to the equipotential bonding of the building.

### Wireless signal range of WiFi connection

The range of wireless signals may be reduced by walls, ceilings and interior fixtures. These weaken the wireless signal, causing poor reception due to the following circumstances.

- On their way between transmitter and receiver, wireless signals are **damped**, e.g. by air or when penetrating walls.
- Wireless signals are reflected by metallic objects, e.g. reinforcements embedded in walls, metal foil of thermal insulation and thermal glazing with metallised thermal vapour deposit.
- Wireless signals are **isolated** by service ducts and lift shafts.
- Wireless signals are disrupted by devices that also operate with high frequency signals. Maintain a distance of at least 2 m from these devices:
  - Computers
  - Audio and video systems
  - Devices with active WiFi connection
  - Electronic transformers
  - Pre-ballasts

Install the heat generator as close as possible to the WiFi router to ensure a good WiFi connection. The signal strength can be displayed on the programming unit: See operating instructions.

### Note

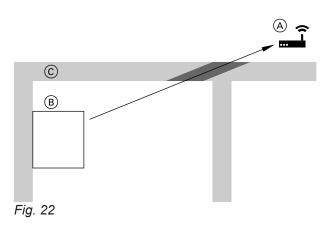
The WiFi signal strength can be increased with commercially available WiFi repeaters.

### Angle of penetration

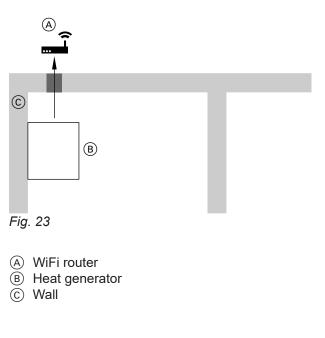
The reception quality remains best if radio signals hit the walls vertically.

Depending on the angle of penetration, the effective wall thickness changes and so does the extent to which the electromagnetic waves are damped.

### Flat (unfavourable) angle of penetration



### Ideal angle of penetration



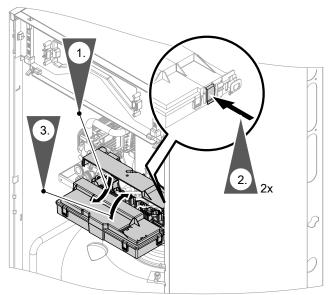
- (A) WiFi router
- B Heat generator
- © Wall

### **Routing connecting cables/leads**

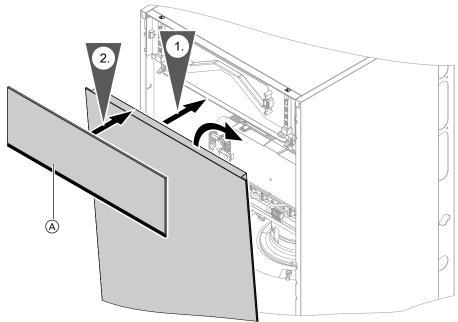
# Please note

If connecting cables/leads come into contact with hot components, they will be damaged. When routing and securing cables/leads on site, ensure that the maximum permissible temperatures for these cables/leads are not exceeded.

### Closing the wiring chamber



# Fitting the front panel and programming unit





Lightguide A at the bottom

# 💣 👁 🗲 Steps - commissioning, inspection and maintenance

|   |   |   | <ul> <li>Commissioning steps</li> </ul>  |      |
|---|---|---|--|------|
|   |   |   | <ul> <li>Inspection steps</li> </ul>   |      |
|   |   | _ | — Maintenance steps  | ⊃age |
| V | V |   |  | 0    |
| 0 |   | Ĵ |  |      |
| • | • | • | 1. Filling the trap with water   | . 32 |
|   | • | • | 2. Removing the front panels   | . 32 |
|   |   | • | 3. Moving the programming unit to the maintenance position                       | . 32 |
| • |   |   | 4. Commissioning the system  | . 33 |
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| • |   |   | 6. Venting the boiler  | . 39 |
| • |   |   | 7. Venting the heating system  | . 39 |
| • |   |   | 8. Filling the DHW cylinder on the DHW side                                      | . 40 |
| • | • | • | 9. Checking the connections on the heating water and DHW sides                   | . 40 |
| • |   |   | 10. Naming the heating circuits  | . 40 |
| • |   |   | 11. Checking the gas type  | . 41 |
| • |   |   | 12. Converting the gas type (only for operation with LPG)                        | . 41 |
| • | • | • | 13. Checking the static pressure and supply pressure                             | . 42 |
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| • |   |   | 16. Activating screed drying   | . 44 |
| • |   |   | 17. Adjusting the pump rate of the integral circulation pump                     | . 45 |
| • |   |   | 18. Checking the balanced flue system for leaks (annular gap check)              | . 47 |
|   |   | • | 19. Removing the burner  | . 48 |
|   | • | • | 20. Checking the burner gasket and burner gauze assembly                         | . 49 |
|   | • | • | 21. Checking and adjusting the ignition and ionisation electrodes                | . 50 |
|   | • | • | 22. Checking the back draught safety devices                                     | . 50 |
|   |   | • | 23. Cleaning the heating surfaces  | . 51 |
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|   | • | • | 25. Installing the burner  | . 53 |
|   | • | • | 26. Checking the neutralising system (if installed)                              |      |
|   |   | • | 27. Checking the anode connection and anode earth current with an anode tester   | . 54 |
|   |   | • | 28. Draining the boiler on the DHW side  | . 55 |
|   |   | • | 29. Cleaning the loading cylinder  | . 56 |
|   |   | • | 30. Checking and replacing the protective magnesium anode (if necessary)         | . 57 |
|   |   | • | 31. Re-assembling and filling the loading cylinder                               | . 58 |
|   | • | • | 32. Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure                  | . 59 |
|   |   | • | 33. Checking the pre-charge pressure and the DHW expansion vessel (if installed) | . 60 |
| • | • | • | 34. Checking the safety valve function   |      |
| • | • | • | 35. Checking the electrical connections for firm seating                         |      |
| • | • | • | 36. Checking gas equipment for leaks at operating pressure                       | . 60 |
| • |   | • | 37. Checking the combustion quality  |      |
| • | • | • | 38. Checking the flue system for unrestricted flow and leaks                     |      |
| • | • | • | 39. Checking the external LPG safety valve (if installed)                        |      |

# 🕉 👁 🗲 Steps - commissioning, inspection and... (cont.)

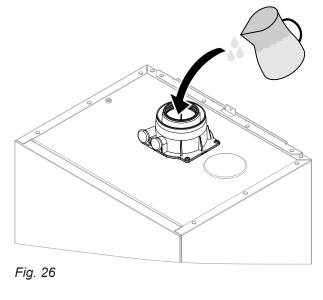
| ,<br>C | • | • | <ul> <li>Commissioning steps</li> <li>Inspection steps</li> <li>Maintenance steps</li> </ul> | Page |
|--------|---|---|--|------|
| •      |   |   | 40. Matching the control unit to the heating system  | 62   |
| •      |   |   | 41. Adjusting heating curves   | 62   |
|        |   | • | 42. Calling up and resetting the maintenance display   | 62   |
| •      | • | • | 43. Fitting the front panel  | 63   |
| •      |   |   | 44. Instructing the system user  | 63   |



### Please note

Only commission the appliance with a fully filled trap.

Check that the trap has been filled with water.



Pour at least 0.3 I of water into the flue gas connection. Please note

During commissioning, flue gas may escape from the condensate drain. Always fill the trap with water before commissioning.



### **Removing the front panels**

See page 17, steps 1 to 5

# Moving the programming unit to the maintenance position

To carry out various maintenance jobs, move the programming unit downwards.

#### o O

Moving the programming unit to the maintenance... (cont.)

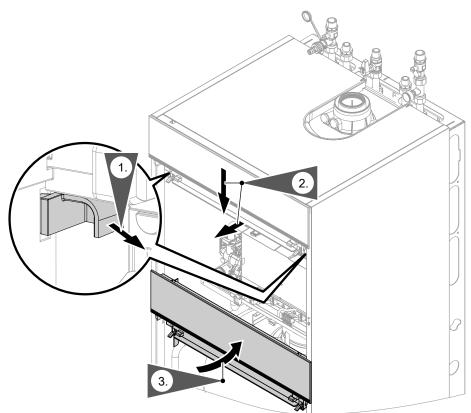


Fig. 27



Commissioning the system

### **Commissioning assistant**

- 1. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. If the appliance has not been switched on yet: Turn on the ON/OFF switch. The commissioning assistant starts automatically.

If the appliance has already been switched on: See chapter "Calling up the commissioning assistant at a later point".

**3.** For further steps, see commissioning assistant in the following overview.

### Note

Once the commissioning assistant has finished, run an actuator test to check that the actuators are connected correctly and working properly.

### Note

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Depending on the type of heat generator, connected accessories and other settings, not all menu points will be displayed and not all functions are available.

See the technical guide or hydraulic scheme browser.

### Commissioning via software tool

#### Note

Apps for commissioning and service are available for iOS and Android devices.



The appliance automatically switches on the WiFi access point.

- 1. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- and OK should be pressed simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 3. Use ∧/∨ to select "Connect with software tool" and confirm with OK.
- 4. Follow the instructions in the app.

# 💣 💿 🌽 Commissioning the system (cont.)

| Commissioning assistant<br>sequence                    | Explanations and references  |
|--|--|
| Commissioning  |  |
| Language   |  |
| With programming unit                                  | If commissioning is to be carried out at the programming unit of the heat generator.   |
| Trade fair mode<br>• Off<br>• On                       | Only for demonstration purposes. Do not select for normal heating mode.  |
| Units<br>• Temperature<br>• Length<br>• Pressure       | Select the required units of measurement (e.g. °C or °F)   |
| Date<br>▪ Format                                       |  |
| Time<br>• Format<br>• Time changeover                  |  |
| System pressure  |  |
| <ul> <li>Set value</li> <li>Area</li> </ul>            | Select the set system pressure, e.g. 1.5 bar.<br>Select the range within which the system pressure can fluctuate around the<br>set value, e.g. +/-0.5 bar.<br>Example: If the value falls below the set range for a certain period of time (set<br>value [1.5 bar] - range [0.5 bar] = 1.0 bar), fault message F.74 or warning<br>message A.11 is displayed. |
| Filling<br>Venting                                     | Filling: See chapters "Filling the heating system" and "Venting the heating system".   |
| Gas type   | If operating with LPG, switch to "LPG"   |
| Flue system  |  |
| <ul> <li>Single connection</li> </ul>                  | Only <b>one</b> heat generator is connected to the flue system (factory setting).  |
| <ul> <li>Multiple connections</li> </ul>               | <b>Several</b> heat generators are connected to the flue system at positive pressure (only suitable for systems that run on natural gas).  |
| After confirmation with <b>OK</b> , following chapter. | an automatic test of the flue gas temperature sensor is carried out. See the   |
| Building type  |  |
| Detached house   | One shared holiday program and time program for DHW heating  |
| <ul> <li>Apartment building</li> </ul>                 | Holiday program is set separately (room temperature-dependent operation not possible)  |
| Continue in the commission                             | ning assistant with Yes or end commissioning with No.  |
| perating mode  |  |
| <ul> <li>Weather-compensated</li> </ul>                | The outside temperature sensor must be connected.  |
| <ul> <li>Constant mode</li> </ul>                      | Operation with constant flow temperature   |
| <ul> <li>Room temperature-de-<br/>pendent</li> </ul>   | A room temperature controller/room thermostat (accessories) must be con-<br>nected to plug 96. Only one heating circuit without mixer in the system (only<br>available for detached houses).   |

# 💣 💿 🌽 Commissioning the system (cont.)

| ommissioning assistant<br>equence  | Explanations and references  |
|--|--|
| ystem scheme   |  |
| Heating circuit 1  | Heating circuit without mixer or heating circuit without mixer with external<br>hook-up or<br>Heating circuit without mixer with pump (without low loss header and without<br>further heating circuits, max. 1 heating circuit in the system) for e.g. fixed val-<br>ue control station. |
| Heating circuit 2, 3, 4  | Heating circuits with mixer or heating circuit with mixer with external hook-up  |
| DHW  | Settings for DHW heating according to the system components  |
| Not installed  | System without DHW heating   |
| <ul> <li>Cylinder with one sensor</li> </ul>   | System with DHW cylinder with 1 cylinder temperature sensor  |
| <ul> <li>Cylinder with one sensor<br/>and DHW circulation<br/>pump</li> </ul>          | System with DHW cylinder with 1 DHW cylinder temperature sensor and DHW circulation pump   |
| <ul> <li>DHW comfort function</li> </ul>   | Only for gas condensing combi boilers (not adjustable)   |
| <ul> <li>Loading cylinder with<br/>one sensor</li> </ul>                               | Gas condensing storage combi boiler with integral loading cylinder   |
| <ul> <li>Loading cylinder with<br/>one sensor and DHW<br/>circulation pump</li> </ul>  | Gas condensing storage combi boiler with integral loading cylinder and DHW circulation pump  |
| <ul> <li>Loading cylinder with 2<br/>sensors</li> </ul>                                | Gas condensing storage combi boiler or gas/solar condensing storage comb<br>boiler with integral loading cylinder  |
| <ul> <li>Loading cylinder with 2<br/>sensors and DHW circu-<br/>lation pump</li> </ul> | Gas condensing storage combi boiler or gas/solar condensing storage comb<br>boiler with integral loading cylinder and DHW circulation pump   |
|  | <i>Note</i><br>DHW circulation pump not possible with Vitodens 222-W.  |
| Low loss header/buffer cyl-<br>inder   | Settings for the consumer circuits according to the system components  |
| <ul> <li>Not installed</li> </ul>  | There is no low loss header or heating water buffer cylinder in the system.  |
| <ul> <li>Low loss header, heating<br/>only</li> </ul>                                  | System with low loss header, without DHW heating   |
| <ul> <li>DHW heating upstream<br/>of low loss header</li> </ul>                        | DHW heating with e.g. separate DHW cylinder connected upstream of the lo loss header   |
| <ul> <li>DHW heating down-<br/>stream of low loss head-<br/>er</li> </ul>              | DHW heating with e.g. separate DHW cylinder connected downstream of the low loss header  |
| <ul> <li>Buffer cylinder, heating<br/>only</li> </ul>                                  | System with heating water buffer cylinder, without DHW heating   |
| <ul> <li>DHW heating upstream<br/>of buffer cylinder</li> </ul>                        | DHW heating with e.g. separate DHW cylinder connected upstream of the heating water buffer cylinder  |
| <ul> <li>DHW heating down-<br/>stream of buffer cylinder</li> </ul>                    | DHW heating with e.g. separate DHW cylinder connected downstream of the heating water buffer cylinder  |
| Solar<br><i>Note</i>   | Solar thermal system connected to heat generator via solar extension (ADIO SDIO/SM1A electronics module)<br>Setting subject to the design of the solar thermal system  |
| Not for Vitodens 222-W,<br>type B2LF and Vitodens<br>222-F, type B2SF                  | Solar extension installation and service instructions  |

### Commissioning the system (cont.)

| Commissioning assistant sequence                              | Explanations and references   |
|---|---|
| <ul><li>No solar function</li><li>With DHW heating</li></ul>  |   |
| <ul> <li>With central heating<br/>backup</li> </ul>           | Only adjustable for SDIO/SM1A electronics module (not for Vitodens 242-F)   |
| <ul> <li>With 2nd cylinder pre-<br/>heating</li> </ul>        | Only adjustable for SDIO/SM1A electronics module (not for Vitodens 242-F)   |
| <ul> <li>With thermostat function</li> </ul>                  | Only adjustable for SDIO/SM1A electronics module (not for Vitodens 242-F)   |
| Plug 96   | Function selection if a contact has been connected to plug 96 of the HMU heat management unit   |
| <ul> <li>No function</li> </ul>                               |   |
| <ul> <li>External demand, DHW<br/>circulation pump</li> </ul> | Pushbutton function, DHW circulation pump runs for 5 min.   |
| <ul> <li>External demand</li> </ul>                           | Heat generator demand with adjustable set flow temperature (parameter 528.0) and set primary circuit pump speed (parameter 1100.2)  |
| <ul> <li>External blocking</li> </ul>                         |   |
| EM-EA1 (DIO) function   | If an EM-EA1 extension (DIO electronics module) is connected as a function extension<br>Selection of the connected function according to the table in the installation instructions for the EM-EA1 extension  |
| Remote control  | Set the type of remote control and subscriber no. as assignment to the re-<br>spective heating circuit. Up to 3 heating circuits can be assigned to one re-<br>mote control unit. It is not possible for several remote control units to act on<br>one heating circuit. |
| Maintenance   |   |
| Interval in burner hours run<br>until next maintenance        | Interval adjustable in steps of 100 h.  |
| Interval until next mainte-<br>nance                          | Interval adjustable to 3, 6, 12, 18 or 24 months.   |
| The system carries out a resta                                | irt.  |

### Automatic flue gas sensor check

### The display shows: "Testing, flue gas temperature sensor" and "Enabled, please wait ...".

If the flue gas temperature sensor is not positioned correctly, fault message F.416 appears on the display. For further details regarding the flue gas temperature sensor test, see "Repairs".

If fault message F.416 appears, reposition the flue gas temperature sensor in the flue gas connection. Check for leaks on the flue gas side.

### Note

The burner remains locked out until the test has been passed.

When the fault has been remedied, turn the ON/OFF switch off and back on again. Confirm the message with **OK**.

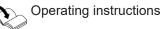
### Switching WiFi ON/OFF

The appliance is equipped with an integrated WiFi communication module with extended type plate. The internal communication module supports commissioning, maintenance and servicing with "ViGuide" online/the "ViGuide" app as well as operation via the "ViCare" app.

The access details required for establishing a connection are recorded in the form of an access code with "WiFi symbol". Three copies of this code are located on the front of the programming unit.

Remove the access code label and for commissioning, affix one label to the space marked out on the type plate.

Switch on the WiFi connection and establish a connection to the router. See also page 27. Activating the internet connection:





## Commissioning the system (cont.)

Affix a further label here so you can find it again for use at a later time:



Affix a label in the operating instructions.

## Calling up the commissioning assistant at a later point

If you need to continue commissioning later, the commissioning assistant can be reactivated at any time.

## **Entering contact details**

The system operator can call up contact details when required and notify the heating contractor.



## Filling the heating system

## Fill water

As a heat transfer medium for DHW heating, the heating water must meet fluid category  $\leq 3$ . This requirement is met if water of potable quality is used as heating water. For example, if additives are used, the additive manufacturer must specify which category the treated heating water comes under.

#### Please note

Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to appliance damage.

- Flush the heating system thoroughly before filling.
- Only use fill water of potable water quality.
- Special antifreeze suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water. The antifreeze manufacturer must verify its suitability.
- Fill and top-up water with a water hardness above 300 ppm must be softened, e.g. with a small softening system for heating water.

#### Tap the following buttons:

- 2. Use // to select "Basic settings".
- 3. OK
- 4. Use ∧/∨ to select "Commissioning assistant".
- 5. OK

- 2. Use // to select "Connect with software tool".
- **3.** Follow the instructions on the programming unit display.



## Filling the heating system (cont.)

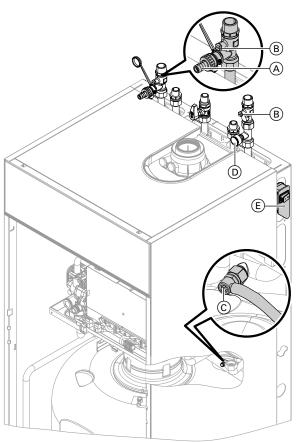


Fig. 29 Shown with the connections at the top

- 1. Check the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel.
- 2. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Connect the fill hose to boiler drain & fill valve (A) in the heating flow. Either on the side or top of the boiler depending on the connection set.
- 4. Open shut-off valves (B) on the heating water side.
- 5. Fit hose to air vent valve ©. Route the hose into a suitable container or drain outlet.

## Activating the filling function

If the filling function is to be activated after commissioning.

#### Tap the following buttons:

- and OK press simultaneously for approx. 4 s, then release.
- 2. Use // to select "Basic settings".
- 3. OK

- **6.** Activate the filling function (see commissioning assistant or following chapter).
- Fill the heating system via boiler drain & fill valve
  A. Minimum system pressure > 1.0 bar (0.1 MPa). Check the system pressure at pressure gauge D. Indicator must be in the green band.

#### Note

Close air vent valve  $\bigcirc$  and adjust system pressure at boiler drain & fill valve  $\bigcirc$ .

- **8.** Close boiler drain & fill valve (A).
- 4. Use // to select "Commissioning assistant".
- 5. OK
- 7. OK

The filling function is activated. The display shows the system pressure.

The filling function ends automatically after 20 min or when you tap **OK**.

## 🗘 💿 🗲 Venting the boiler

## Please note

To prevent appliance damage, Do not vent the boiler via the safety valve on the heating water side.

- 1. Close shut-off valves (B) on the heating water side.
- 2. Open air vent valve ⓒ and fill valve ④ in the heating flow. Vent (flush) under mains pressure until no more air noise is audible.
- Close air vent valve C and fill valve A. At the same time, adjust operating pressure > 1.0 bar (0.1 MPa).

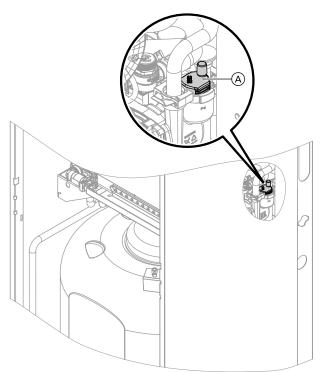
#### Note

Call up the pressure indicator in the **"System** overview" menu point. See operating instructions.

- **4.** Open shut-off valves (B) on the heating water side.
- **5.** Remove drain hose from air vent valve (C) and keep safe.



Venting the heating system





- 1. Check whether the air vent screw in quick-action air vent valve (A) of the heating circuit pump is open.
- **2.** Close the gas shut-off valve. Switch the appliance on.

## Activating the venting function

If the venting function is to be activated after commissioning.

#### Tap the following buttons:

- 3. Activate venting function (see following steps).
- Call up the pressure display with "System overview".
   Check the system pressure.
- 2. Use // to select "Basic settings".
- 3. OK
- 4. Use // to select "Commissioning assistant".
- 5. OK

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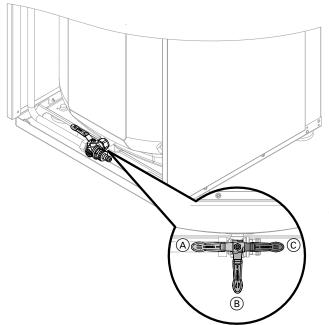


- Venting the heating system (cont.)
- A/V for "Next" and OK until "Venting" appears.

#### 7. OK

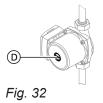
The venting function is activated. The display shows the system pressure. The venting function ends automatically after 20 min or when you tap **OK**.

## Filling the DHW cylinder on the DHW side



- **1.** The lever on the valve must be in position  $\triangle$ .
- 2. Open the on-site DHW supply and a DHW draw-off point.
- **3.** Once air stops coming out of the DHW draw-off point, the DHW cylinder is completely filled.
- If there is still air in the cylinder loading circuit, it can be released via air vent screw 

   On the cylinder loading pump.



## Fig. 31

🕅 👁 🌽 Checking the connections on the heating water and DHW sides

## $\bigwedge$

## Danger

There is a risk of electric shock from escaping heating water or DHW.

When commissioning and after carrying out maintenance work, check all water side connections for leaks.

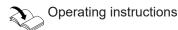
#### Please note

- Leaking hydraulic connections lead to appliance damage.
- Check the internal and on-site hydraulic connections for leaks.
- In the event of leaks, switch off the appliance immediately. Drain the heating water. Check the seating of seal rings. Always replace displaced seal rings.

## 🛱 💿 差 Naming the heating circuits

In the delivered condition, the heating circuits are designated "Heating circuit 1", "Heating circuit 2", "Heating circuit 3" and "Heating circuit 4".

If the system user prefers, the heating circuits can be renamed to suit the specific system. To enter names for heating circuits:



1. Determine the gas type and Wobbe index by ask-

2. Record the gas type in the service report.

ing your local gas supply utility or LPG supplier.



The boiler is equipped with an electronic combustion controller that adjusts the burner for optimum combustion in accordance with the prevailing gas quality.

- For operation with natural gas, no adjustment is therefore required across the entire Wobbe index range. The boiler can be operated within the Wobbe index range 9.5 to 15.2 kWh/m<sup>3</sup> (34.2 to 54.7 MJ/m<sup>3</sup>).
- For operation with LPG, the gas type needs to be changed on the control unit (see following chapter).

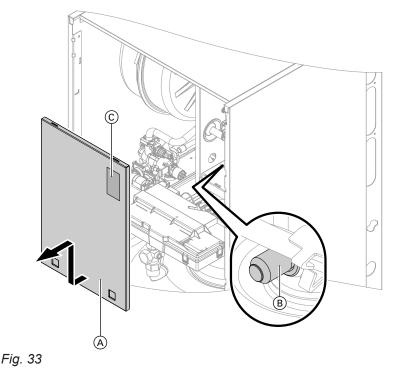
## Converting the gas type (only for operation with LPG)

- 1. To change the gas type on the control unit, see "Commissioning the system with the commissioning assistant"
- **2.** Affix label "G31" (supplied with the technical documentation) adjacent to the type plate on the outside of the appliance.

#### Note

No mechanical adjustments are made to the gas solenoid valve.

## Checking the static pressure and supply pressure



- (A) Cover panel
- (B) Test connector
- © Type plate



## Danger

CO formation as a result of incorrect burner adjustment can have serious health implications. Carry out a CO test before and after work on gas appliances.

## **Operation with LPG**

Purge the LPG tank twice on commissioning/replacement. Vent the tank and gas connection line thoroughly after purging.

- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- **2.** Undo clips and remove cover panel  $\triangle$ .
- **3.** Undo screw in test connector (B) on the gas train, but do not remove it. Connect the pressure gauge.
- 4. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- Test the static pressure and record it in the report. Max. 57.5 mbar (5.75 kPa).
- 6. Start the boiler.

## Note

During commissioning, the appliance can enter a fault state if there are airlocks in the gas line. Reset the appliance after approx. 5 s (see operating instructions). **7.** Check the supply (flow) pressure. For set values, see the following table.

#### Note

Use a suitable measuring device with a resolution of at least 0.1 mbar (0.01 kPa) to check the supply pressure.

- 8. Record the actual value in the report. Implement measures as indicated in the table below.
- 9. Shut down the boiler. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 10. Remove the pressure gauge. Tighten the screw in test connector (B).
- **11.** Open the gas shut-off valve and start the appliance.



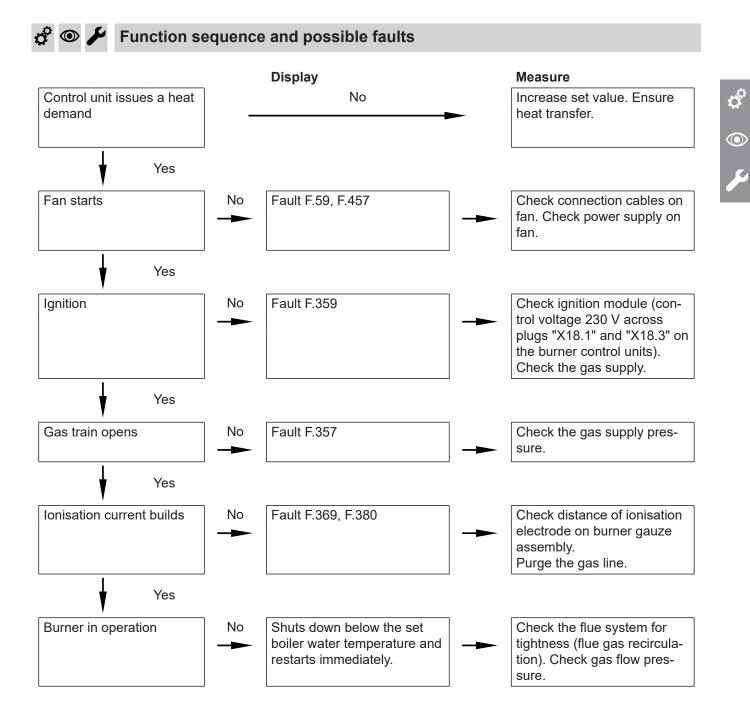
## Danger

 Gas escaping from the test connector leads to a risk of explosion.
 Check gas tightness at test connector (B).

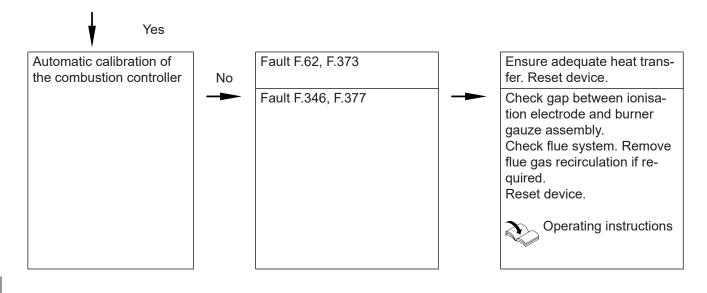
**12.** Fit cover panel (A).

## Checking the static pressure and supply pressure (cont.)

| Supply pressure (flow pressure)   |                                   | Measures   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| For natural gas                   | For LPG                           |  |
| < 13 mbar (1.3 kPa)               | < 25 mbar (2.5 kPa)               | Do not start the boiler. Notify the gas supply utility or LPG supplier.  |
| 13 to 25 mbar (1.3 to<br>2.5 kPa) | 25 to 57.5 mbar (2.5 to 5.75 kPa) | Start the boiler.  |
| > 25 mbar (2.5 kPa)               | > 57.5 mbar (5.75 kPa)            | Install a separate gas pressure governor upstream of<br>the system. Set the pre-charge pressure to 20 mbar<br>(2.0 kPa) for natural gas and 50 mbar (5.0 kPa) for<br>LPG. Notify the gas supply utility or LPG supplier. |



## Function sequence and possible faults (cont.)



For further details regarding faults, see page "Trouble-shooting".



## Setting the max. heating output

A limit can be set on the maximum heating output for **heating mode**. The limit is set via the modulation range.

#### Note

The flow rate must be checked before the max. heating output can be adjusted. Ensure adequate heat transfer.

## Tap the following buttons:

- and OK press simultaneously for approx. 4 s, then release.
- 2. Use // to select "System configuration".

## 🖇 💿 🌽 Activating screed drying

## Screed drying

6 different temperature profiles can be set for screed drying:

Preset temperature profiles can be adjusted via parameter **897.0 "Screed drying"** in the General group.

For further details, see "Function description".

- 3. OK
- 4. Use // to select "Boiler".
- 5. OK
- 6. Use ∧/∨ to select parameter 596.0 "Maximum heating output".
- 7. OK
- 8. Use ∧/∨ to set the required value in % of rated heating output. Delivered condition 100 %.
- 9. OK

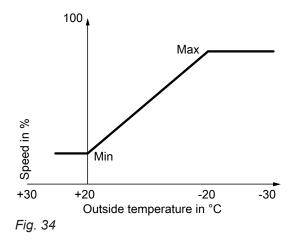
#### Note

Screed drying applies to all connected heating circuits simultaneously.

With a combi boiler, DHW heating is not possible during screed drying. With a system boiler or storage combi boiler, after 30 minutes DHW heating is suspended for an hour (parameter 1087.1) in order to run the screed drying program.

## Adjusting the pump rate of the integral circulation pump

The pump speed and consequently the pump rate are regulated subject to the outside temperature and the switching times for heating mode or reduced mode. The minimum and maximum speeds for heating mode can be matched to the existing heating system at the control unit.



Setting (%) in the heating circuit 1 group:

- Min. speed: Parameter 1102.0
- Max. speed: Parameter 1102.1

In the delivered condition, the minimum pump rate and the maximum pump rate are set to the following values:

#### Note

The minimum speed of 60 % is not undershot, in order to ensure the required flow rate via the internal overflow valve. Having the minimum pump rate set to 40 % ensures that the pump works more energy efficiently in weather-compensated mode.

| Rated heating output<br>in kW | Speed settings in the delivered condition in % |                   |  |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------|--|
|                               | Min. pump<br>rate                              | Max. pump<br>rate |  |
| 11                            | 40   | 60                |  |
| 19                            | 40   | 70                |  |
| 25                            | 40   | 85                |  |
| 32                            | 40   | 100               |  |

 In conjunction with a low loss header, heating water buffer cylinder and heating circuits with mixer, the internal circulation pump runs at a constant speed. Speed setting (%): Parameter 1100.2 in the Boiler group **°** ©

## Adjusting the pump rate of the integral... (cont.)

## Residual head of integral circulation pump

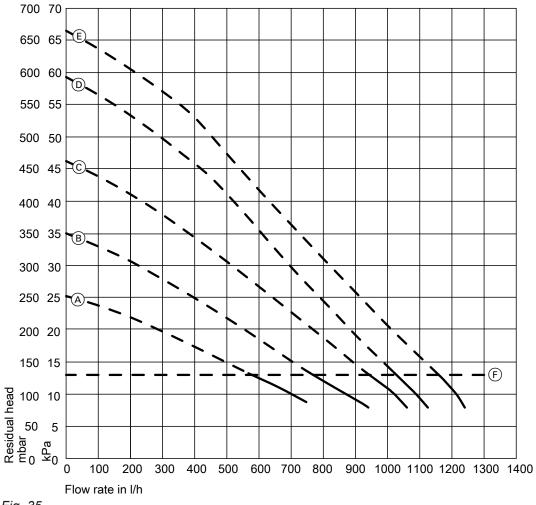


Fig. 35

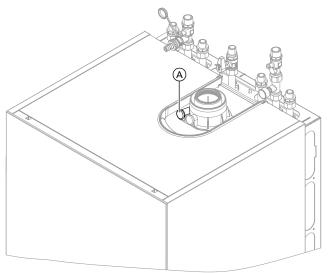
(F) Upper operational limit (integral bypass opens)

| Curve | Pump rate of circulation pump |       |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------|
| A     |                               | 60 %  |
| B     |                               | 70 %  |
| C     |                               | 80 %  |
| D     |                               | 90 %  |
| E     |                               | 100 % |

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## Checking the balanced flue system for leaks (annular gap check)





(A) Combustion air aperture (ventilation air)

For balanced flue systems tested together with the heat generator, there is no requirement for a tightness test (overpressure test) during commissioning by the flue gas inspector.

In this case, we recommend that a simple tightness test is carried out during system commissioning. For this, check the  $CO_2$  or  $O_2$  concentration in the combustion air at the annular gap of the balanced flue pipe. If the  $CO_2$  concentration is less than 0.2 % or the  $O_2$  concentration is greater than 20.6 %, the flue pipe is deemed to be sufficiently gas-tight.

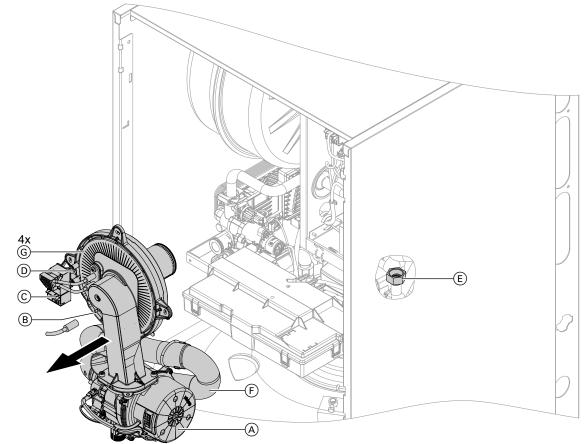
If actual  $CO_2$  values are greater or  $O_2$  values are lower, then pressure test the flue pipe with a static pressure of 200 Pa.

## Please note

If the test port is not sealed, combustion air is drawn in from the room. After the tightness test, re-seal the test port with the plug.



Removing the burner



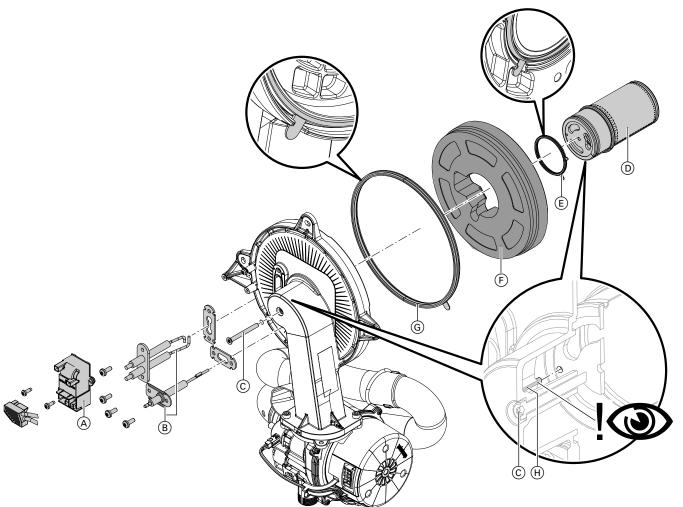
- Fig. 37
- 1. Turn off the ON/OFF switch.
- **2.** Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.
- 3. Release the clips and remove the cover panel.
- 4. Disconnect cables and leads from:
  - Fan motor A
  - Adaptor, CAN bus fan
  - Ionisation electrode (B)
  - Ignition unit ⓒ
  - Earth D

- **5.** Undo gas supply pipe fitting E.
- **6.** Detach Venturi extension (F) from fan unit.
- 7. Undo 4 screws (G) and remove the burner.

#### Note

Cover gas connection E so that no small parts can fall into it.

## Checking the burner gasket and burner gauze assembly



## Fig. 38

Check burner gauze assembly D, electrodes B, thermal insulation ring F and gasket G for damage. Only remove and replace components if they are damaged or worn.

#### Note

*If replacing the burner gauze assembly, also replace the gauze assembly gasket and the fixing screw.* 

- 1. Disconnect plug with ignition electrode leads from ignition unit (A).
- 2. Remove electrodes (B).
- **3.** Undo Torx screw ©. Hold onto burner gauze assembly D when undoing the screw.
- Remove burner gauze assembly (D) with gasket (E) and thermal insulation ring (F). Check components for damage.
- 5. Install new burner gasket (G). Observe correct installation position. Align the tab as per the diagram.

- 6. Insert thermal insulation ring (F) and burner gauze assembly (D) with gasket (E). Observe correct installation position. Align the tab as per the diagram.
- 7. Align the hole in burner gauze assembly  $\bigcirc$  with burner door pin H.

## Please note

Incorrect positioning of the burner gauze assembly on the burner door will cause damage to the burner door. Insert the burner door pin into the hole in the burner gauze assembly.

Secure burner gauze assembly D and gasket E with Torx screw C.

Tighten screws as tightly as necessary and ensure that the components are undamaged and are functioning correctly throughout service life. Observe torque settings if a torque wrench is available.

Torque: 3.0 Nm.

8. Check thermal insulation ring (F) for firm seating.

#### Checking the burner gasket and burner gauze... (cont.)

**9.** Fit electrodes (B). Check clearances, see following chapter.

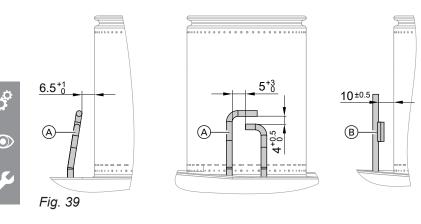
Tighten screws as tightly as necessary and ensure that the components are undamaged and are functioning correctly throughout service life.

Observe torque settings if a torque wrench is available.

Torque: 4.5 Nm.

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## 🖉 🖉 🔑 Checking and adjusting the ignition and ionisation electrodes



- (A) Ignition electrodes
- B Ionisation electrode
- 1. Check the electrodes for wear and contamination.
- 2. Clean the electrodes with a small brush (not a wire brush) or sandpaper.
- **3.** Check the electrode gaps. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrodes are damaged, replace the electrodes and gaskets and adjust them as required.

Tighten screws as tightly as necessary and ensure that the components are undamaged and are functioning correctly throughout service life. Observe torque settings if a torque wrench is avail-

able. Tighten the electrode fixing screws to a torque of 4.5 Nm.

## Checking the back draught safety devices

Only for multiple connections to a flue system or multi boiler systems with a flue gas cascade.

## Checking the back draught safety devices (cont.)

## Back draught safety device in the mixing shaft of the burner

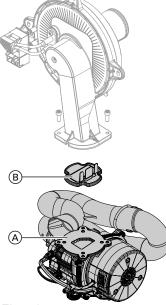


Fig. 40

- 1. Undo 2 screws and remove fan (A).
- 2. Remove back draught safety device (B).
- **3.** Check the damper and gasket for dirt and damage. Replace if necessary.
- 4. Refit back draught safety device (B).

#### Note

Observe correct installation position.

 Refit fan (A) and secure with 2 screws. Tighten screws as tightly as necessary and ensure that the components are undamaged and are functioning correctly throughout service life. Observe torque settings if a torque wrench is available.

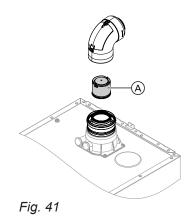
Torque: 4.0 Nm

## Cleaning the heating surfaces

#### Please note

Scratches to the surfaces of the heat exchanger that come into contact with hot gas can result in corrosion damage. Brushing can cause deposits to become lodged in the gaps between the coils. **Never use brushes to clean the heating surfaces.** 

# Back draught safety device in the flue gas connection



**1.** Remove the balanced flue system.

#### Note

If the balanced flue system cannot be removed, clean and check the back draught safety device via the inspection cover.

- **2.** Check back draught safety device (A) for dirt, ease of movement and function.
- 3. Refit the balanced flue system.
- 4. Pour a small amount of water through the inspection port to ensure the back draught safety device is working.

#### Please note

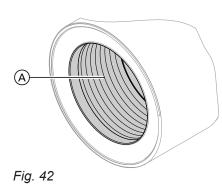
Prevent damage due to cleaning water. Cover electronic components with suitable watertight material.

### Note

Discolouration on the heat exchanger surface is a normal sign of use. It has no bearing on the function and service life of the heat exchanger. The use of chemical cleaning agents is not required.

## Commissioning, inspection, maintenance

## Cleaning the heating surfaces (cont.)



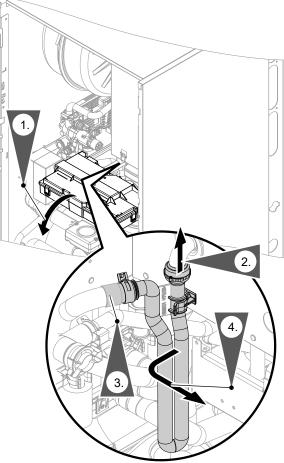
- 2. Flush heating surface (A) with water.
- **3.** Check condensate drain. Clean the trap: See the following chapter.
- **4.** Check the thermal insulation mat (if installed) in the heat exchanger for damage, replace if necessary.

## Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the trap

#### Please note

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Prevent damage due to condensate. Cover electronic components with suitable watertight material.



#### Fig. 43

- 1. Pivot the HMU heat management unit forwards.
- 2. Undo the hose retainer. Remove the supply hose.

#### Please note

- Do not undo using a sharp object. This can damage the condensate hose. The hose retainer is detachable.
- 3. Undo hose clip and pull off drain hose.
- Release trap from retaining clip. Hold trap as straight as possible and remove. Ensure that no condensate runs out.

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5. Clean the trap.



### Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the... (cont.)

- 6. Refit the trap.
- 7. Refit the hoses. Secure the drain hose with the hose clip and attach the supply hose with the retainer.
- **8.** Check that connections on the trap and the heat exchanger are seated correctly.

#### Note

Route the drain hose without any bends and with a constant fall.

**9.** Flush the heating surface again with min. 0.3 I of water. This will also fill the trap with water.

#### Please note

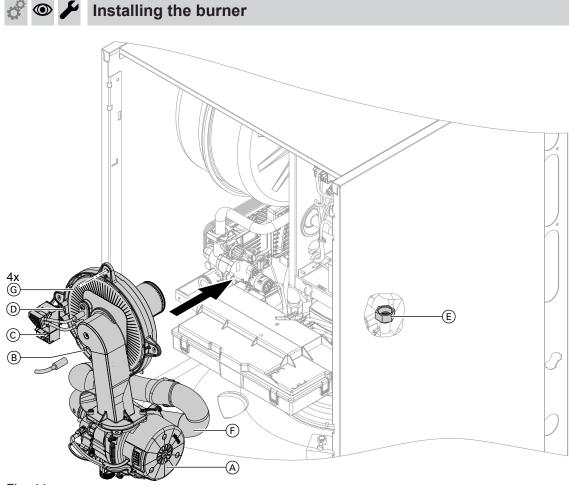
If the trap is not filled with water, flue gas can escape. Only start the appliance when the trap has been filled.



## Danger

Risk of electric shock from escaping condensate and risk of poisoning from escaping flue gas.

Check the connections for leaks and check that the trap is seated correctly.





1. If necessary, move the programming unit.

**O**O

## Commissioning, inspection, maintenance



Installing the burner (cont.)

2. Insert the burner and tighten screws G diagonally. Tighten the screws as much as necessary to ensure that the components are not damaged and function correctly throughout their service life. Observe torque settings if a torque wrench is available.

Torque: 6.5 Nm

#### Note

Before installation, check burner gasket for damage.

- **3.** Attach Venturi extension (F) to fan unit.
- **4.** Fit gas supply pipe  $\bigcirc$  with a new gasket. Tighten the screws as much as necessary to ensure that the components are not damaged and function correctly throughout their service life. Observe torque settings if a torque wrench is available. Torque: 30 Nm

5. Check the gas connections for leaks.

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Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.

- Check the fitting for gas tightness.
- 6. Connect the cables/leads: ■ Fan motor (A)
  - Connect CAN bus fan to adaptor.
  - Ionisation electrode (B)
  - Ignition unit (C)
  - Earth D
- 7. Fit cover panel.

Checking the neutralising system (if installed)



Check that the earth cable is connected to the protective magnesium anode.

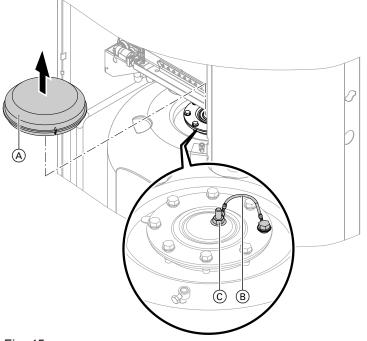
## Note

We recommend checking the function of the protective magnesium anode annually. This function test can be carried out without interrupting operation, by measuring the earth current with an anode tester.





Checking the anode connection and anode earth... (cont.)



## Fig. 45

- 1. Remove cover (A) (two-part design up to 26 kW).
- **2.** Remove earth cable B from tab C.
- Connect tester (up to 5 mA) in series between tab
   C and earth cable B.
  - If the current measures > 0.3 mA the protective magnesium anode is OK.
  - If the current measures < 0.3 mA or if there is no current at all, inspect the protective magnesium anode visually (see page 57).



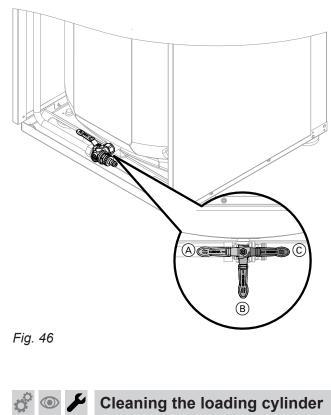
## Draining the boiler on the DHW side

1. Shut off the DHW supply upstream of the appliance.

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## Draining the boiler on the DHW side (cont.)



#### Note

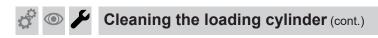
According to EN 806, a visual inspection and (if necessary) cleaning must be carried out no later than 2 years after commissioning, and as required thereafter. **2.** Connect the hose to the drain valve and route it into a suitable container or drain outlet.

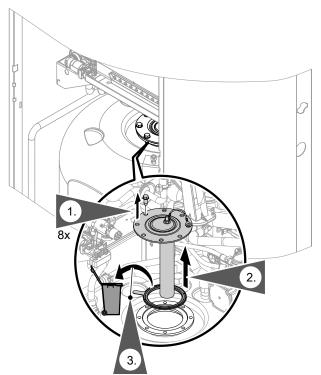
#### Note

Ensure adequate ventilation in the DHW pipework.

- **3.** Turn the drain valve from lever position (A) (operational) to lever position (B) or (C) as required.
  - Lever position (B): The DHW circuit in the appliance excluding the DHW cylinder is drained via the cold water connection.
  - Lever position ©: The DHW circuit in the appliance **and** the DHW cylinder are drained via the hot water connection.

The cold water connection remains filled.





## Fig. 47

- 1. Drain the loading cylinder.
- **2.** Remove flange cover  $\triangle$ .
- **3.** Disconnect the loading cylinder from the pipework to prevent contamination from entering the pipework.
- **4.** Remove loose deposits with a pressure cleaner. Use a chemical cleaning agent to remove hard deposits that cannot be removed with a pressure cleaner.

#### Please note

- Do not damage the cylinder:
- Only use plastic cleaning equipment to clean the inside.
- Never use cleaning agents containing hydrochloric acid.

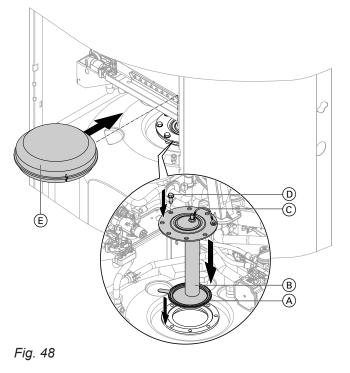


## Checking and replacing the protective magnesium anode (if necessary)

Visual inspection of protective magnesium anode. If the anode has degraded to between 10 and 15 mm  $\emptyset$ , we recommend replacing the magnesium protective anode.

5. Thoroughly flush the loading cylinder after cleaning.

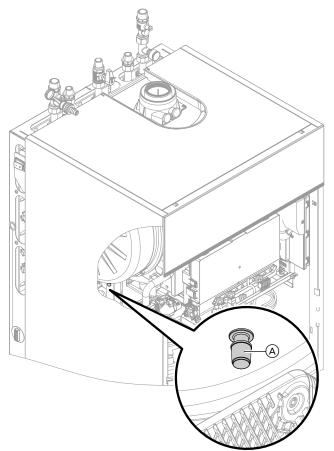
## Re-assembling and filling the loading cylinder



Ó

- **1.** Reconnect the loading cylinder to the pipework.
- **2.** Insert new gasket (A) underneath flange cover (B).
- **3.** Fit flange cover (B) and tighten 8 screws (D) with a maximum torque of 25 Nm.
- **4.** Push earth cable  $\bigcirc$  onto the tab.
- **5.** Fit cover E (two-part design up to 26 kW).
- 6. Fill the loading cylinder with potable water.

## Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure



#### Fig. 49

(A) Diaphragm expansion vessel valve

## Note

The expansion vessel can lose some of its charge pressure over time. If the boiler heats up, the pressure rises to 2 or 3 bar (0.2 or 0.3 MPa). The safety valve may also respond and discharge the excess pressure. Therefore check the expansion vessel pre-charge pressure annually.

Check whether the installed expansion vessel is adequate for the system water volume. Carry out this test on a cold system.

- 1. Drain the system until "0" is shown on the pressure indicator.
- 2. If the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel is lower than the static system pressure: Top up with nitrogen at the valve of the diaphragm expansion vessel until the pre-charge pressure is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the static system pressure.

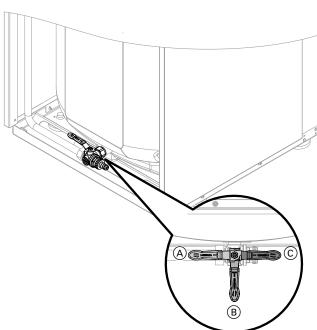
**3.** Top up with water until the charge pressure of the cooled system is at least 1.0 bar (0.1 MPa), and is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the precharge pressure of the expansion vessel. Permiss. operating pressure: 3 bar (0.3 MPa)

## Note

The expansion vessel is supplied from the factory with a pre-charge pressure of 0.7 bar (70 kPa). Do not allow the pre-charge pressure to fall below this value (boiling noises). This also applies to single floor heating systems or attic heating centres (no static pressure).

Top up with water until the charge pressure is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) above the pre-charge pressure.

## Checking the pre-charge pressure and the DHW expansion vessel (if installed)



- Check the static pressure of the DHW line downstream of the pressure reducer and adjust if required. Set value: Max. 3.0 bar (0.3 MPa)
- Close the on-site shut-off valve in the cold water line. Relieve the water pressure.
- **3.** Turn lever on valve to position **B**.
- **4.** Check the pre-charge pressure of the DHW expansion vessel and adjust if required. Set value: Static pressure minus 0.2 bar (20 kPa).
- 5. Turn lever on valve back to position (A). Open the on-site shut-off valve in the cold water line.

🕨 🛛 Fig. 50

👁 🗲 Checking the safety valve function

## 💿 🗲 Checking the electrical connections for firm seating

## 🕈 👁 🗲 Checking gas equipment for leaks at operating pressure

## $\wedge$

Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check gas equipment (including inside the appliance) for gas tightness.

## Note

Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the leak test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage. Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.

To prevent operating faults and damage, operate the

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appliance with uncontaminated combustion air.

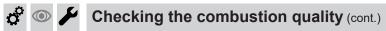
## ¢° 💿

## Checking the combustion quality

The electronic combustion controller automatically ensures optimum combustion quality. During commissioning/maintenance, only the combustion values need to be checked. For this, measure the CO content and the  $CO_2$  or  $O_2$  content.

## Permissible CO content

The CO content must be < 1000 ppm for all gas types.



## Permissible CO<sub>2</sub> or O<sub>2</sub> content

| Rated heating out- | CO <sub>2</sub> content (%) |                           | O <sub>2</sub> content (%) |                           |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| put (kW)           | Upper heating out-<br>put   | Lower heating out-<br>put | Upper heating out-<br>put  | Lower heating out-<br>put |
| 11                 | 7.3 to 10.5                 | 7.5 to 10.5               | 2.1 to 7.9                 | 2.1 to 7.6                |
| 19                 | 7.3 to 10.5                 | 7.5 to 10.5               | 2.1 to 7.9                 | 2.1 to 7.6                |
| 25                 | 7.3 to 10.5                 | 7.5 to 10.5               | 2.1 to 7.9                 | 2.1 to 7.6                |
| 32                 | 7.3 to 10.5                 | 7.5 to 10.5               | 2.1 to 7.9                 | 2.1 to 7.6                |

#### Operation with natural gas

#### **Operation with LPG**

- CO<sub>2</sub> content: 8.4 to 11.8 %
- O<sub>2</sub> content: 3.1 to 8.1 %

If the actual  $CO_2$  or  $O_2$  values lie outside their respective ranges, proceed as follows:

- Check the balanced flue system for leaks; see page 47.
- Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable.

#### Note

During commissioning, the combustion controller carries out an automatic calibration. Only measure the emissions approx. 50 s after the burner has started.

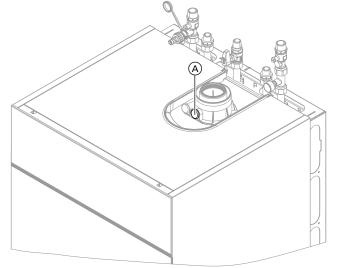


Fig. 51

- **1.** Connect a flue gas analyser at flue gas port (A) on the boiler flue connection.
- **2.** Open the gas shut-off valve. Start the boiler. Create a heat demand.
- **3.** Adjust the lower heating output. See the following chapter.
- **4.** Check the CO<sub>2</sub> content. If the actual value deviates from the permissible ranges, implement steps listed above.
- 5. Enter the actual value into the report.

#### Setting the upper/lower heating output

## Note

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Ensure adequate heat transfer.

## Tap the following buttons:

- 2. Use // to select "Actuator test".

- **6.** Adjust the upper heating output. See the following chapter.
- Check the CO<sub>2</sub> content. If the actual value deviates from the permissible ranges by more than 1 %, implement steps listed above.
- 8. Enter the actual value into the report.
- 9. Re-seal test port (A).



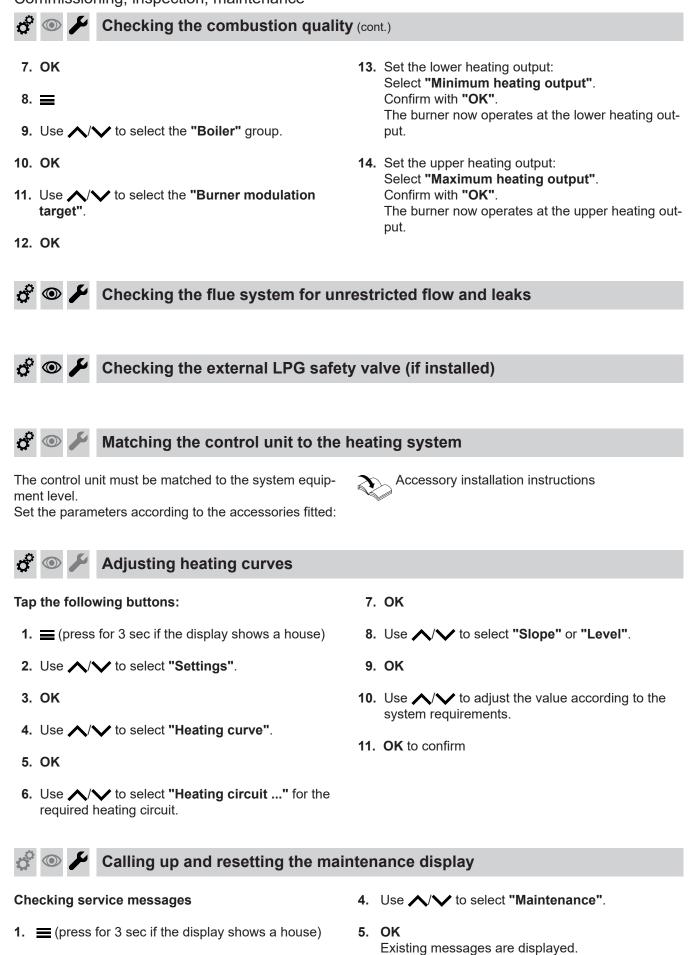
## Danger

Escaping flue gas can damage your health. Check test port (A) for leaks.

- 3. OK
- 4. Use  $\wedge/\vee$  to select the "Heating" group.
- 5. OK
- Use ∧/∨ to set the max. value. Primary circuit pump running at 100 %

Ö

 $\bigcirc$ 



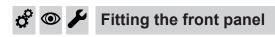
- 2. Use  $\bigwedge/\bigvee$  to select "Active messages".
- 3. OK

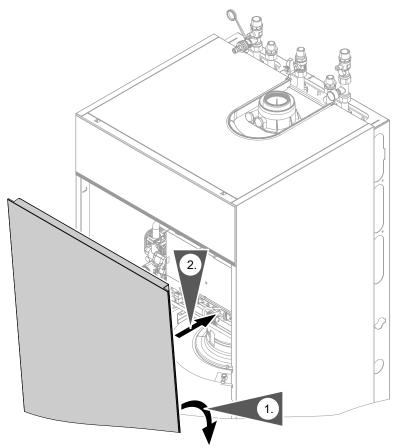
## Calling up and resetting the maintenance display (cont.)

3. OK

#### Service reset (after service has been carried out)

- 2. Use // to select "Service messages reset".





#### Fig. 52



#### Instructing the system user

The system installer should hand the operating instructions to the system user and instruct the user in operating the system.

## **DHW hygiene**

For optimum DHW hygiene, avoid DHW temperatures that are < 50 °C. For larger systems and systems with low water exchange, the temperature should not drop below < 60 °C.

#### **Hygiene function**

The DHW can be heated to a specified (higher) set DHW temperature for a period of one hour.

To activate the function, see the operating instructions. Inform the system user what DHW temperatures should be set and the risks associated with having a raised outlet temperature at the draw-off points.

## **Calling up parameters**

- Parameters are split into the following groups:
   "General"
  - "Boiler"
  - "DHW" (domestic hot water)
  - "Heating circuit 1/2/3/4"
  - "Solar"
- Heating systems with one heating circuit without mixer and one or 2 heating circuits with mixer: Below, the heating circuit without mixer is designated "Heating circuit 1" and the heating circuits with mixer as "Heating circuit 2", "Heating circuit 3" or "Heating circuit 4".

If the heating circuits have been renamed, the chosen designation appears.

## Note

The display and setting of some parameters is dependent on:

- Heat generator
- Connected accessories and the functions associated with them

## Tap the following buttons:

- 2. Use // to select "System configuration".
- 3. OK
- **4.** Use  $\bigwedge/\bigvee$  to select the required group.
- 5. OK
- 6. Use ∧/∨ to select the parameter for adjustment. See tables below.
- 7. OK
- **8.**  $\wedge/{\checkmark}$  for the required value.
- 9. OK

## General

#### Note

Parameter values in **bold** are factory settings.

#### 508.0 "UTC time zone"

| Setting |            | Explanations   |
|---------|------------|--|
|         |            | Setting of the UTC time zone in which the appliance is located.            |
|         | 2          | The factory setting is UTC +1 h  |
|         | -24 to +24 | Time difference adjustable from –12 h to +12 h in in-<br>crements of 0.5 h |

#### 528.0 "Set flow temperature for external demand"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | Set flow temperature for external demand                            |
|         | 70       | Set flow temperature in the delivered condition 70 °C               |
|         | 20 to 82 | Set flow temperature adjustable from 20 to 82 °C in 1 °C increments |

#### 896.0 "Display correction for outside temperature"

| Setting |            | Explanations                               |
|---------|------------|--|
|         |            | Correction of measured outside temperature |
|         | 0          | No correction                              |
|         | –10 to +10 | Correction adjustable from –10 to +10 K    |

## General (cont.)

## 897.0 "Screed drying"

| Setting    |   | Explanations   |
|------------|---|--|
| Not active | 0 | Screed drying can be set in accordance with selecta-<br>ble temperature/time profiles. For individual profile<br>curves, see chapter "Function description". |
| Chart A    | 2 |  |
| Chart B    | 3 |  |
| Chart C    | 4 |  |
| Chart D    | 5 |  |
| Chart E    | 6 |  |
| Chart F    | 7 |  |

## 912.0 "Automatic summer/wintertime changeover"

| Setting |   | Explanations                  |
|---------|---|-------------------------------|
| No      | 0 | Automatic changeover disabled |
| Yes     | 1 | Automatic changeover enabled  |

## 912.1 "Earliest day of changeover from winter to summertime"

| Setting |         | Explanations   |
|---------|---------|--|
|         | 25      | Changeover from 02:00 h to 03:00 h occurs on the Sunday after or on this set date. |
|         | 1 to 31 | Day of changeover adjustable from 1st to 31st of the month                         |

#### 912.2 "Month of changeover from winter to summertime"

| Setting |         | Explanations   |
|---------|---------|--|
|         | 3       | Month of changeover: March                                   |
|         | 1 to 12 | Month of changeover adjustable from January to De-<br>cember |

#### 912.3 "Earliest day of changeover from summer to wintertime"

| Setting |                      | Explanations   |
|---------|----------------------|--|
|         | <b>25</b><br>1 to 31 | Changeover from 03:00 h to 02:00 h occurs on the<br>Sunday after or on this set date.<br>Day of changeover adjustable from 1st to 31st of the<br>month |

#### 912.4 "Month of changeover from summer to wintertime"

| Setting |         | Explanations   |
|---------|---------|--|
|         | 10      | Month of changeover: October                                 |
|         | 1 to 12 | Month of changeover adjustable from January to De-<br>cember |

## 1098.4 "Gas volume correction factor"

| Setting |                     | Explanations   |
|---------|---------------------|--|
|         |                     | Value is provided on the gas supplier's bill.<br>Used for gas consumption data.        |
|         | 1.0000              |  |
|         | 0.7000 to<br>1.0000 | Gas volume correction factor adjustable from 0.7000 to 1.0000 in increments of 0.0001. |

## General (cont.)

## 1098.5 "Calorific value"

| Setting |                      | Explanations   |
|---------|----------------------|--|
|         |                      | Value is provided on the gas supplier's bill.<br>Used for gas consumption data.              |
|         | 10.0000              |  |
|         | 5.0000 to<br>40.0000 | Calorific value adjustable from 5.0000 to 40.0000 kWh/m <sup>3</sup> in increments of 0.0001 |

### 1139.0 "Outside temperature limit for cancelling reduced set room temperature"

| Setting |            | Explanations   |
|---------|------------|--|
|         |            | Temperature limit for cancelling reduced set room temperature          |
| -       | -5         | Temperature limit in the delivered condition –5 °C                     |
| -       | -61 to +10 | Temperature limit adjustable from $-61$ to $+10$ °C in 1 °C increments |

## 1139.1 "Outside temperature limit for raising the reduced set room temperature to the standard set room temperature"

| Setting |            | Explanations   |
|---------|------------|--|
|         |            | Temperature limit for raising the reduced set room temperature (see function description)          |
|         | -14        | Temperature limit in the delivered condition –14 °C  |
|         | –60 to +10 | Temperature limit adjustable from –60 to +10 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ in 1 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ increments |

## 1504.0 "Source for date and time"

| Setting |   | Explanations   |
|---------|---|--|
|         |   | Selection of source for date and time<br>The setting depends on the heat generator and acces-<br>sories. |
| Local   | 0 | Factory setting: The date and time are adopted from the control unit.                                    |
|         | 1 | Internet protocol (see parameter "508.0")  |

## Boiler

## Note

Parameter values in **bold** are factory settings.

## 521.0 "Time interval in burner hours until the next service"

| Setting |            | Explanations   |
|---------|------------|--|
|         |            | Number of burner hours to run until next service           |
|         | 0          |  |
|         | 0 to 25500 | Burner hours until next service adjustable from 0 to 25500 |
|         |            |  |

## Boiler (cont.)

| 522.3 | "Interval | until t | he next | service" |
|-------|-----------|---------|---------|----------|
| 322.3 | mitervar  | ununu   | HE HEAL | SCIVICE  |

| Setting |   | Explanations                    |
|---------|---|---------------------------------|
|         |   | Interval until the next service |
|         | 0 | No interval selected            |
|         | 1 | 3 months                        |
|         | 2 | 6 months                        |
|         | 3 | 12 months                       |
|         | 4 | 18 months                       |
|         | 5 | 24 months                       |

### 596.0 "Maximum heating output"

| Setting |          | Explanations   |
|---------|----------|--|
|         |          | A limit can be set on the maximum heating output for heating mode. |
|         | 100      | Heating output in the delivered condition 100 %                    |
|         | 0 to 100 | Adjustable from 0 to 100 %   |

## 597.0 "Limit, max. heating output for DHW heating"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | A limit can be set on the maximum heating output for DHW heating. |
|         | 100      | Heating output in the delivered condition 100 %                   |
|         | 0 to 100 | Adjustable from 0 to 100 %  |

## 1100.2 "Set speed of the primary circuit pump in heating mode"

| Setting | Explanations   |
|---------|--|
|         | <br><ul> <li>Target speed of internal circulation pump</li> <li>In heating operation</li> <li>With external demand</li> <li>With demand in conjunction with a low loss header</li> <li>Factory settings defined by settings specific to the appliance</li> <li>The setting range depends on the appliance</li> </ul> |

## 1240.0 "Operating mode of primary circuit pump"

| Setting |               | Explanations  |
|---------|---------------|---|
|         | <b>1</b><br>7 | "Automatic"<br>Switched on regardless of current temperature level<br>Shutdown in reduced mode (in conjunction with con-<br>tinuous operation or when no demand via room ther-<br>mostat) |

## 1411.0 "Clear maintenance messages"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         |   | Clear maintenance messages once maintenance has been performed. |
| No      | 0 | Maintenance messages are active (if present).                   |
| Yes     | 1 | Clear maintenance messages once.                                |

## Boiler (cont.)

| 1432.1 | "Residual | head | control | of  | primarv | circuit | pump"   |
|--------|-----------|------|---------|-----|---------|---------|---------|
|        |           |      |         | ••• | p       | 0       | P 4111P |

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | Residual head limit value for reducing pump speed of the internal circulation pump, in mbar                                 |
| 0       | )        | Internal circulation pump is controlled in line with the outside temperature  |
| 1       | l to 255 | Internal circulation pump is operated with constant re-<br>sidual head.<br>Recommended setting: 120 mbar<br>1 step ≙ 1 mbar |

## 1432.2 "Operating mode of primary circuit pump"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         | 0       | Internal circulation pump is operated with constant dif-<br>ferential pressure.                               |
|         | 1 to 20 | Internal circulation pump is operated with rising differ-<br>ential pressure.<br>Adjustable from 1 to 20 mbar |

## 1503.0 "Minimum heating output"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | A limit can be set on the minimum heating output for heating mode.  |
|         |          | Delivered condition specified by settings specific to the appliance |
|         | 5 to 100 | Adjustable from 5 to 100 %  |

## 1606.0 "Minimum burner pause time"

| Setting |   | Explanations   |
|---------|---|--|
|         |   | The minimum burner pause time can be set subject to boiler load. |
|         | 0 | Fixed setting for minimum burner pause time                      |
|         | 1 | Delivered condition, integral method (see parameter 1606.4)      |

## 1606.4 "Integral threshold for burner switch-off"

| Setting |          | Explanations   |
|---------|----------|--|
|         |          | Only effective if parameter 1606.0 has been set to 1.  |
|         | 50       | Factory setting 50 K x min   |
|         | 5 to 255 | Adjustable from 5 to 255 K x min<br>The higher the value, the later the burner switches off. |

## DHW

## Note

Parameter values in **bold** are factory settings.

## 497.0 " Operating mode of DHW circulation pump"

| Setting |   | Explanations                         |
|---------|---|--------------------------------------|
|         |   | DHW circulation pump:                |
|         | 0 | Time program                         |
|         | 4 | Selected cycle (see parameter 497.3) |

## 497.1 "DHW circulation pump for hygiene function"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         |   | Activation criterion for the DHW circulation pump<br>when the function "Increased DHW hygiene" is active  |
| OFF     | 0 | According to time program   |
| ON      | 1 | Switched on if function "Increased DHW hygiene" is active   |
|         |   | <ul> <li>Danger<br/>High DHW temperatures may cause scalding.</li> <li>Where necessary implement on-site measures. E.g. install automatic thermostatic mixing valves in the DHW pipe.</li> <li>Inform the system operator.</li> <li>Admix cold water at the draw-off points.</li> </ul> |

| 497.2 "DHW circulation pump for DHW heating" |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Setting                                      |   | Explanations                                      |  |
|  |   | Activation criterion for DHW circulation pump     |  |
| OFF  | 0 | According to time program                         |  |
| ON   | 1 | ON during DHW heating to set cylinder temperature |  |

| 497.3 "Number of cycles DHW | circulation pump" |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
|-----------------------------|-------------------|

|         | <u> </u> |  |
|---------|----------|--|
| Setting |          | Explanations   |
|         |          | Within the time phase, the DHW circulation pump is switched on cyclically for 5 min at a time.<br>Number of switching cycles per hour: |
|         | 0        | 1 switching cycle  |
|         | 1        | 2 switching cycles   |
|         | 2        | 3 switching cycles   |
|         | 3        | 4 switching cycles   |
|         | 4        | 5 switching cycles   |
|         | 5        | 6 switching cycles   |

## DHW (cont.)

## 503.0 "Scald protection"

| Setting |   | Explanations   |
|---------|---|--|
| OFF     | 0 | The adjustable water temperature is limited to a maxi-<br>mum value.<br>Scald protection OFF   |
|         |   | Danger         Risk of injury due to increased DHW temperature.         Inform the system user of the risk from the higher outlet temperature at the taps.   |
| ON      | 1 | <ul> <li>Scald protection ON (maximum DHW temperature 60 °C)</li> <li><i>Note</i></li> <li>Even with the scald protection switched on, higher outlet temperatures may occur at the draw-off points in the following cases:</li> <li>With active hygiene function</li> <li>While the appliance is being calibrated</li> </ul> |

## 1087.0 "Max. duration, DHW heating"

| Setting |          | Explanations   |
|---------|----------|--|
|         |          | After a set period of time has elapsed, DHW heating<br>ends even though the set DHW temperature has not<br>yet been reached.<br>Not adjustable on gas condensing combi boilers |
| 2       | 240      | Factory setting 240 min  |
| 0       | )        | No time limit for DHW heating  |
| 1       | l to 240 | Duration of DHW heating adjustable from 1 to 240 min in 1 min increments   |

| 1087.1 "Min. delay until next DHW heating" | 1087.1 | "Min. | delay | until | next | DHW | heating" |
|--|--------|-------|-------|-------|------|-----|----------|
|--|--------|-------|-------|-------|------|-----|----------|

| Setting |           | Explanations   |
|---------|-----------|--|
|         |           | Minimum delay before DHW heating starts again, even though there is a demand.                                  |
|         |           | <b>Note</b><br>Function becomes effective when the set "Max. dura-<br>tion, DHW heating" (1087.0) is exceeded. |
|         |           | Cannot be adjusted on gas condensing combi boilers   |
|         | 60        | Delivered condition, delay of 60 min   |
|         | 60 to 240 | Delay adjustable from 60 to 240 min in 1 min incre-<br>ments   |

## 1101.2 "Set speed of the primary circuit pump for DHW heating"

| Setting | Explanations   |
|---------|--|
|         | Target speed of the internal circulation pump when op-<br>erated as a DHW pump |
|         | <br>Factory settings defined by settings specific to the appliance             |
|         | The setting range depends on the appliance.                                    |

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## Heating circuit 1, Heating circuit 2, Heating circuit 3, Heating circuit 4

## Note

Parameter values in **bold** are factory settings.

## 424.3 "Set flow temperature increased when switching from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard/comfort room temperature, heating circuit 1"

| Setting |         | Explanations   |
|---------|---------|--|
|         |         | Set flow temperature increased when changing from<br>operation at reduced room temperature to operation at<br>standard room temperature or comfort room tempera-<br>ture.<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
| 0 К     | 0       | Delivered condition increase 0 K   |
|         | 0 to 20 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 20 K   |
|         |         |  |

#### 424.4 "Duration for set flow temperature increase, heating circuit 1"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | Duration for set flow temperature increase<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
| 60 min  | 60       | Delivered condition 60 min  |
|         | 0 to 120 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 120 min   |

## 426.3 "Set flow temperature increased when switching from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard/comfort room temperature, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |         | Explanations   |
|---------|---------|--|
|         |         | Set flow temperature increased when changing from<br>operation at reduced room temperature to operation at<br>standard room temperature or comfort room tempera-<br>ture.<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
|         |         |  |
| 0 K     | 0       | Delivered condition increase 0 K   |
|         | 0 to 20 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 20 K   |

#### 426.4 "Duration for set flow temperature increase, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | Duration for set flow temperature increase<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
| 60 min  | 60       | Delivered condition 60 min  |
|         | 0 to 120 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 120 min   |

## 428.3 "Set flow temperature increased when switching from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard/comfort room temperature, heating circuit 3"

| Setting |         | Explanations   |
|---------|---------|--|
|         |         | Set flow temperature increased when changing from<br>operation at reduced room temperature to operation at<br>standard room temperature or comfort room tempera-<br>ture.<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
| 0 K     | 0       | Delivered condition increase 0 K   |
|         | 0 to 20 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 20 K   |

## Heating circuit 1, Heating circuit 2, Heating... (cont.)

## 428.4 "Duration for set flow temperature increase, heating circuit 3"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | Duration for set flow temperature increase<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
| 60 min  | 60       | Delivered condition 60 min  |
|         | 0 to 120 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 120 min   |

# 430.3 "Set flow temperature increased when switching from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard/comfort room temperature, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |         | Explanations   |
|---------|---------|--|
|         |         | Set flow temperature increased when changing from<br>operation at reduced room temperature to operation at<br>standard room temperature or comfort room tempera-<br>ture.<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
| 0 К     | 0       | Delivered condition increase 0 K   |
|         | 0 to 20 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 20 K   |

## 430.4 "Duration for set flow temperature increase, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | Duration for set flow temperature increase<br>See also chapter "Function description" |
| 60 min  | 60       | Delivered condition 60 min  |
|         | 0 to 120 | Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 120 min   |

## 933.3 "Priority, DHW heating, heating circuit 1"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         |   | Priority of DHW heating over the heating circuit  |
| Off     | 0 | No priority for DHW heating (only if the DHW cylinder is installed downstream of the low loss header) |
| DHW     | 1 | With DHW heating priority   |

## 933.6 "Operating mode of heating circuit 1"

| Setting   |   | Explanations   |
|---|---|--|
|   |   | Only adjust for systems with one heating circuit.<br>Heating mode:                         |
| Weather-compensated without room tem-<br>perature hook-up | 4 | Weather-compensated <b>without</b> room temperature in-<br>fluence                         |
| Weather-compensated with room tempera-<br>ture hook-up    | 7 | Weather-compensated <b>with</b> room temperature influ-<br>ence (see also parameter 933.7) |

#### 933.7 "Room influence factor, heating circuit 1"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | The higher the value, the greater the influence of the<br>room temperature on the set flow temperature of the<br>heating circuit (heating curve). Operation with room<br>temperature hook-up must be set for the heating cir-<br>cuit (parameter 933.6). Only change the value for sys-<br>tems with one heating circuit.<br>For a sample calculation, see chapter "Heating curve"<br>in the "Function description" |
|         | 8       | Room influence factor   |
|         | 0 to 64 | Room influence adjustable from 0 to 64  |

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| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         |   | Priority of DHW heating over heating circuit pump and mixer   |
| OFF     | 0 | No priority for DHW heating (only if the DHW cylinder is installed downstream of the low loss header) |
| DHW     | 1 | With DHW heating priority   |

### 934.3 "Priority, DHW heating, heating circuit 2"

### 934.5 "Differential temperature, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | The flow temperature of the heat generator is higher<br>than the flow temperature of the heating circuit with<br>mixer by an adjustable differential temperature. See<br>also chapter "Function description". |
| 8 K     | 8       | Differential temperature in delivered condition 8 K   |
|         | 0 to 20 | Differential temperature adjustable from 0 to 20 K  |

### 934.6 "Operating mode of heating circuit 2"

| Setting   |   | Explanations  |
|---|---|---|
|   |   | Heating mode:   |
| Weather-compensated without room tem-<br>perature hook-up | 4 | Weather-compensated <b>without</b> room temperature in-<br>fluence                          |
| Weather-compensated with room tempera-<br>ture hook-up    | 7 | Weather-compensated <b>with</b> room temperature influ-<br>ence<br>See also parameter 934.7 |

## 934.7 "Room influence factor, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | The higher the value, the greater the influence of the<br>room temperature on the set flow temperature of the<br>heating circuit (heating curve). Operation with room<br>temperature hook-up must be set for the heating cir-<br>cuit (parameter 934.6). Change value for heating cir-<br>cuit with mixer only.<br>For a sample calculation, see chapter "Heating curve"<br>in the "Function description" |
|         | 8       | Room influence factor   |
|         | 0 to 64 | Room influence adjustable from 0 to 64  |

### 935.3 "Priority, DHW heating, heating circuit 3"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         |   | Priority of DHW heating over heating circuit pump and mixer   |
| OFF     | 0 | No priority for DHW heating (only if the DHW cylinder is installed downstream of the low loss header) |
| DHW     | 1 | With DHW heating priority   |

### 935.5 "Differential temperature, heating circuit 3"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | The flow temperature of the heat generator is higher<br>than the flow temperature of the heating circuit with<br>mixer by an adjustable differential temperature. See<br>also chapter "Function description". |
| 8 K     | 8       | Differential temperature in delivered condition 8 K   |
|         | 0 to 20 | Differential temperature adjustable from 0 to 20 K  |

### 935.6 "Operating mode of heating circuit 3"

| Setting   |   | Explanations  |
|---|---|---|
|   |   | Heating mode:   |
| Weather-compensated without room tem-<br>perature hook-up | 4 | Weather-compensated <b>without</b> room temperature in-<br>fluence                          |
| Weather-compensated with room tempera-<br>ture hook-up    | 7 | Weather-compensated <b>with</b> room temperature influ-<br>ence<br>See also parameter 935.7 |

### 935.7 "Room influence factor, heating circuit 3"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | The higher the value, the greater the influence of the<br>room temperature on the set flow temperature of the<br>heating circuit (heating curve). Operation with room<br>temperature hook-up must be set for the heating cir-<br>cuit (parameter 935.6). Change value for heating cir-<br>cuit with mixer only.<br>For a sample calculation, see chapter "Heating curve"<br>in the "Function description" |
|         | 8       | Room influence factor   |
|         | 0 to 64 | Room influence adjustable from 0 to 64  |

#### 936.3 "Priority, DHW heating, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         |   | Priority of DHW heating over heating circuit pump and mixer   |
| Off     | 0 | No priority for DHW heating (only if the DHW cylinder is installed downstream of the low loss header) |
| DHW     | 1 | With DHW heating priority   |

### 936.5 "Differential temperature, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | The flow temperature of the heat generator is higher<br>than the flow temperature of the heating circuit with<br>mixer by an adjustable differential temperature. See<br>also chapter "Function description". |
| 8 K     | 8       | Differential temperature in delivered condition 8 K   |
|         | 0 to 20 | Differential temperature adjustable from 0 to 20 K  |

### 936.6 "Operating mode heating circuit 4"

| Setting   |   | Explanations   |
|---|---|--|
|   |   | See also parameter 936.7<br>Heating mode:                          |
| Weather-compensated without room tem-<br>perature hook-up | 4 | Weather-compensated <b>without</b> room temperature in-<br>fluence |
| Weather-compensated with room tempera-<br>ture hook-up    | 7 | Weather-compensated <b>with</b> room temperature influ-<br>ence    |

### 936.7 "Room influence factor, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | The higher the value, the greater the influence of the<br>room temperature on the set flow temperature of the<br>heating circuit (heating curve). Operation with room<br>temperature hook-up must be set for the heating cir-<br>cuit (parameter 936.6). Change value for heating cir-<br>cuit with mixer only.<br>For a sample calculation, see chapter "Heating curve"<br>in the "Function description" |
|         | 8       | Room influence factor   |
|         | 0 to 64 | Room influence adjustable from 0 to 64  |

| 1102.0 "Min. speed of speed-controlled primary/heating circuit pump in standard mode, heating circuit 1" |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| Setting  |  | Explanations                                      |
|  |  | Minimum speed of the internal circulation pump in |

|--|

### 1102.1 "Max. speed of speed-controlled primary/heating circuit pump in standard mode, heating circuit 1"

|  |   | Explanations   |
|--|---|--|
|  |   | Maximum speed of the internal circulation pump in heating mode with standard room temperature                          |
|  |   | Delivered condition specified by settings specific to<br>the heat generator<br>Setting range depends on the appliance. |
|  | 4 |  |

### 1192.0 "Minimum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 1"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | Minimum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit              |
| 20 °C   | 20      | Min flow temperature 20 °C  |
|         | 1 to 90 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant |

### 1192.1 "Maximum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 1"

| Setting |           | Explanations  |
|---------|-----------|---|
|         |           | Maximum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit              |
| 74 °C   | 74        | Max. flow temperature 74 °C   |
|         | 10 to 100 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant |

Setting

### 1193.0 "Minimum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |         | Explanations  |
|---------|---------|---|
|         |         | Minimum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit              |
| 20 °C   | 20      | Min flow temperature 20 °C  |
|         | 1 to 90 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant |

#### 1193.1 "Maximum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |           | Explanations  |
|---------|-----------|---|
| 74 °C   | 74        | Maximum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit<br>Max. flow temperature 74 °C |
| 74 C    | 10 to 100 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant                   |

| 1194.0 "Minimum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 3" |         |   |
|--|---------|---|
| Setting  |         | Explanations  |
|  |         | Minimum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit              |
| 20 °C  | 20      | Min flow temperature 20 °C  |
|  | 1 to 90 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant |

| 1194.1 "Maximum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 3" |           |   |
|--|-----------|---|
| Setting  |           | Explanations  |
|  |           | Maximum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit              |
| 74 °C  | 74        | Max. flow temperature 74 °C   |
|  | 10 to 100 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant |

| 1195.0 "Minimum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 4" |         |   |
|--|---------|---|
| Setting  |         | Explanations  |
|  |         | Minimum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit              |
| 20 °C  | 20      | Min flow temperature 20 °C  |
|  | 1 to 90 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant |

### 1195.1 "Maximum flow temperature limit, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |           | Explanations  |
|---------|-----------|---|
|         |           | Maximum flow temperature limit for the heating circuit              |
| 74 °C   | 74        | Max. flow temperature 74 °C   |
|         | 10 to 100 | Setting range limited by parameters, depending on appliance variant |

|          | Explanations   |
|----------|--|
|          | Heating circuit pump logic function (summer economy<br>control):<br>Heating circuit pump switches off when outside tem-<br>perature is 1 K above selected value.<br>Heating circuit pump switches back on when outside<br>temperature is 1 K below selected value. |
| 25       | Heating limit at outside temperature 25 °C   |
| 10 to 35 | Heating limit adjustable from 10 to 35 °C  |
|          |  |

### 1395.1 "Heating limit: Economy function, outside temperature, heating circuit 1"

#### 1396.1 "Heating limit: Economy function, outside temperature, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |          | Explanations   |
|---------|----------|--|
|         |          | Heating circuit pump logic function (summer economy<br>control):<br>Heating circuit pump switches off when outside tem-<br>perature is 1 K above selected value.<br>Heating circuit pump switches back on when outside<br>temperature is 1 K below selected value. |
| 25 °C   | 25       | Heating limit at outside temperature 25 °C   |
|         | 10 to 35 | Heating limit adjustable from 10 to 35 °C  |

#### 1397.1 "Heating limit: Economy function, outside temperature, heating circuit 3"

| Setting |          | Explanations  |
|---------|----------|---|
|         |          | Heating circuit pump logic function (summer economy control):<br>Heating circuit pump switches off when outside temperature is 1 K above selected value.<br>Heating circuit pump switches back on when outside temperature is 1 K below selected value. |
| 25 °C   | 25       | Heating limit at outside temperature 25 °C  |
|         | 10 to 35 | Heating limit adjustable from 10 to 35 °C   |

#### 1398.1 "Heating limit: Economy function, outside temperature, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |          | Explanations   |
|---------|----------|--|
|         |          | Heating circuit pump logic function (summer economy<br>control):<br>Heating circuit pump switches off when outside tem-<br>perature is 1 K above selected value.<br>Heating circuit pump switches back on when outside<br>temperature is 1 K below selected value. |
| 25 °C   | 25       | Heating limit at outside temperature 25 °C   |
|         | 10 to 35 | Heating limit adjustable from 10 to 35 °C  |

### Energy saving functions (setting only via software tool)

### 1791.0 "3-way valve target position"

| Setting  | Explanations  |
|--|---|
| <ol> <li>Heating</li> <li>Central position</li> <li>DHW</li> </ol> | The 3-way valve assumes the set position when there is no demand from heating operation or DHW heating. |

#### 2426.1 "Weather-compensated heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 1" (only for weather-compensated control units)

| Setting |                                 | Explanations  |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|
|         | Setting<br>range -9 to<br>+5 °C | If the outside temperature rises above the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the outside temperature falls below the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |

### 2426.3 "Room temperature-dependent heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 1" (only for weathercompensated control units with room temperature hook-up).

| Setting  |                                 | Explanations  |  |
|--|---------------------------------|---|--|
| circuit with mixer or if there is only one di- | Setting<br>range -2 to<br>+5 °C | If the actual room temperature rises above the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the actual room temperature falls below the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |  |

#### 2427.1 "Weather-compensated heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 2" (only for weather-compensated control units).

| Setting |                                 | Explanations  |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|
|         | Setting<br>range -9 to<br>+5 °C | If the outside temperature rises above the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the outside temperature falls below the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |

### 2427.3 "Room temperature-dependent heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 2" (only for weathercompensated control units with room temperature hook-up).

| Setting  |                                 | Explanations  |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Only activate this function for the heating<br>circuit with mixer or if there is only one di-<br>rect heating circuit in the system. | Setting<br>range -2 to<br>+5 °C | If the actual room temperature rises above the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the actual room temperature falls below the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |

### 2428.1 "Weather-compensated heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 3" (only for weather-compensated control units).

| Setting |                                 | Explanations  |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|
|         | Setting<br>range -9 to<br>+5 °C | If the outside temperature rises above the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the outside temperature falls below the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |

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#### 2428.3 "Room temperature-dependent heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 3" (only for weathercompensated control units with room temperature hook-up).

| Setting  |                                 | Explanations  |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Only activate this function for the heating<br>circuit with mixer or if there is only one di-<br>rect heating circuit in the system. | Setting<br>range -2 to<br>+5 °C | If the actual room temperature rises above the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the actual room temperature falls below the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |

#### 2429.1 "Weather-compensated heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 4" (only for weather-compensated control units).

| Setting |                                 | Explanations  |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|
|         | Setting<br>range -9 to<br>+5 °C | If the outside temperature rises above the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the outside temperature falls below the threshold<br>value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |

### 2429.3 "Room temperature-dependent heating circuit pump logic for heating circuit 4" (only for weathercompensated control units with room temperature hook-up).

| Setting  |                                 | Explanations  |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Only activate this function for the heating<br>circuit with mixer or if there is only one di-<br>rect heating circuit in the system. | Setting<br>range -2 to<br>+5 °C | If the actual room temperature rises above the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched off.<br>If the actual room temperature falls below the thresh-<br>old value (set room temperature plus offset in K), the<br>heating circuit pump is switched on. |

### Frost protection configuration (setting only via software tool)

#### 2855.1 "Additional (passive) frost protection configuration, heating circuit 1"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |  |
|---------|---|---|--|
|         | 1 | = 1 °C  |  |
|         |   | Setting range: -9 °C to +3 °C<br>If the outside temperature falls below the set outside<br>temperature limit, the corresponding heating circuit<br>pump switches on (applies only to weather-compen-<br>sated operation). |  |

### 2856.1 "Additional (passive) frost protection configuration, heating circuit 2"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |  |
|---------|---|---|--|
|         | 1 | = 1 °C  |  |
|         |   | Setting range: -9 °C to +3 °C<br>If the outside temperature falls below the set outside<br>temperature limit, the corresponding heating circuit<br>pump switches on (applies only to weather-compen-<br>sated operation). |  |

### 2857.1 "Additional (passive) frost protection configuration, heating circuit 3"

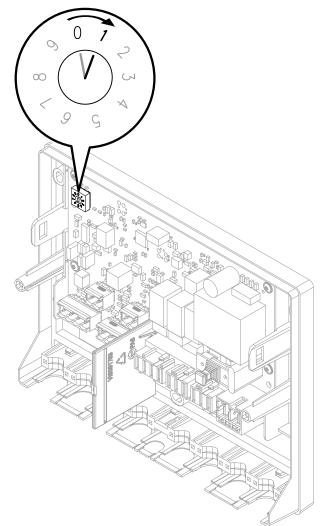
| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         | 1 | = 1 °C  |
|         |   | Setting range: -9 °C to +3 °C<br>If the outside temperature falls below the set outside<br>temperature limit, the corresponding heating circuit<br>pump switches on (applies only to weather-compen-<br>sated operation). |

### 2858.1 "Additional (passive) frost protection configuration, heating circuit 4"

| Setting |   | Explanations  |
|---------|---|---|
|         | 1 | = 1 °C  |
|         |   | Setting range: -9 °C to +3 °C<br>If the outside temperature falls below the set outside<br>temperature limit, the corresponding heating circuit<br>pump switches on (applies only to weather-compen-<br>sated operation). |

### Subscriber numbers of connected extensions

All extensions connected to the heat generator (except the SDIO/SM1A electronics module) must have a subscriber number. The subscriber number is set on rotary switch S1 at each extension.



## Subscriber numbers of connected extensions (cont.)

Rotary switch S1 settings:

- EM-S1 extension (system with solar collectors): 0
- EM-EA1 extension (max. 3 extensions in one system)
  - Consecutive no. (any sequence):  ${\bf 1}$  up to  ${\bf 3}$
- EM-P1 extension
  - If no heating circuits with mixer are available in the system: 1
  - If heating circuits with mixer (EM-M1 or EM-MX extensions) are present in the system: Always set subscriber number for EM-P1 extension to the consecutive number after EM-M1 or EM-MX extensions.
- EM-M1 or EM-MX extensions
  - Heating circuit 2 with mixer: Rotary switch on extension kit to 1
  - Heating circuit 3 with mixer: Rotary switch on extension kit to 2

### Note

*EM-EA1* extensions may have the same subscriber number as the *EM-P1*, *EM-M1* or *EM-MX* extensions. The following table shows an **example** of how a system may be equipped.

| Function   | Electronics mod-<br>ule | Extension   | Setting<br>Rotary switch S1 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| System with solar collectors   | ADIO                    | EM-S1       | 0                           |
| Heating circuit 2 with mixer   | ADIO                    | EM-M1/EM-MX | 1                           |
| Heating circuit 3 with mixer   | ADIO                    | EM-M1/EM-MX | 2                           |
| Heating circuit 4 with mixer   | ADIO                    | EM-M1/EM-MX | 3                           |
| Heating circuit 1 without mixer (circulation pump downstream of low loss header) | ADIO                    | EM-P1       | 4                           |
| Function extensions (e.g.):  | DIO                     | EM-EA1      | 1                           |
| <ul> <li>Fault message input</li> </ul>  | DIO                     | EM-EA1      | 2                           |
| <ul><li>Fault message output</li><li>Operating mode changeover</li></ul>         | DIO                     | EM-EA1      | 3                           |

#### Service menu

### Calling up the service menu

#### Tap the following buttons:

### Note

Tap "=" to return to the **"Service main menu"** 

- 2. Select the required menu section, e.g. "Connect with software tool".

Note

Not all menu areas will be available, depending on the system equipment level.

#### Service menu overview

| Service                    |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Active messages            |  |  |
| Reset service messages     |  |  |
| Connect with software tool |  |  |
| Diagnostics                |  |  |
| General                    |  |  |
| Burner                     |  |  |
| Heating circuit 1          |  |  |
| Heating circuit 2          |  |  |
| Heating circuit 3          |  |  |
| Heating circuit 4          |  |  |
| DHW                        |  |  |
| Solar                      |  |  |
| WiFi                       |  |  |
|                            |  |  |
| Actuator test              |  |  |
| System configuration       |  |  |
| Message history            |  |  |
| Basic settings             |  |  |
| Factory settings           |  |  |
| Commissioning assistant    |  |  |
| Recognised devices         |  |  |
| Exit trade fair mode       |  |  |

### Diagnosis

### Checking operating data

Operating data can be checked in various areas. See **"Diagnosis"** in the service menu overview. Operating data on heating circuits with mixer can only be called up if such components are installed in the system. Note

If a called up sensor is faulty, "---" appears on the display.

## Diagnosis (cont.)

Calling up operating data

### Tap the following buttons:

- 1. and **OK** press simultaneously for approx. 4 s, then release.
- 2. Use // to select "Diagnosis".

## **Checking outputs (actuator test)**

### Note

When the actuator test is started, all actuators are initially disabled and valves moved to their central position.

### Tap the following buttons:

- 1. and **OK** simultaneously for approx. 4 s, then release.
- 2. "Actuator test"
- 3. OK

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- 4. OK to confirm the message.
- **5.** Use  $\bigwedge/\bigvee$  to select the required group.

- 3. OK
- **4.** Use  $\bigwedge/\bigvee$  to select the required group.
- 5. OK
- 6. Select the required information with  $\bigwedge/\bigvee$ .
- 6. OK
- 7. Use  $\wedge/\vee$  to select the actuator. See the table below.
- 8. OK
- **9.**  $\wedge/\checkmark$  for the required value.
- 10. OK

Note The function is active for 30 min.

**11.** Use to end the Actuator test.

#### The following actuator functions can be controlled subject to the system and appliance equipment level: Display Explanation

|                                 |  | · ·  |  |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Boiler group                    |  |  |  |
| Fan speed                       | Set value  | Burner fan speed in rpm (rotations/minute)                             |  |
| Burner modulation, set<br>value | <ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Minimum<br/>heating out-<br/>put</li> </ul>                    | Modulation level (in accordance with specific heat generator settings) |  |
|                                 | <ul> <li>Maximum<br/>heating out-<br/>put</li> <li>Maximum<br/>DHW output</li> </ul> |  |  |
| 3-way valve target posi-        | Heating  | 3-way diverter valve set to heating mode                               |  |
| tion                            | Middle   | 3-way diverter valve in central position (filling/draining)            |  |
|                                 | DHW  | 3-way diverter valve set to DHW heating                                |  |
| Heating group                   |  |  |  |
| Primary circuit pump<br>speed   | Set value  | Internal circulation pump speed in %                                   |  |
| 3-way valve target posi-        | Heating  | 3-way diverter valve set to heating mode                               |  |
| tion                            | Middle   | 3-way diverter valve in central position (filling/draining)            |  |
|                                 | DHW  | 3-way diverter valve set to DHW heating                                |  |
| Heating circuit 1 pump<br>speed | Set value  | Speed, heating circuit pump, heating circuit 1 without mixer in %      |  |
| Heating circuit 2 pump speed    | Set value  | Speed, heating circuit pump, heating circuit 2 with mixer in %         |  |

# Checking outputs (actuator test) (cont.)

| Display                         |           | Explanation  |  |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Heating circuit 3 pump speed    | Set value | Speed, heating circuit pump, heating circuit 3 with mixer in % |  |
| Heating circuit 4 pump speed    | Set value | Speed, heating circuit pump, heating circuit 4 with mixer in % |  |
| Mixer, heating circuit 2        | Open      | Output for "Mixer open" enabled (mixer extension kit)          |  |
|                                 | Stop      | Current position is maintained                                 |  |
|                                 | Close     | Output for "Mixer close" enabled                               |  |
| Mixer, heating circuit 3        | Open      | Output for "Mixer open" enabled (mixer extension kit)          |  |
|                                 | Stop      | Current position is maintained                                 |  |
|                                 | Close     | Output for "Mixer close" enabled                               |  |
| Mixer, heating circuit 4        | Open      | Output for "Mixer open" enabled (mixer extension kit)          |  |
|                                 | Stop      | Current position is maintained                                 |  |
|                                 | Close     | Output for "Mixer close" enabled                               |  |
| DHW group (domestic h           | ot water) |  |  |
| Primary circuit pump, set speed | Set value | Internal circulation pump in %                                 |  |
| 3-way valve target posi-        | Heating   | 3-way diverter valve set to heating mode                       |  |
| tion                            | Middle    | 3-way diverter valve in central position (filling/draining)    |  |
|                                 | DHW       | 3-way diverter valve set to DHW heating                        |  |
| Cylinder loading pump           | On        |  |  |
|                                 | Off       |  |  |
| DHW circulation pump            | On        |  |  |
|                                 | Off       |  |  |
| Transfer pump hygiene           | On        |  |  |
| function                        | Off       |  |  |
| Circulation pump for cyl-       |           |  |  |
| inder heating                   | Off       |  |  |
| Solar group                     |           | 1  |  |
| Solar circuit pump, set speed   | Set value | Speed, solar circuit pump in %                                 |  |
| Transfer pump hygiene           | On        |  |  |
| function                        | Off       |  |  |
| Solar circulation pump          | On        |  |  |
|                                 | Off       |  |  |
| Solar 3-way valve, tar-         | Open      |  |  |
| get position                    | Close     |  |  |
|                                 | Stop      |  |  |

## Fault display on the programming unit

If there is a fault, the display shows **"Burner fault"** or **"Active messages"**.

#### Note

If a central fault message facility is connected, this is switched on.

### Calling up fault messages

#### Tap the following buttons:

- 1. "=" (press for 3 sec if the display shows a house)
- 2. / V for:
  - "Details", if burner faults are present.
  - "Active messages", if further faults are present.
- 3. OK
- 4. A/V for "Error" to display all fault messages.

### Acknowledging the fault display

- 1. "=" (press for 3 sec if the display shows a house)
- 2. A/V for "Active message"
- 3. OK
- 4. A/V for "Error" to display all fault messages.
- 5. OK
- A/V for "Acknowledge" to acknowledge all fault messages.

#### Note

Service messages are also acknowledged.

### Calling up acknowledged fault messages

#### Tap the following buttons:

- 1. "=="
- 2. A/V for "Active messages".
- 3. OK
- 4. ∧/∨ for "Error"

- 5. OK
- ∧/∨ for the required message For an explanation of the fault codes, see the following table.

If "Connection error" appears on the display:

management unit and HMI programming unit.

Check connecting cable and plug between HMU heat

- 7. OK
- 8. "=" for "Error"
- 9.  $\wedge/\checkmark$  to call up further messages

#### Note

Any connected central fault message facility is switched off.

*If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be redisplayed the following day at 07:00 h, and the fault message facility restarts.* 

5. OK Note

# When troubleshooting, always observe the subscriber number of the component. Check the component displayed. Remedy fault if

applicable. The subscriber number of the component depends on the position of rotary switch S1 on the corresponding extension module. The rotary switch position was set during installation. To identify the affected module, check the position of rotary switch S1 on the module if required.

#### The following is displayed:

- Date and time of the occurrence of the fault
- Fault code

### Fault display on the programming unit (cont.)

- Description of the fault
- Subscriber number of the component on which the fault has occurred:
- PlusBus subscriber components
- 0 EM-S1 extension (ADIO electronics module)
- 1 to 15 EM-M1, EM-MX and EM-P1 extensions (ADIO electronics module)
- 17 to 31 EM-EA1 extension (DIO electronics module)
- 32 to 47 Cylinder module, extensions (electronics module M2IO)
- 48 to 63 Vitotrol 200-E

#### 64 SDIO/SM1A electronics module

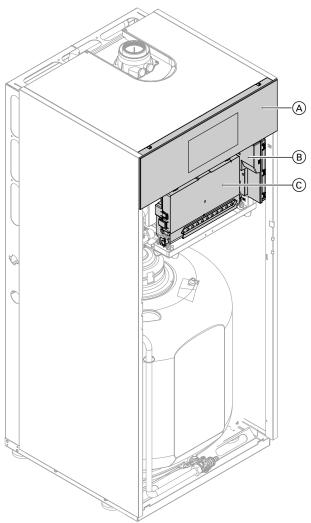
- CAN BUS subscriber components
- 1 HMU heat management unit
- 50 BCU burner control unit
- 58 Communication module (TCU 200)
- 59 HMI programming unit
- 60 Fan unit
- 90 Gateway
- Low power radio subscriber components

48 to 63 Vitotrol 300-E

### Calling up fault messages from the fault memory (message history)

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) 4. Use  $\wedge/\vee$  to select the required category. and service messages are saved and can be called "Faults" to call up saved fault messages. • "Service" to call up saved service messages. up. Faults are sorted by date. • "Status", to call up the saved status messages. • "Warnings" to call up saved warning messages. Tap the following buttons: Information", to call up saved service information. 1. and **OK** simultaneously for approx. 4 s, then For messages, see chapter "Further messages". release. 5. OK ∧/∨ for "Message history" 2.  $\wedge$  for the required message 6. 3. OK 7. OK Deleting the message list 1. and **OK** simultaneously for approx. 4 s, then 4. Use // to select "Delete message list". release. 5. OK "Message history" 2. 6. OK to confirm the prompt. 3. OK

## **Overview of electronics modules**



### Fig. 54

- (A) HMI programming unit(B) BCU burner control unit
- © HMU heat management unit

## Fault messages

#### Note

Diagnostics and troubleshooting: See chapter "Repairs". Fault messages dependent on appliance equipment level

Service

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics  | Cause  | Measures  |
|----------------------|---|--|---|
| F.5                  | Flow rate not being moni-<br>tored. System continues op-<br>erating in normal mode with<br>replacement value. | Lead break or short cir-<br>cuit, flow sensor.   | <ul> <li>Check plug 33/X6 and cable between BCU burner control unit and flow sensor:</li> <li>Check voltage level, to see if 5 V present at plug 33, pins 1 and 2.</li> <li>Turn the gas condensing boiler ON/OFF switch off and back on again.</li> </ul>  |
| F.7                  | No DHW heating.   | Lead break, cylinder tem-<br>perature sensor.    | <ul> <li>Check DHW setting in the commissioning assistant and correct if required.</li> <li>Check cylinder temperature sensor (plug 5, wires 3 and 4).</li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input on electronics module. Setpoint: 3.3 V with sensor disconnected Replace faulty component if required.</li> </ul>  |
| F.8                  | No DHW heating.   | Short circuit, cylinder tem-<br>perature sensor. | Check cylinder temperature sensor<br>(plug 5, wires 3 and 4).<br>Replace faulty component if re-<br>quired.   |
| F.11                 | No solar DHW heating or central heating backup.   | Lead break, collector tem-<br>perature sensor.   | <ul> <li>Check collector temperature sensor.</li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input on electronics module. Setpoint: 3.3 V- with sensor disconnected</li> </ul>   |
| F.12                 | No solar DHW heating or central heating backup.   | Short circuit, collector temperature sensor.     | <ul> <li>Check collector temperature sensor.</li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input on electronics module. Setpoint: 3.3 V with sensor disconnected</li> </ul>  |
| F.13                 | Regulates as if the outside<br>temperature were 0 °C.   | Lead break, outside tem-<br>perature sensor.     | <ul> <li>Check the operating mode setting in the commissioning assistant. Correct if necessary.</li> <li>Check outside temperature sensor and connection to sensor (external plug, contacts 1 and 2). <i>Note Depending on appliance version, on floorstanding compact appliances the plug is located inside the appliance.</i></li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input         on electronics module. Setpoint:         3.3 V with sensor disconnected         Replace faulty component if required.</li> </ul> |

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures  |
|----------------------|--|--|---|
| F.14                 | Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.                     | Short circuit, outside tem-<br>perature sensor.      | Check outside temperature sensor<br>and connection to sensor (external<br>plug and contacts 1 and 2). Re-<br>place faulty components if neces-<br>sary.<br><b>Note</b><br>Depending on appliance version,<br>on flagratending compact appliance         |
|                      |  |  | on floorstanding compact applian-<br>ces the plug is located inside the<br>appliance.   |
| F.15                 | No solar DHW heating or central heating backup.                        | Lead break, cylinder tem-<br>perature sensor.        | Check cylinder temperature sen-<br>sor.<br>Measure voltage at sensor input on<br>electronics module. Setpoint:<br>3.3 V with sensor disconnected  |
| F.16                 | No solar DHW heating or central heating backup.                        | Short circuit, cylinder tem-<br>perature sensor.     | Check cylinder temperature sen-<br>sor.<br>Measure voltage at sensor input on<br>electronics module. Setpoint:<br>3.3 V with sensor disconnected  |
| F.19                 | No DHW heating.  | Lead break, bottom cylin-<br>der temperature sensor. | Check bottom cylinder temperature sensor.   |
| F.29                 | Regulates without flow tem-<br>perature sensor for low loss<br>header. | Lead break, low loss<br>header sensor.               | <ul> <li>Check commissioning assistant setting, low loss header.</li> <li>Check flow temperature sensor, low loss header.</li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input on electronics module. Setpoint: 3.3 V- with sensor disconnected</li> </ul>          |
| F.30                 | Regulates without flow tem-<br>perature sensor for low loss<br>header. | Short circuit, low loss header sensor.               | Check flow temperature sensor,<br>low loss header.<br>Measure voltage at sensor input on<br>electronics module. Setpoint:<br>3.3 V with sensor disconnected   |
| F.49                 | Burner in a fault state.   | Lead break, flue gas tem-<br>perature sensor.        | Check flue gas temperature sen-<br>sor.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.50                 | Burner in a fault state.   | Short circuit, flue gas tem-<br>perature sensor.     | Check flue gas temperature sen-<br>sor.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.57                 | Normal operation without room influence.                               | Lead break, room temper-<br>ature sensor.            | <ul> <li>Check commissioning setting of remote control.</li> <li>Check plug and cable of external room temperature sensor, heating circuit.</li> <li>If no external room temperature sensor is installed, replace Vitotrol programming unit.</li> </ul> |

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause   | Measures  |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| F.58                 | Normal operation without room influence.   | Short circuit, room tem-<br>perature sensor.            | Check plug and cable of external<br>room temperature sensor, heating<br>circuit.<br>If no external room temperature<br>sensor is installed, replace Vitotrol<br>programming unit.   |
| F.59                 | Burner locked out.<br>Internal circulation pump off.<br>No central heating, no DHW<br>heating. | Power supply, low voltage                               | Check mains voltage.<br>If voltage is correct and the fault<br>occurs repeatedly, replace the fan<br>unit.  |
| F.62                 | Burner in a fault state.   | High limit safety cut-out<br>has responded.             | <ul> <li>Check heating system fill level.</li> <li>Check pre-charge pressure in diaphragm expansion vessel. Adjust to required system pressure.</li> <li>Check whether flow rate is sufficient (flow sensor and circulation pump).</li> <li>Check 3-way diverter valve function in actuator test. Vent the system.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>   |
| F.63                 | Burner in a fault state.   | Flue gas temperature lim-<br>iter has responded.        | <ul> <li>Check heating system fill level.</li> <li>Check pre-charge pressure in diaphragm expansion vessel. Adjust to required system pressure.</li> <li>Check whether flow rate is sufficient (flow sensor and circulation pump).</li> <li>Check 3-way diverter valve function in actuator test.</li> <li>Vent the system.</li> <li>Reset the appliance once the flue system has cooled down.</li> </ul> |
| F.64                 | Normal operation<br>Burner restarts.   | Flame loss during stabili-<br>sation or operating phase | <ul> <li>Check gas supply (gas pressure<br/>and gas flow switch).</li> <li>Check balanced flue system for<br/>flue gas recirculation.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode.</li> <li>Check distance to burner gauze<br/>assembly.</li> <li>Check electrode/burner gauze<br/>assembly for contamination.</li> </ul>   |

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures   |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| F.65                 | Burner in a fault state. | Flame signal is not<br>present or insufficient at<br>burner start. | <ul> <li>Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch).</li> <li>Check gas solenoid valve.</li> <li>Check system for condensate backup. Check condensate drain.</li> <li>Note Prevent water damage.<br/>Detach fan unit before removing the burner.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable.</li> <li>Check ignition:<br/>Connecting cables to ignition module and ignition electrode.</li> <li>Check distance from ignition electrode to burner gauze assembly.</li> <li>Check the electrode/burner gauze assembly for dirt.</li> <li>Check ignition.</li> </ul> |
| F.67                 | Burner in a fault state. | Ionisation current outside<br>the permissible range.               | <ul> <li>Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch), check gas solenoid valve and inlet strainer.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode for the following: <ul> <li>Clearance to burner gauze assembly</li> <li>Check electrode/burner gauze assembly for contamination.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If specified measures don't help, replace fan unit. Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>   |
| F.68                 | Burner in a fault state. | Flame signal is already present at burner start.                   | Close the gas shut-off valve. Re-<br>move connecting cable of the ioni-<br>sation electrode. Reset the appli-<br>ance.<br>If the fault persists, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.   |

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics  | Cause  | Measures   |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| F.69                 | Normal operation<br>Fault is entered in fault histo-<br>ry.   | Ionisation current outside<br>the permissible range.                             | <ul> <li>Check ionisation electrode for the following:</li> <li>Check whether insulation block is touching electrode ceramic.</li> <li>Check gas solenoid valve: Activate "Minimum heating output" for approx. 4 min in actuator test. If this causes a fault to occur, replace BCU burner control unit.</li> <li>In the actuator test, switch from "Minimum heating output" to "Maximum heating output". If this fault occurs during modulation, check the intake screen for contamination. Replace the fan unit if necessary.</li> </ul> |
| F.70                 | Burner in a fault state.  | Internal error, burner con-<br>trol unit.  | Replace the BCU burner control unit.   |
| F.71                 | Burner in a fault state.  | Fan speed too low.   | <ul> <li>Check fan for blockage.</li> <li>Check setting for gas type and flue system.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>   |
| F.72                 | Burner in a fault state.  | Fan idle state not reached.  | Reset the appliance.<br>If fault occurs repeatedly, replace<br>fan unit.   |
| F.73                 | Burner in a fault state.  | Internal communication<br>error.   | Reset the appliance.<br>If the fault recurs, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.   |
| F.74                 | Burner locked out.<br>Internal circulation pump off.<br>No central heating and no<br>DHW heating.       | System pressure too low  | <ul> <li>Top up with water.</li> <li>Vent the system.</li> <li>If the fault occurs repeatedly:</li> <li>Check system pressure sensor<br/>with external pressure gauge.</li> <li>Check diaphragm expansion<br/>vessel pre-charge pressure.</li> <li>Check settings for set system<br/>pressure and range.</li> </ul>  |
| F.75                 | Burner in a fault state.<br>Internal circulation pump off.<br>No central heating and no<br>DHW heating. | No flow rate   | Open BDF valves.<br>Top up with water.<br>If the fault occurs repeatedly:<br>Replace the flow sensor (if instal-<br>led).<br>Check pump. Replace if neces-<br>sary.  |
| F.77                 | Burner in a fault state.  | Data memory burner con-<br>trol unit.  | Reset the appliance.<br>If the fault recurs, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.   |
| F.78                 | Normal operation  | Communication between<br>heat management unit<br>and programming unit<br>faulty. | Check cables and plug-in connec-<br>tions between heat management<br>unit and programming unit. Check<br>cables for correct routing and posi-<br>tioning.  |

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics  | Cause   | Measures  |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| F.80                 | Normal operation  | Short circuit, analogue sensor input 2 on ADIO. | Check/replace sensor.   |
| F.87                 | Burner in a fault state.  | Water pressure too high.                        | Open BDF valves.<br>Check expansion vessel function.<br>Correct the amount of water in the<br>system.<br>Replace water pressure sensor.<br>Replace safety assembly.   |
| F.89                 | No central heating and no<br>DHW heating.<br>Internal pump not functioning.   | Internal circulation pump blocked.              | Check circulation pump. Replace if necessary.   |
| F.91                 | Function of affected exten-<br>sion in emergency mode.  | DIO electronics module communication error.     | Check connections on DIO elec-<br>tronics module and connection to<br>heat management unit.   |
| F.92                 | Function of the relevant elec-<br>tronics module in emergency<br>mode.  | ADIO electronics module<br>communication error. | <ul> <li>Check setting in the commission-<br/>ing assistant and correct if re-<br/>quired.</li> <li>Check connections and leads to<br/>the ADIO electronics module.</li> <li>Check PlusBus voltage level<br/>(24 to 28 V).</li> <li>Check subscriber number on ro-<br/>tary switch S1 and correct if re-<br/>quired.</li> </ul> |
| F.93                 | Function of affected exten-<br>sion in emergency mode.  | M2IO electronics module communication error.    | Check connections on M2IO elec-<br>tronics module and connection to<br>HMU heat management unit.  |
| F.94                 | Function of the relevant elec-<br>tronics module in emergency<br>mode. No solar central heat-<br>ing backup.  | SDIO electronics module communication error.    | <ul> <li>Check setting in the commission-<br/>ing assistant and correct if re-<br/>quired.</li> <li>Check connections and leads to<br/>the SDIO electronics module.</li> <li>Check PlusBus voltage level<br/>(24 to 28 V).</li> </ul>   |
| F.100                | Electronics modules connec-<br>ted to PlusBus not working.  | Voltage error PlusBus.                          | Check whether the PlusBus power<br>supply on the HMU heat manage-<br>ment unit is OK: Remove all con-<br>nected PlusBus components and<br>reconnect one by one.<br>Check that there aren't more than<br>2 Vitotrol 200-E connected to the<br>HMU.<br>Check whether there is a short cir-<br>cuit at the PlusBus cable.          |
| F.104                | Depending on configuration<br>of EM-EA1 extension<br>(DIO electronics module).<br>If "block system" is config-<br>ured, the burner switches/<br>remains off.<br>If "fault message output" is<br>configured, the fault message<br>output is switched on. | External fault message in-<br>put active.       | Check connected external device.  |

• •

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause   | Measures  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| F.142                | Burner in a fault state. | Communication error,<br>CAN bus.  | <ul> <li>Check the fan unit for correct<br/>function. For this, check the step-<br/>per motor of the fan unit (refer-<br/>ence run with mains ON).</li> <li>If the fault still persists, visually<br/>check the plug-in connections<br/>and cables of the CAN bus.</li> <li>Check further CAN bus subscrib-<br/>ers.</li> <li>If fault still persists, replace the fan<br/>unit.</li> </ul> |
| F.160                | Burner in a fault state. | Communication error,<br>CAN bus.  | <ul> <li>If "Connection error" is displayed, check the internal CAN bus subscriber connections.</li> <li>If only F.160 is displayed, check the connections of the external CAN bus subscribers.</li> <li>Check the connecting cables for secure seating and corrosion. Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>  |
| F.161                | Burner in a fault state. | BCU data memory access error.   | Reset the appliance.<br>If the fault recurs, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.  |
| F.162                | Burner in a fault state. | Processor low voltage.  | Turn the appliance off and on<br>again.<br>Check the connecting cable.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.163                | Burner in a fault state. | Memory access checksum error BCU.   | Reset the appliance.<br>If the fault recurs, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.  |
| F.180                | Burner in a fault state. | Gas pressure too low.   | Check gas pressure. Inform the<br>gas supplier if necessary.<br>If the fault occurs repeatedly:<br>Check the gas pressure switch and<br>replace the gas valve if necessary.<br>Direct replacement of the gas pres-<br>sure switch is not permissible!   |
| F.182                | No DHW heating.          | Short circuit, outlet tem-<br>perature sensor (if instal-<br>led).        | Check outlet temperature sensor<br>(plug X1, wires 13 and 14). Meas-<br>ure sensor input on electronics<br>module. Setpoint: 3.3 V— with sen-<br>sor disconnected.  |
| F.183                | No DHW heating.          | Lead break, outlet temper-<br>ature sensor (if installed).                | Check outlet temperature sensor (plug X1, wires 13 and 14).   |
| F.184                | Burner in a fault state. | Short circuit, flow temper-<br>ature sensor/high limit<br>safety cut-out. | Check the flow temperature sen-<br>sor/high limit safety cut-out.<br>Check sensor lead. Replace faulty<br>component if required.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.185                | Burner in a fault state. | Lead break, flow tempera-<br>ture sensor/high limit safe-<br>ty cut-out.  | Check the flow temperature sen-<br>sor/high limit safety cut-out. Re-<br>place faulty component if required.<br>Reset the appliance.  |

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause   | Measures   |
|----------------------|--|---|--|
| F.299                | Time/date incorrect.   | Real time clock setting in-<br>correct.   | Set the time and date.   |
| F.342                | No central heating, no DHW heating.  | Communication error,<br>BCU burner control unit.                                | <ul> <li>Check connecting cable to the burner control unit plug X4 on BCU.</li> <li>Check all plug-in connections and cables of the internal CAN.</li> <li>Remove all plugs except X4, X2, X16 and X18 from the BCU burner control unit. Check whether fault persists.</li> </ul>  |
|                      |  |   | <b>Note</b><br>Several other fault messages will<br>be added due to the removed<br>plugs. Ignore these. If fault mes-<br>sage F.342 is no longer shown, re-<br>insert the plugs one by one and es-<br>tablish which component is faulty.   |
|                      |  |   | Reset the appliance.   |
| F.345                | Burner locked out, automatic<br>enabling after appliance cool-<br>down. Independent restart. | Temperature limiter has<br>responded.<br>See heat generator speci-<br>fication. | <ul> <li>Ensure adequate heat transfer.</li> <li>Check heating system fill level.</li> <li>Check pre-charge pressure in diaphragm expansion vessel. Adjust to required system pressure.</li> <li>Check whether flow rate is sufficient (flow sensor and pump).</li> <li>Check 3-way diverter valve function in actuator test. Vent the system.</li> <li>If the fault occurs during DHW heating: Check DHW cylinder or plate heat exchanger for contamination and scaling.</li> </ul> |
| F.346                | Burner in a fault state.   | Ionisation current calibra-<br>tion error.                                      | <ul> <li>Check the gas supply pressure.</li> <li>Check gas solenoid valve strainer on the inlet side for contamination.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode for contamination.</li> <li>Check flue system. Remove flue gas recirculation if required.</li> <li>Check the connecting cable to the fan unit.</li> <li>Check impeller for ease of operation.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>   |

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics                         | Cause   | Measures  |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| F.348                | Burner in a fault state.                       | Gas modulation valve cali-<br>bration failed.   | If several heat generators are con-<br>nected to a common flue system:<br>Check whether <b>"Multiple connec-</b><br>tions" is set in the commissioning<br>assistant.<br>Check the flue system for unre-<br>stricted flow.<br>If fault remains, replace gas fan<br>unit.   |
| F.349                | Burner in a fault state.                       | Air mass rate flow not de-<br>tected correctly in fan unit.   | <ul> <li>Check for dust contamination in<br/>the supply air.</li> <li>Check burner gauze assembly<br/>for contamination.</li> <li>Reset the appliance. If the fault oc-<br/>curs repeatedly, replace the gas<br/>fan unit.</li> </ul>   |
| F.350, F.351         | Burner in a fault state.                       | Ionisation current outside the permissible range.   | Replace BCU burner control unit.  |
| F.352                | Burner in a fault state.                       | CO limit within appliance<br>exceeded.  | <ul> <li>Check entire flue gas path for the following:</li> <li>Flue gas recirculation</li> <li>Leaks</li> <li>Flue gas back pressure caused by water pocket (if flue system fall is insufficient)</li> <li>Constrictions</li> <li>Blockages</li> <li>Repair flue system if necessary.</li> </ul>   |
| F.353                | Burner shutdown with restart if demand exists. | Insufficient gas supply,<br>burner output reduced.  | Reset the appliance.<br>Check the gas supply.<br>Optically check input-side screen<br>in the gas solenoid valve for con-<br>tamination.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.354                | Burner in a fault state.                       | Gas modulation valve tol-<br>erance outside permissi-<br>ble range.   | Replace gas fan unit.   |
| F.355                | Burner in a fault state.                       | Condensate backed up or<br>analogue signal reference<br>check: Flame signal is al-<br>ready present at burner<br>start.<br>Function of ignition trans-<br>former. | If condensate is backed up: Re-<br>place insulation blocks, electrodes<br>and burner gauze assembly.<br><b>Note</b><br><i>Remove the fan unit before open-<br/>ing the burner. Protect the PCB</i><br><i>from water damage.</i><br>Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Check ignition transformer and ig-<br>nition cable. Replace if necessary. |

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| F.357                | Burner in a fault state. | Insufficient gas supply.   | <ul> <li>Check that the gas shut-off valve<br/>is open.</li> <li>Optically check input-side screen<br/>in the gas solenoid valve for con-<br/>tamination.</li> <li>Test static gas pressure and gas<br/>flow pressure.</li> <li>Check that on-site gas line and<br/>gas flow switch are correctly<br/>sized.</li> </ul>   |
|                      |                          |  | <b>Note</b><br>If the building pressure regulator<br>has a leak, you may notice rising<br>pressure when the burner is idle.<br>When the system is restarted, the<br>gas flow switch may trip.<br>If the static pressure does not<br>drop, check the cable to the fan<br>unit. Check that the coil resistance<br>at the fuel valve is approx. 4 k $\Omega$ .<br>Check the ignition electrode for<br>damaged insulation.  |
|                      |                          |  | Reset the appliance.  |
| F.359                | Burner in a fault state. | No ignition spark.   | <ul> <li>Check whether the ignition electrode insulation is damaged.</li> <li>Check whether 230 V~ is present at the ignition module during the ignition phase. If not, replace the BCU burner control unit.</li> <li>If 230 V~ is present at the ignition module input but there is still a fault, replace the ignition module.</li> <li>Check connection cables and leads from ignition module and ignition electrode.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul> |
| F.361                | Burner in a fault state. | Flame signal is not<br>present or insufficient at<br>burner start. | Check ionisation electrode and<br>connecting cable. Check plug-in<br>connections for loose contacts.<br><b>Note</b><br>Deposits on the electrodes indicate<br>foreign bodies in the combustion<br>air. Check the installation room and<br>flue system for causes of the de-<br>posits. For example laundry deter-<br>gents, cleaning agents, toiletries,<br>deposits in the ventilation air sup-<br>ply (chimney).<br>Reset the appliance.                        |
| F.365, F.366,        | Burner in a fault state. | Gas valve electricity sup-   | Replace BCU burner control unit.  |
| F.367                |                          | ply does not turn off.   |   |

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# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| F.368                | Burner in a fault state. | Gas pressure switch fault.<br>Forced ventilation time ex-<br>pired.        | Check gas supply (gas pressure).<br>Check gas pressure switch (if in-<br>stalled). If necessary, disconnect<br>the gas pressure switch connector<br>and check whether the burner<br>starts.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.369                | Burner in a fault state. | Flame loss immediately<br>after flame formation (dur-<br>ing safety time). | <ul> <li>Check gas supply (gas pressure<br/>and gas flow switch).</li> <li>Check balanced flue system for<br/>flue gas recirculation.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode for the<br/>following: <ul> <li>Clearance to burner gauze as-<br/>sembly.</li> <li>Contamination on electrode.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>                                       |
| F.370                | Burner in a fault state. | Fuel valve or modulation valve will not close.                             | Reset the appliance.<br>If fault occurs repeatedly, replace<br>fan unit.  |
| F.371                | Burner in a fault state. | Fan speed too low.   | <ul> <li>Check the fan.</li> <li>Check the fan connecting cables.</li> <li>Check the fan power supply.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>   |
| F.372                | Burner in a fault state. | Repeated flame loss dur-<br>ing calibration.                               | <ul> <li>Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable.</li> <li>Check plug-in connections for loose contacts.</li> <li>Check flue system. Remove flue gas recirculation if required.</li> <li>Check system for condensate backup.</li> <li>Visually inspect gas solenoid valve inlet and strainer on the inlet side for contamination.</li> </ul>                                |
|                      |                          |  | <b>Note</b><br>To prevent water damage, detach<br>fan unit before removing the burn-<br>er. Deposits on the electrodes indi-<br>cate foreign bodies in the combus-<br>tion air.   |
|                      |                          |  | Check the installation room and<br>flue system for causes of the de-<br>posits. For example laundry deter-<br>gents, cleaning agents, toiletries,<br>deposits in the ventilation air sup-<br>ply (chimney). If burner gauze as-<br>sembly and ionisation electrode<br>have been replaced, also clean fan<br>unit, gas/air channel and Venturi<br>extension.<br>Reset the appliance. |

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# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures   |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| F.373                | Burner in a fault state. | Heat transfer too low dur-<br>ing calibration.<br>Temperature limiter has<br>shut down.                              | <ul> <li>Ensure adequate heat transfer.</li> <li>Check circulation pump for faults, scale or blockages.</li> <li>Check 3-way diverter valve function in actuator test. Vent the system.</li> <li>Check function of flow sensor. Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>  |
| F.375                | Burner in a fault state. | Ionisation current calibra-<br>tion error.   | <ul> <li>Check gas flow pressure.</li> <li>Check gas solenoid valve inlet<br/>strainer for dirt.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode for<br/>contamination.</li> <li>Check flue system; remove flue<br/>gas recirculation if required.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>  |
| F.377                | Burner in a fault state. | Post-processing of ionisa-<br>tion current calibration:<br>Stabilisation conditions for<br>post-calibration not met. | Check gas type setting. If fault re-<br>curs, replace BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.378                | Burner in a fault state. | Flame loss in the stabilisa-<br>tion or operating phase.   | <ul> <li>Check gas supply (gas pressure<br/>and gas flow switch).</li> <li>Check flue gas recirculation.</li> <li>Check for contamination of ioni-<br/>sation electrode and burner<br/>gauze assembly.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>  |
| F.379                | Burner in a fault state. | Flame signal not present<br>or insufficient.   | <ul> <li>Check ionisation electrode connecting cable for damage and ensure it is secure.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode. Replace if necessary.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul>   |
| F.380                | Burner in a fault state. | Flame loss immediately<br>after flame formation (dur-<br>ing safety time).   | <ul> <li>Check gas supply (gas pressure<br/>and gas flow switch).</li> <li>Check balanced flue system for<br/>flue gas recirculation.</li> <li>Check ionisation electrode, burner<br/>gauze assembly:</li> <li>Clearance to burner gauze as-<br/>sembly</li> <li>Contamination on electrode</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul> |

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# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause   | Measures   |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| F.381                | Burner in a fault state. | Flame loss during operat-<br>ing phase.   | Check gas supply (gas pressure<br>and gas flow switch).<br>Check balanced flue system for<br>flue gas recirculation.   |
|                      |                          |   | <ul> <li>Check ionisation electrode, burner gauze assembly:</li> <li>Clearance to burner gauze assembly.</li> <li>Contamination on electrode</li> </ul>      |
|                      |                          |   | Reset the appliance.   |
| F.382                | Burner in a fault state. | Fault counter has excee-<br>ded limit.  | Reset the appliance. Work through fault analysis using fault history.  |
| F.383                | Burner in a fault state. | Possible contamination of gas line.   | <ul> <li>Check gas line for contamination.</li> <li>Check the gas supply pressure.</li> <li>Replace gas fan if required.<br/>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul> |
| F.384                | Burner in a fault state. | Possible contamination of gas line.   | <ul> <li>Check gas line for contamination.</li> <li>Check the gas supply pressure.</li> <li>Replace gas fan if required.<br/>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul> |
| F.385                | Burner in a fault state. | Short circuit, signal 1, ioni-<br>sation current.<br>BCU burner control unit<br>faulty. | Check IO electrode for earth fault.<br>If the fault persists, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.<br>Reset the appliance.                                |
| F.386                | Burner in a fault state. | BCU burner control unit faulty.   | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.387                | Burner in a fault state. | Earth fault, ionisation cur-<br>rent. BCU burner control<br>unit faulty.                | Check ionisation electrode and<br>connecting cable. If the fault per-<br>sists, replace the BCU burner con-<br>trol unit.<br>Reset the appliance.            |
| F.388                | Burner in a fault state. | BCU burner control unit faulty.   | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.394                | Burner in a fault state. | Lead break, flue gas tem-<br>perature sensor 2.   | Check sensor and connecting ca-<br>ble. Replace sensor if necessary.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.395                | Burner in a fault state. | IO electrode earth fault,<br>BCU burner control unit<br>faulty.                         | Check ignition electrode for earth<br>fault. If the fault persists, replace<br>the BCU burner control unit.<br>Reset the appliance.                          |
| F.396                | Burner in a fault state. | BCU burner control unit faulty.   | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.399                | Burner in a fault state. | IO electrode earth fault,<br>BCU burner control unit<br>faulty.                         | Check IO electrode for earth fault.<br>If the fault persists, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.<br>Reset the appliance.                                |
| F.400                | Burner in a fault state. | BCU burner control unit faulty.   | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.  |

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| Displayed fault code          | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures  |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---|
| F.401                         | Burner in a fault state.   | IO electrode earth fault,<br>BCU burner control unit<br>faulty.                    | Check IO electrode for earth fault.<br>If the fault persists, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.402                         | Burner in a fault state.   | BCU burner control unit faulty.  | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.403                         | Burner in a fault state.   | Ionisation electrode earth<br>fault, BCU burner control<br>unit faulty.            | Check IO electrode for earth fault.<br>If the fault persists, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.404                         | Burner in a fault state.   | BCU burner control unit faulty.  | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.405                         | Burner in a fault state.   | Ionisation electrode earth<br>fault, BCU burner control<br>unit faulty.            | Check IO electrode for earth fault.<br>If the fault persists, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.406, F.408,<br>F.410        | Burner in a fault state.   | BCU burner control unit faulty.  | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.416                         | Burner locked out.   | Flue gas temperature sen-<br>sor incorrectly positioned.                           | Install flue gas temperature sensor<br>correctly: See "Repairs".<br>Carry out mains reset after fault<br>has been remedied.   |
| F.417, F.418                  | Burner in a fault state.   | BCU burner control unit faulty.  | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.425                         | System in normal operation, calculation out of operation.  | Time synchronisation failed.   | Set the time. If external time is used, check parameters 1504 and 508.  |
| F.430                         | Normal operation in line with set values of heat generator.  | Communication error gateway.   | Check gateway module connecting cable and power supply.   |
| F.431                         | Normal operation in line with set values of heat generator.  | Communication error KNX gateway.   | Check gateway module connecting cable and power supply.   |
| F.436                         | Normal operation   | Short circuit, flow sensor.  | Check flow sensor.  |
| F.437                         | Flow rate not being moni-<br>tored.<br>System continues operating<br>in normal mode with replace-<br>ment value. | Lead break or short cir-<br>cuit, flow sensor.                                     | Check connecting cable between<br>BCU and flow sensor.<br>Check voltage level to see if 5 V is<br>present. Turn the ON/OFF switch<br>on the gas condensing boiler off<br>and back on again. |
| F.446                         | Burner in a fault state.   | Deviation, heat generator<br>flow temperature sensor/<br>high limit safety cut-out | Check the flow temperature sen-<br>sor/high limit safety cut-out.<br>Check plug-in connection and lead<br>to sensor.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.447, F.448                  | Burner in a fault state.   | Deviation, ionisation volt-<br>age signal.   | Replace the BCU burner control<br>unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.449, F.450,<br>F.451, F.452 | Burner in a fault state.   | Error in scheduled pro-<br>gram run monitoring.                                    | Reset the appliance. If the fault re-<br>curs, replace the BCU burner con-<br>trol unit.  |

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures   |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| F.453                | Burner in a fault state. | Synchronisation error, se-<br>quence.                | Reset the appliance. If the fault re-<br>curs, replace the BCU burner con-<br>trol unit.   |
| F.454                | Burner in a fault state. | Incorrect software version, BCU.                     | Flash the correct software version for the BCU burner control unit.  |
| F.455                | Burner in a fault state. | Error in program run moni-<br>toring.                | Reset the appliance. If the fault re-<br>curs, replace the BCU burner con-<br>trol unit.   |
| F.456                | Burner in a fault state. | Error in program run moni-<br>toring.                | Reset the appliance. If the fault re-<br>curs, replace the BCU burner con-<br>trol unit.   |
| F.457                | Burner in a fault state. | Fan sluggish or blocked.                             | Reset the appliance.<br>Check fan for sluggishness. In the<br>case of severe contamination or<br>grinding noises, replace fan unit.  |
| F.458                | Burner in a fault state. | Incorrect reset sequence.                            | Check connections between<br>HMU heat management unit and<br>HMI programming unit.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.463                | Burner in a fault state. | Contaminated combustion air, flue gas recirculation. | Check flue system for contamina-<br>tion and flue gas recirculation.<br>Clean flue system if required.<br>Reset the burner.  |
|                      |                          |  | <b>Note</b><br>Deposits on the electrodes indicate<br>foreign bodies in the combustion<br>air. Check the installation room and<br>flue system for causes of the de-<br>posits. For example laundry deter-<br>gents, cleaning agents, toiletries,<br>deposits in the ventilation air sup-<br>ply (chimney).<br>If burner gauze assembly and ioni-<br>sation electrode have been re-<br>placed, also clean fan unit, gas/air<br>channel and Venturi extension.<br>Reset the appliance. |

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause  | Measures   |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| F.464                | Burner in a fault state. | Ionisation current too low<br>during calibration. Differ-<br>ential compared to previ-<br>ous value not plausible. | <ul> <li>Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable. Check plug-in connections for loose contacts.</li> <li>Check whether there is a lot of dust in the ventilation air (e.g. from construction work).</li> <li>Check flue system. Remove flue gas recirculation if required.</li> <li>Check system for condensate backup.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul> Note To prevent water damage, detach fan unit before removing the burner. If the fault is permanently present, replace the BCU burner control unit. Note Deposits on the electrodes indicate foreign bodies in the combustion air. Check the installation room and flue system for causes of the deposits. For example laundry detergents, cleaning agents, toiletries, deposits in the ventilation air supply (chimney). If burner gauze assembly and ionisation electrode have been replaced, also clean fan unit, gas/air channel and Venturi extension. |
| F.467                | Burner in a fault state. | Gas supply insufficient<br>during calibration Conta-<br>minated or insufficiently<br>sized gas line.               | <ul> <li>Test static gas pressure and gas flow pressure.</li> <li>Check that on-site gas line and gas flow switch are correctly sized.</li> <li>Visually inspect gas solenoid valve inlet and strainer on the inlet side for contamination.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> <li>Note Contamination, for example from a brazed gas line, can block up the inlet strainer of the gas solenoid valve.</li> </ul>   |

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics  | Cause  | Measures  |
|----------------------|---|--|---|
| F.468                | Burner in a fault state.  | Ionisation current too high<br>during calibration.   | Check gap between ionisation<br>electrode and burner gauze as-<br>sembly.<br>Check whether there is a lot of<br>dust in the ventilation air (e.g. from<br>construction work).<br>Reset the appliance.<br><b>Note</b><br>Deposits on the electrodes indicate   |
|                      |   |  | foreign bodies in the ventilation air.<br>Check the installation room and<br>flue system for causes of the de-<br>posits. For example laundry deter-<br>gents, cleaning agents, toiletries,<br>deposits in the ventilation air sup-<br>ply (chimney).<br>If burner gauze assembly and ioni-<br>sation electrode have been re-<br>placed, also clean fan unit, gas/air<br>channel and Venturi extension. |
| F.471                | No heat demand.   | System pressure sensor<br>not available, lead break<br>or short circuit.   | <ul> <li>Check system pressure sensor<br/>(plug <u>163</u>).</li> <li>Check lead and plug-in connec-<br/>tion.</li> <li>Check whether the supply volt-<br/>age to the sensor is 5 V</li></ul>   |
| F.473                | No heat demand.   | HMU heat management<br>unit communication error.   | Check connecting cable between<br>burner control unit and HMU heat<br>management unit.  |
| F.474                | Burner in a fault state.  | Error in scheduled pro-<br>gram run monitoring.  | Reset the appliance.<br>If the fault recurs, replace the<br>BCU burner control unit.  |
| F.477                | Limited solar thermal system<br>functionality.<br>No solar yield.   | Fault, differential tempera-<br>ture monitor solar collec-<br>tor/cylinder differential ex-<br>ceeds tolerance.<br>Air in the solar circuit.<br>Sensor not positioned cor-<br>rectly. Pump faulty. | Check solar circuit, solar circuit<br>pump, sensors.<br><b>Note</b><br>Fault can be reset by performing a<br>network reset. If the system is OK,<br>the fault is cleared automatically<br>after 36 hours.   |
| F.517                | Remote control not function-<br>ing.<br>Weather-compensated oper-<br>ation: Normal operation.<br>Constant operation: Weather-<br>compensated operation. | Lead break, PlusBus ca-<br>ble, incorrect appliance<br>address set, remote con-<br>trol faulty.  | <ul> <li>Check commissioning assistant<br/>setting.</li> <li>Check remote control cable.</li> <li>Check remote control subscriber<br/>number. Replace faulty remote<br/>control if necessary.</li> </ul>  |
| F.527                | Burner in a fault state.  | Incorrect parameter set,<br>HMU heat management<br>unit.   | Overwrite (flash) the HMU heat<br>management unit with the correct<br>parameter set.  |
| F.528                | Burner in a fault state.  | Incorrect parameter set,<br>BCU burner control unit.   | Overwrite (flash) the BCU burner control unit with the correct parameter set.   |

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Service

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics                                | Cause  | Measures   |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| F.530                | Solar function limited.                               | Sensor value not available<br>or lead break of one or<br>more sensors/missing<br>sensor(s).                                | Check sensor(s), or connect miss-<br>ing sensor(s) to SDIO electronics<br>module.  |
| F.538                | No solar central heating backup with SDIO.            | Lead break, temperature sensor in system return.   | Check sensor or connect missing sensor on the SDIO electronics module.   |
| F.539                | No solar central heating backup with SDIO.            | Short circuit, temperature sensor in system return.  | Check sensor or connect missing sensor on the SDIO electronics module.   |
| F.540                | Burner in a fault state.                              | Condensate backup in the heat cell.  | <ul> <li>Check system for condensate backup.</li> <li>Check the condensate drain and trap.</li> <li>Replace insulation blocks, electrodes and burner gauze assembly if required.</li> </ul>  |
|                      |   |  | <b>Note</b><br>To prevent water damage, detach<br>fan unit before removing the burn-<br>er.  |
|                      |   |  | Reset the appliance.   |
| F.544                | Mixer closes. Heating circuit<br>pump is operational. | Lead break, flow tempera-<br>ture sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 2 with mixer.<br>Incorrect setting during<br>commissioning. | <ul> <li>Check flow temperature sensor,<br/>mixer 2.</li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input<br/>on electronics module. Setpoint:<br/>3.3 V with sensor disconnected</li> <li>Check commissioning assistant<br/>setting.</li> <li>Check setting of ADIO rotary<br/>switch.</li> </ul> |
| F.545                | Mixer closes. Heating circuit pump is operational.    | Short circuit, flow temper-<br>ature sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 2 with mixer.  | Check flow temperature sensor,<br>mixer 2.<br>Measure voltage at sensor input on<br>electronics module. Setpoint:<br>3.3 V— with sensor disconnected   |
| F.546                | Mixer closes. Heating circuit<br>pump is operational. | Lead break, flow tempera-<br>ture sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 3 with mixer  | <ul> <li>Check flow temperature sensor, mixer 3.</li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input on electronics module. Setpoint: 3.3 V with sensor disconnected</li> <li>Check commissioning assistant setting.</li> <li>Check setting of ADIO rotary switch.</li> </ul>                     |
| F.547                | Mixer closes. Heating circuit pump is operational.    | Short circuit, flow temper-<br>ature sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 3 with mixer.  | Check flow temperature sensor,<br>mixer 3.<br>Measure voltage at sensor input on<br>electronics module. Setpoint:<br>3.3 V— with sensor disconnected   |

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics                                | Cause   | Measures   |
|----------------------|---|---|--|
| F.548                | Mixer closes. Heating circuit<br>pump is operational. | Short circuit, flow temper-<br>ature sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 4 with mixer  | <ul> <li>Check flow temperature sensor,<br/>mixer 4.</li> <li>Measure voltage at sensor input<br/>on electronics module. Setpoint:<br/>3.3 V with sensor disconnected</li> <li>Check commissioning assistant<br/>setting.</li> <li>Check setting of ADIO rotary<br/>switch.</li> </ul> |
| F.549                | Mixer closes. Heating circuit pump is operational.    | Short circuit, flow temper-<br>ature sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 4 with mixer. | Check flow temperature sensor,<br>mixer 4.<br>Measure voltage at sensor input on<br>electronics module. Setpoint:<br>3.3 V with sensor disconnected  |
| F.574                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Room temperature sensor<br>in heating circuit 1 not<br>available.               | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.<br>Check setting of parameter 933.6.  |
| F.575                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Lead break, room temper-<br>ature sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 1.               | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.   |
| F.576                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Short circuit, room tem-<br>perature sensor, heating<br>circuit 1.              | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.   |
| F.577                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Room temperature sensor<br>in heating circuit 2 not<br>available.               | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.<br>Check setting of parameter 934.6.  |
| F.578                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Lead break, room temper-<br>ature sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 2.               | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.   |
| F.579                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Short circuit, room tem-<br>perature sensor, heating<br>circuit 2.              | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.   |
| F.580                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Room temperature sen-<br>sor, heating circuit 3 not<br>available.               | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.<br>Check setting of parameter 935.6.  |
| F.581                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Lead break, room temper-<br>ature sensor in heating<br>circuit 3.               | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.   |
| F.582                | Normal operation without room influence.              | Short circuit, room tem-<br>perature sensor in heating<br>circuit 3.            | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.   |

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics   | Cause   | Measures  |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| F.583                | Normal operation without room influence.   | Room temperature sensor<br>in heating circuit 4 not<br>available. | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.<br>Check setting of parameter 936.6.                                       |
| F.584                | Normal operation without room influence.   | Lead break, room temper-<br>ature sensor, heating cir-<br>cuit 4. | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.  |
| F.585                | Normal operation without room influence.   | Short circuit, room tem-<br>perature sensor, heating circuit 4.   | Check external room temperature<br>sensor in heating circuit or room<br>temperature sensor for remote<br>control unit.  |
| F.666                | No solar function with pre-<br>heating active. Second cylin-<br>der and solar transfer pump<br>not working.  | Lead break, DHW pre-<br>heating sensor TS3.                       | Check temperature sensor TS3.   |
| F.667                | No solar function with pre-<br>heating active. 2nd DHW cyl-<br>inder and solar transfer pump<br>not working. | Short circuit, sensor for DHW preheating TS3.                     | Check temperature sensor TS3.   |
| F.668                | No solar function with pre-<br>heating active. 2nd DHW cyl-<br>inder and solar transfer pump<br>not working. | Lead break, DHW reheat-<br>ing sensor TS4.                        | Check temperature sensor TS4.   |
| F.669                | No solar function with pre-<br>heating active. Second cylin-<br>der and solar transfer pump<br>not working.  | Short circuit, DHW pre-<br>heating sensor TS4.                    | Check temperature sensor TS4.   |
| F.670                | No solar central heating backup.   | Lead break, buffer tem-<br>perature sensor TS3.                   | Check temperature sensor TS3.   |
| F.671                | No solar central heating backup.   | Short circuit, buffer tem-<br>perature sensor TS3.                | Check temperature sensor TS3.   |
| F.672                | No solar function with ther-<br>mostat function and solar<br>transfer pump not working.                      | Lead break, thermostat<br>function temperature sen-<br>sor TS3.   | Check temperature sensor TS3.   |
| F.673                | No solar function with ther-<br>mostat function and solar<br>transfer pump not working.                      | Short circuit, thermostat function temperature sensor TS3.        | Check temperature sensor TS3.   |
| F.682                | Burner in a fault state.   | Air mass flow rate sensor not available.                          | Check air mass flow rate sensor.  |
| F.683                | Burner in a fault state.   | Air mass flow rate sensor faulty.                                 | Check air mass flow rate sensor.  |
| F.684                | Burner in a fault state.   | Back draught safety de-<br>vice faulty.                           | Check back draught safety device.   |
| F.688                | MZIO electronics module in emergency mode.   | MZIO electronics module communication error.                      | Check setting in the commission-<br>ing assistant and correct if re-<br>quired.<br>Check connections and leads to<br>the MZIO electronics module.<br>Check PlusBus voltage level<br>(24 to 28 V). |

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| Displayed fault code | System characteristics                | Cause  | Measures   |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| F.693                | Burner in a fault state.              | Lead break, flue gas tem-<br>perature sensor.  | Check flue gas temperature sen-<br>sor.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.694                | Burner in a fault state.              | Signal comparison, devia-<br>tion, flue gas high limit<br>safety cut-out.  | <ul> <li>Check plug-in connection and<br/>sensor lead.</li> <li>Check sensor. Replace sensor if<br/>required.</li> <li>Reset the appliance.</li> </ul> |
| F.696                | Burner in a fault state.              | Short circuit, flue gas tem-<br>perature sensor.   | Check flue gas temperature sen-<br>sor.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.762                | System in a fault state.              | System pressure too low.   | Top up with water. Vent the sys-<br>tem.<br>If the fault occurs repeatedly:<br>Check the diaphragm expansion<br>vessel.                                |
| F.763                | System in a fault state.              | Gas pressure too high.   | Check gas pressure.<br>Inform the gas supplier if necessa-<br>ry.  |
| F.764                | System in a fault state.              | Lag appliance reports a fault.   | Check lag appliance fault.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.765                | System in a fault state.              | Lag appliance communi-<br>cation error.  | Check lag appliance communica-<br>tion.<br>Reset the appliance.  |
| F.797                | No DHW heating, no heating operation. | Mechanical fault, heating circuit pump.  | Check pump, replace if required.<br>Reset the appliance.   |
| F.799                | No DHW heating, no heating operation. | Central heating circuit<br>pump reports an electrical<br>fault.<br>Heating system cannot be<br>operated as no flow rate is<br>available. | Switch appliance off and on again<br>at the appliance switch. If this oc-<br>curs repeatedly, replace the heat-<br>ing circuit pump.                   |

# Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics | Cause   | Measures  |
|----------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| F.980                | No DHW heating.        | <ul> <li>Minimum system pressure<br/>before the start of DHW<br/>heating is too low. Possi-<br/>ble causes:</li> <li>Shut-off or too much<br/>constriction</li> <li>Scaling, sludge</li> <li>Incorrect hydraulic con-<br/>figuration</li> <li>Faulty circulation pump,<br/>air in the heating circuit</li> <li>Unstable or excessively<br/>low system pressure</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Check that the cylinder flow and return are open.</li> <li>Ensure that all quick-action air vent valves on the appliance side are permanently open.</li> <li>Restart the venting program of the heating circuit (selection via service menu).</li> <li><i>Note</i> <ul> <li><i>Quick-action air vent valves in the boiler circuit must be permanently open!</i></li> <li>Check the set hydraulic scheme and correct if necessary.</li> <li>Check the size and pre-charge pressure of the external DEV (diaphragm expansion vessel).</li> <li>Check the set system pressure (this fault is more likely if the system pressure is too low).</li> <li>Check the pump and replace if faulty.</li> <li>Check the pump and replace if faulty.</li> <li>Pause time for DHW heating can be terminated by a mains reset of the HMU. Switch the appliance off and on again at the appliance switch.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

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# Troubleshooting

## Fault messages (cont.)

| Displayed fault code | System characteristics                | Cause  | Measures  |  |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| F.981                | No DHW heating.                       | <ul> <li>Minimum system pressure<br/>is too low during DHW<br/>heating. Possible causes:</li> <li>Shut-off or too much<br/>constriction</li> <li>Scaling, sludge</li> <li>Incorrect hydraulic con-<br/>figuration</li> <li>Faulty circulation pump,<br/>air in the heating circuit</li> <li>Unstable or excessively<br/>low system pressure</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Restart the venting program of the heating circuit (selection via service menu).</li> <li>Note <ul> <li>Quick-action air vent valves in the boiler circuit must be permanently open!</li> </ul> </li> <li>Check the set hydraulic scheme and correct if necessary.</li> <li>Check the size and pre-charge pressure of the external DEV (diaphragm expansion vessel).</li> <li>Check the set system pressure (this fault is more likely if the system pressure is too low).</li> <li>Check the quick-action air vent valves for leaks; replace if faulty.</li> <li>Check the pump and replace if faulty.</li> <li>Pause time for DHW heating can be terminated by a mains reset of the HMU. Switch the appliance off and on again at the appliance switch.</li> </ul> |  |
| F.982                | No DHW heating, no heating operation. | Heating circuit pump,<br>heating circuit 1 running<br>dry.   | Check pump and diaphragm ex-<br>pansion vessel.<br>Check water pressure.  |  |

#### Note

If subscriber faults occur, **"Fault, subscriber ..."** is displayed.

# Further messages

#### Service messages

| Message on the display | Meaning                             |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| P.1                    | Service due after interval.         |
| P.4                    | Top up heating water.               |
| P.8                    | Service due after burner hours run. |

## Status messages

| Message on the display | Meaning   |
|------------------------|---|
| S.9                    | Fan pre-purge for heating mode                            |
| S.29                   | Standard mode for heating                                 |
| S.36                   | Comfort mode for DHW draw-off                             |
| S.59                   | Flue gas temperature sensor test active                   |
| S.60                   | Summer mode active (outside temperature economy function) |
| S.74                   | Heating suppression, heating                              |
| S.75                   | DHW circulation pump active                               |

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# Further messages (cont.)

| Message on the display | Meaning  |
|------------------------|--|
| S.94                   | No demand, external hook-up, heating circuit 1                                     |
| S.95                   | No demand, external hook-up, heating circuit 2                                     |
| S.96                   | No demand, external hook-up, heating circuit 3                                     |
| S.154                  | Due to insufficient heat transfer in heating system, burner operation not required |

# Warning messages

| Messages on the display | Meaning  | Measure  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| A.11                    | System pressure has fallen below normal limit. | Top up with water or notify heating contrac-<br>tor.   |
| A.12                    | Real time clock battery flat.                  | Replace the battery (type CR2032) in the HMU heat management unit.   |
| A.18                    | Possible condensate backup in the heat cell    | Check combustion chamber and conden-<br>sate drain.<br>Condensate may escape when the burner<br>door is removed. Take appropriate precau-<br>tions to protect the electronic components.<br>If there is condensate backup as far as the<br>combustion chamber, replace the insulation<br>ring, insulation block, insulation mats, ioni-<br>sation electrode, ignition electrode, burner<br>gauze assembly and burner gauze assem-<br>bly gasket. |
| A.19                    | Temperature limiter has responded              |  |
| A.20                    | Service interval could not be activated.       | Check the time and date settings.  |

# Information

| Message on the display | Meaning   |
|------------------------|---|
| 1.56                   | External demand active  |
| 1.57                   | External blocking active  |
| 1.59                   | Parameters were restored (parameter set was flashed to BCU electronics module).             |
| 1.93                   | Can occur along with fault messages F.89, F.797, F.799. F.982, see chapter "Fault messages" |

#### Repairs

# Please note

Residual water will escape when the boiler or one of the following components is fitted or removed:

- Water-filled pipework
- Heat exchanger
- Circulation pumps
- Plate heat exchanger
- Components fitted in the heating water or DHW circuit.

Water ingress can result in damage to other components.

Protect the following components against ingress of water:

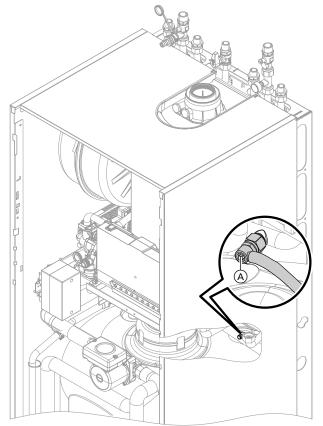
- Control unit components (especially in the service position)
- Electrical components
- Plug-in connections
- Cables and leads

#### Shutting down the boiler

- **1.** Turn off the power supply at the ON/OFF switch.
- 2. Shut off the gas supply.

- 3. If the boiler needs to be removed:
  - Isolate the system from the power supply, e.g. by removing the separate fuse or by means of a mains isolator, and check that it is no longer live.
  - Safeguard the system against reconnection.
  - Disconnect the balanced flue system.
  - Drain the boiler on the heating water and DHW sides.
  - Disconnect the on-site cables/leads.

#### Draining the boiler on the heating water side



#### Fig. 55

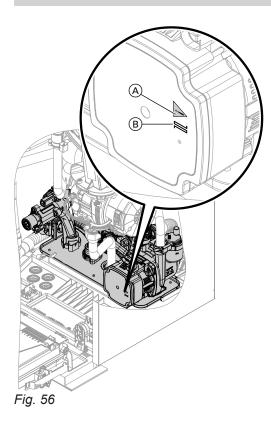
- 1. Close the shut-off valves on the heating water side.
- 2. Connect hose to air vent valve (A) and route it into a suitable container or drain outlet.
- **3.** By means of an actuator test, move the 3-way valve to its centre position.

#### Status/checking/diagnosing the internal circulation pump

The internal circulation pump is fitted with two status LEDs.

**4.** Open air vent valve (A) and drain the boiler as much as required.

Service

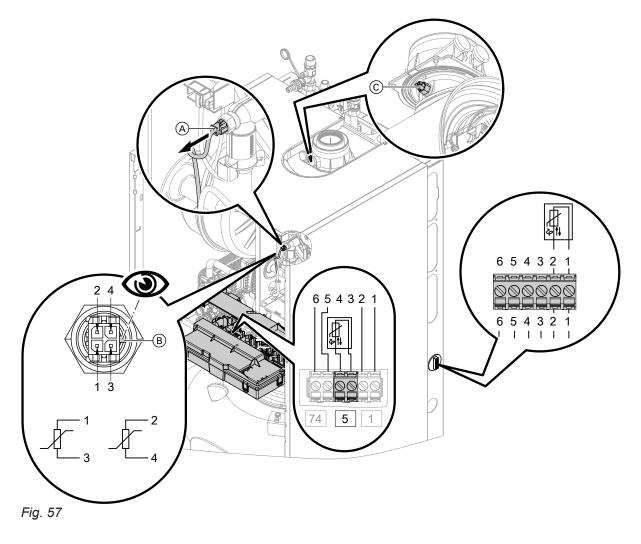


- B LED constant green: No communication (pump is running without external control from the boiler controller).
- B LED flashing green: Pump is running with external control (PWM signal) from the boiler controller
- A LED constant red: Pump failure

#### Note

The pump is controlled by a PWM signal. A lead break in the data line will not generate a fault message. The pump is operating at 100 % of its maximum output.

#### Checking the temperature sensors



# Heat generator circuit flow temperature sensor (dual sensor)

- 1. Check the leads and plugs of flow temperature sensors A.
- 2. Disconnect the leads from flow temperature sensors (A).
- **3.** Check the sensor resistance. Note position of guide lug (B).
  - Sensor 1: Connections 1 and 3
  - Sensor 2: Connections 2 and 4

Compare the resistances with the value for the current temperature from the following diagram. In the event of severe deviation (> 10 %), replace the dual sensor.



#### Danger

The dual sensor is directly immersed in the heating water (risk of scalding). Drain the boiler on the heating water side before replacing the sensor.



#### Danger

Risk of electric shock from escaping heating water.

Check the dual sensor for leaks.

# Cylinder temperature sensor/outlet temperature sensor

- Check lead and plug of cylinder temperature sensor 5 or outlet temperature sensor 4.
- 2. Disconnect wires of sensor plug.
- Check the sensor resistance. Compare the resistance with the value for the current temperature from the following diagram. In the event of severe deviation (> 10 %), replace the sensor.

#### Low loss header sensor

- Check lead and plug of temperature sensor 9 on the ADIO electronics module (mixer extension kit).
- 2. Disconnect wires of sensor plug.
- Check the sensor resistance. Compare the resistance with the value for the current temperature from the following diagram. In the event of severe deviation (> 10 %), replace the sensor.

#### Outside temperature sensor

- 1. Check the lead and plug of the outside temperature sensor.
- **2.** Disconnect wires 1 and 2 from the external plug.

#### Note

Depending on appliance version, on floorstanding compact appliances the plug is located inside the appliance.

Check the sensor resistance. Compare the resistance with the value for the current temperature from the following diagram.
 If the results are very different from the curve

(> 10 %), disconnect the wires from the sensor. Repeat the test directly on the sensor. Check the on-site lead. 2-core lead, length up to 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Depending on the test result, replace the lead or the outside temperature sensor.

#### Flue gas temperature sensor

- 1. Check the lead and plug of flue gas temperature sensor ©.
- 2. Disconnect leads, flue gas temperature sensor ©.
- **3.** Rotate sensor (anti-clockwise) by ¼ turn to remove it (bayonet fitting).
- Check the sensor resistance. Compare the resistance with the value for the currently recorded temperature from the following diagram. In the event of severe deviation (> 10 %), replace the sensor.
- 5. Rotate sensor (clockwise) by 1/4 turn to install it.

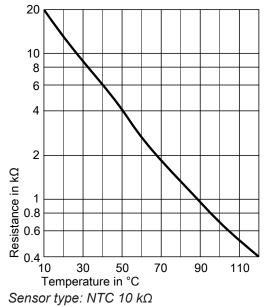


#### Danger

Escaping flue gas can cause poisoning. When restarting, check for leaks on the flue gas side.

- 6. Reconnect leads, flue gas temperature sensor ©.
- 7. If the permissible flue gas temperature has been exceeded, the flue gas temperature sensor locks out the appliance. Reset the burner on the programming unit once the flue system has cooled down.

- Flue gas temperature sensor
- Flow temperature sensor
- Cylinder temperature sensor
- Outlet temperature sensor
- Temperature sensor, low loss header

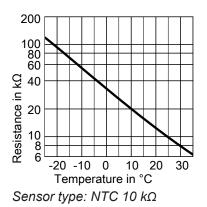


#### Fault during commissioning (fault message F.416)

During commissioning, the control unit checks for correct placement of the flue gas temperature sensor. If fault message F.416 is displayed:

- 1. Check whether the flue gas temperature sensor is correctly installed (bayonet fitting). See previous diagram.
- **2.** If required, correct the position of the flue gas temperature sensor.
- 3. Check the flue gas temperature sensor resistance. See previous chapter. Replace faulty flue gas temperature sensor if required.

Outside temperature sensor



- **4.** Turn off the ON/OFF switch.
- **5.** Turn the ON/OFF switch back on. Restart the commissioning assistant.
- 6. Check for leaks on the flue gas side.

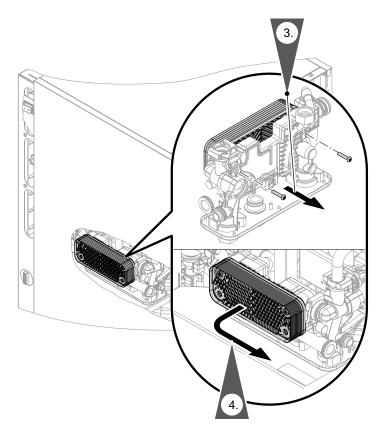
#### Note

If fault message F.416 continues to be displayed although the flue gas temperature sensor has been correctly positioned: Initial commissioning may result in burner faults e.g. caused by air in the gas line. Eliminate the fault and unlock the device.

#### Information on replacing the HMU heat management unit and BCU burner control unit

If the BCU burner control unit and/or HMU heat management unit are replaced, the replacement must be carried out with the help of "ViGuide". See spare part installation instructions and internet address: www.viguide.info

#### Checking the plate heat exchanger



#### Fig. 58

- **1.** Drain the boiler:
  - On the heating water side, see page 113
  - On the DHW side, see page 55
- 2. Move programming unit to maintenance position (see page 32).
- **3.** Undo the fixing screws.
- **4.** Detach the plate heat exchanger and remove towards the front.
- **5.** Check the connections on the heating water and DHW sides for contamination and scaling; replace the plate heat exchanger if necessary.
- 6. Install in reverse order using new gaskets. Torque for fixing screws 3.2 Nm

# Removing the hydraulic unit and return pipe

In case hydraulic unit components have to be replaced.

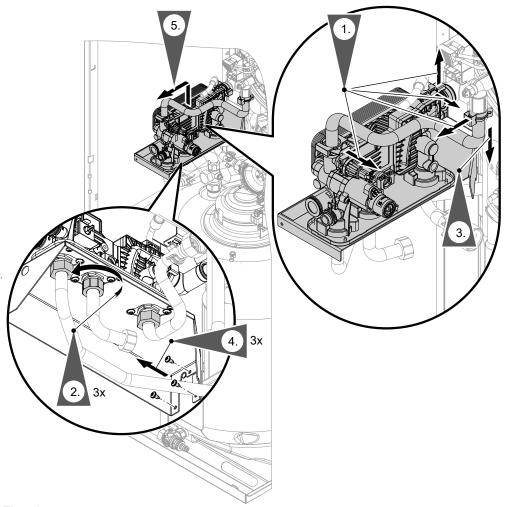


Fig. 59

#### Remove the return pipe:

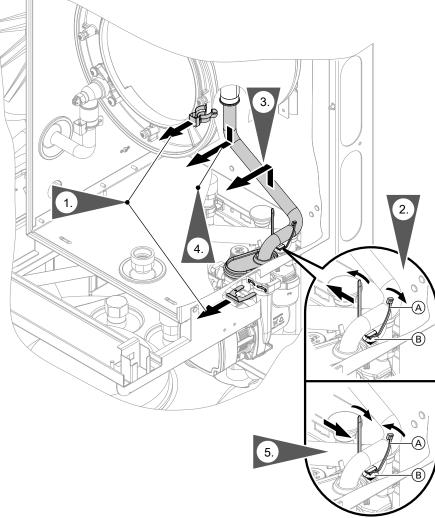


Fig. 60

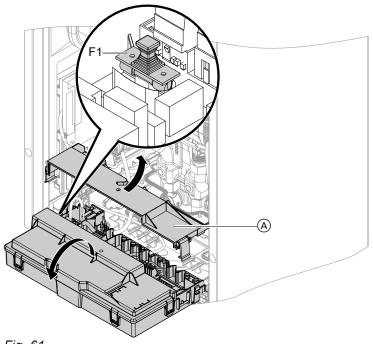
#### Note

After replacing the return pipe, use a new cable tie.

#### Replacing the power cable

When replacing the power cable: Only use the power cable available as a spare part from Viessmann.

#### Checking the fuse



#### Fig. 61

- 1. Turn off the ON/OFF switch.
- **2.** Depending on the configuration: Move programming unit together with bracket to service position.
- 3. Pivot the HMU heat management unit down.
- 4. Remove cover (A).

**5.** Check fuse F1 (see connection and wiring diagram).



#### Danger

Incorrect or improperly fitted fuses can lead to an increased risk of fire.

- Insert fuses without using any force. Position fuses correctly.
- Only use structurally identical types with the specified response characteristics.

## **Control functions**

#### Heating mode

The control unit determines a set flow temperature for the heat generator, subject to the outside temperature or the room temperature and the slope/level of the heating curve.

The determined set flow temperature is transferred to the burner control unit. The burner control unit calculates the modulation level from the set and actual flow temperatures and regulates the burner accordingly. The electronic temperature limiter inside the burner control unit limits the flow temperature.

# Heating circuit pump connection for heating circuit without mixer

Only for systems with several heating circuits.

#### Venting program

During the venting program, the circulation pump will be alternately switched on and off for 30 s over a period of 20 min.

The 3-way diverter valve alternates between central heating and DHW heating for a certain period of time. The burner is switched off during the venting program.

#### Filling program

In the delivered condition, the 3-way diverter valve is set to its central position, so the system can be filled completely. After the control unit has been switched on, the 3-way diverter valve no longer goes into its central position.

If the system is to be filled with the control unit switched on, the 3-way diverter valve is moved to its central position in the filling program and the pump is started.

#### Heating curve

The heating curves represent the relationship between the outside temperature and the flow temperature. Simplified: The lower the outside temperature, the higher the flow temperature must be in order to reach the room temperature set point.

Factory settings:

Slope = 1.4

Level = 0

If a heating circuit without mixer is connected downstream of the low loss header, the circulation pump can be connected to output P2. The function of the output is set in the commissioning assistant.



To start the commissioning assistant: See "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

If output P2 is being used for another function, the circulation pump can be connected to an EM-P1 extension (accessories).

Activate venting program: See chapter "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

Activate filling program: See chapter "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

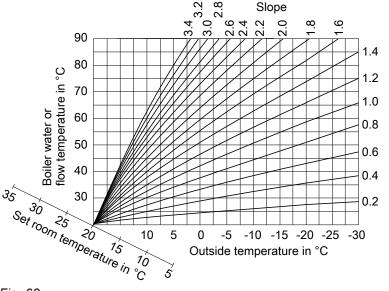
In this position, the control unit can be switched off and the system can be filled completely. When the function is enabled, the burner shuts down. The program automatically becomes inactive after 20 min.

#### Note

If heating circuits with mixer are present in the heating system: The flow temperature of the heat generator is one differential temperature higher than the flow temperature for the heating circuits with mixer. Differential temperature in delivered condition set to 8 K.

The differential temperature is adjustable using the following parameters:

- Heating circuit 2: Parameter 934.5
- Heating circuit 3: Parameter 935.5
- Heating circuit 4: Parameter 936.5





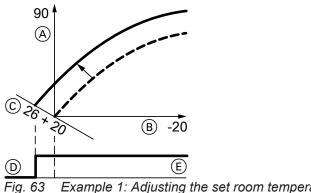
Slope setting ranges:

- Underfloor heating systems: 0.2 to 0.8
- Low temperature heating systems: 0.8 to 1.6

#### Set room temperature

# Standard room temperature or comfort room temperature

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit. The heating curve is offset along the set room temperature axis. The start and stop points of the heating circuit pumps depend on the Heating limit... outside temperature, heating circuit... setting.



ig. 63 Example 1: Adjusting the set room temperature from 20 to 26 °C

- (A) Flow temperature in °C
- B Outside temperature in °C
- © Set room temperature in °C
- D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- (E) Heating circuit pump "ON"

Changing the set room temperature

Operating instructions

**Reduced room temperature** 

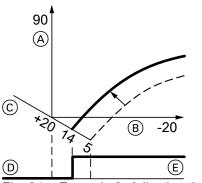
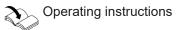


Fig. 64 Example 2: Adjusting the reduced set room temperature from 5 °C to 14 °C

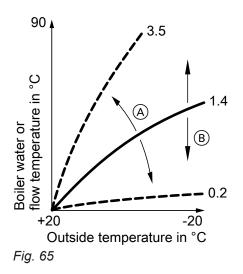
- (A) Flow temperature in °C
- B Outside temperature in °C
- © Set room temperature in °C
- D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- (E) Heating circuit pump "ON"

Changing the reduced set room temperature



#### Changing the slope and level

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit.



- A Changing the slope
- (B) Changing the level (vertical parallel offset of the heating curve)

#### Raising the flow temperature of the heating circuits during operation with room temperature hook-up

The higher the value, the greater the influence of the room temperature on the flow temperature of the heat-ing circuit.

#### Screed drying

When enabling screed drying, observe the information provided by the screed manufacturer.

When screed drying is activated, the heating circuit pumps of **all** heating circuits are switched on and the flow temperature is maintained at the set profile. After completion (30 days), the heating circuits with mixer are automatically controlled with the set parameters.

#### Note

With a combi boiler, DHW heating is not possible during screed drying. With a system boiler or storage combi boiler, after 30 minutes DHW heating is suspended for an hour (parameter 1087.1) in order to run the screed drying program.

Observe EN 1264. The report to be provided by the heating contractor must contain the following details regarding heat-up:

- Heat-up data with the relevant set flow temperatures
- Max. flow temperature achieved.
- Operating state and outside temperature at handover

#### Room influence factor parameter

| Heating circuit   | Parameter   |
|-------------------|---|
| 1 (without mixer) | 933.7 (only set if just one heating circuit is installed) |
| 2 (with mixer)    | 934.7   |
| 3 (with mixer)    | 935.7   |
| 4 (with mixer)    | 936.7   |

Example for determining the increase in the flow temperature using the value of the heating curve when the actual room temperature deviates from the set room temperature:

- Set room temperature = 20.0 °C (RT set)
- Actual room temperature = 18.0 °C (RT actual)
- Heating curve slope =1.4
- Room influence factor = 8 (delivered condition)

#### Determining the increase in flow temperature

(RT set - RT actual) x (1 + slope) x room influence factor/4 = raising the flow temperature via heating curve value

(20 - 18) x (1 + 1.4) x 8/4 = 9.6

Increase in flow temperature via heating curve value = 9.6 K  $\,$ 

Different temperature profiles can be set via parameter 897.0.

#### Note

Temperature profile 6 ends after 21 days.

The function continues after a power failure or after the control unit has been switched off. When screed drying has completed or been manually switched off, the system is regulated in accordance with the selected parameters.

#### Parameter 897.0 "Screed drying":

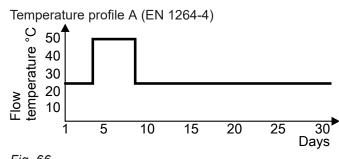


Fig. 66

Temperature profile B (ZV parquet and flooring technology)

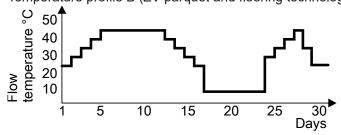
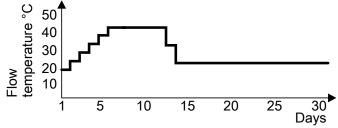


Fig. 67

Temperature profile C





Temperature profile D

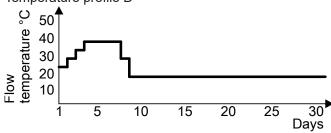
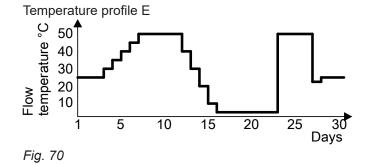
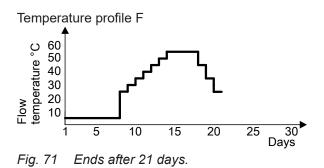


Fig. 69



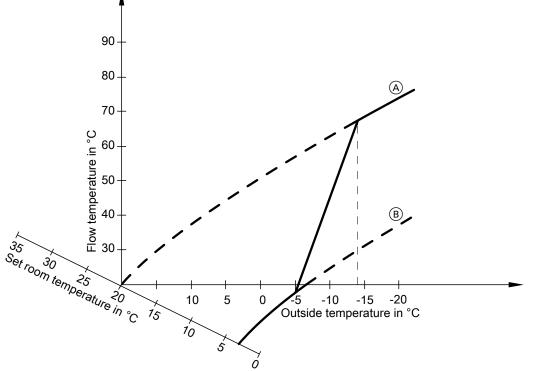
Functions



#### Raising the reduced room temperature

During operation at reduced room temperature, the reduced set room temperature can be automatically raised subject to the outside temperature. The temperature is raised in accordance with the selected heating curve, and no higher than the standard set room temperature or comfort room temperature. Depending on which set room temperature will become active in the next time phase.

Example using the settings in the delivered condition



#### Fig. 72

Functions

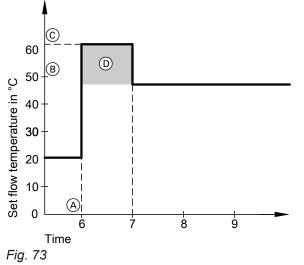
- A Heating curve for operation at standard room temperature or comfort room temperature
- (B) Heating curve for operation at reduced room temperature

The outside temperature limits for the start and end of temperature raising can be set in parameters 1139.0 and 1139.1.

## Reducing the heat-up time

During the transition from operation at reduced room temperature to operation at standard room temperature or comfort room temperature, the flow temperature will be raised in accordance with the selected heating curve.

#### Example



- (A) Start of operation at standard room temperature or comfort room temperature
- (B) Set flow temperature in accordance with the set heating curve

The value and duration of the additional increase in the set flow temperature is adjusted in parameters 424.3 and 424.4.

- © Set flow temperature in accordance with parameter 424.3
- Duration of operation with higher set flow temperature in accordance with parameter 424.4:
   60 min

# **DHW** heating

# Heating the DHW loading cylinder from cold

The heating circuit pump is switched ON and the 3way diverter valve will be changed over, if the cylinder temperature sensor captures a temperature lower than the defaulted set value.

- The cylinder loading pump is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≥ set cylinder temperature.
- The burner is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≤ set cylinder temperature, and the cylinder loading pump is switched ON when the required boiler water temperature is reached.

# Reheating when DHW is drawn off

When DHW is drawn off, cold water enters the lower section of the loading cylinder.

The heating circuit pump is switched ON and the 3way diverter valve is changed over, if the cylinder temperature sensor captures a temperature lower than the defaulted set value. The loading cylinder is heated up to the set cylinder temperature. Heating stops when the specified temperature has been reached at the cylinder temperature sensor.

- The cylinder loading pump is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≥ set cylinder temperature.
- The burner is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≤ set cylinder temperature, and the cylinder loading pump is switched ON when the required boiler water temperature is reached.

DHW is regulated to the set temperature via the outlet temperature sensor.

#### DHW heating (cont.)

After the draw-off process has ended, the loading cylinder continues to be heated up until the set DHW temperature is reached at the cylinder temperature sensor.

#### **Increased DHW hygiene**

The DHW can be heated to a specified (higher) set DHW temperature (approx. 65  $^{\circ}$ C) for a period of one hour.

 $\underline{\wedge}$ 

#### Danger

Risk of injury due to increased DHW temperature.

Inform the system user of the risk from the raised outlet temperature at the draw-off points. If required, provide on-site scald protection measures.

#### External heating circuit hook-up (if installed)

#### Note

Only in conjunction with weather-compensated operation.

- Function:
  - If the external demand is active (plug 96 or digital input on DIO electronics module closed), the heating circuit is supplied with heat.
  - If the external demand is inactive (contact open), heat supply to the heating circuit ends (regardless of the current set room temperature or the switching time).

The following status messages are shown on the display of the control unit:

- S.94 (heating circuit 1)
- S.95 (heating circuit 2)
- S.96 (heating circuit 3)

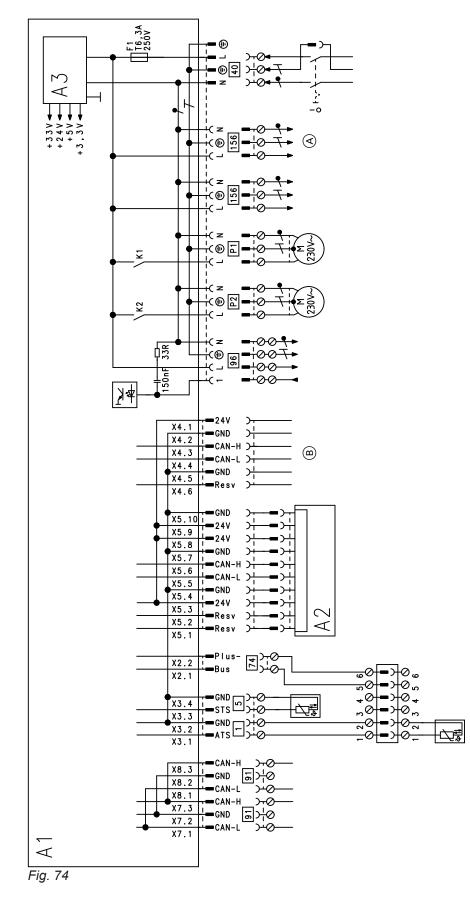
#### Please note

There is no frost protection for the connected heating circuits.

- Connection:
  - If just one heating circuit is hooked up, use connection at plug 96: See page 24.
  - If several heating circuits (max. 3) are hooked up, connect all contacts at EM-EA1 extension (DIO electronics module) to subscriber no. 1 (rotary switch = 1).

See EM-EA1 extension installation instructions

# HMU heat management unit



- A1 HMU heat management unit
- A2 HMI programming unit with communication module (TCU 200)
- A3 Power supply unit

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X... Electrical interfaces

- ① Outside temperature sensor
- 5 Cylinder temperature sensor
- 40 Power supply
- 74 PlusBus
- 91 CAN bus

# HMU heat management unit (cont.)

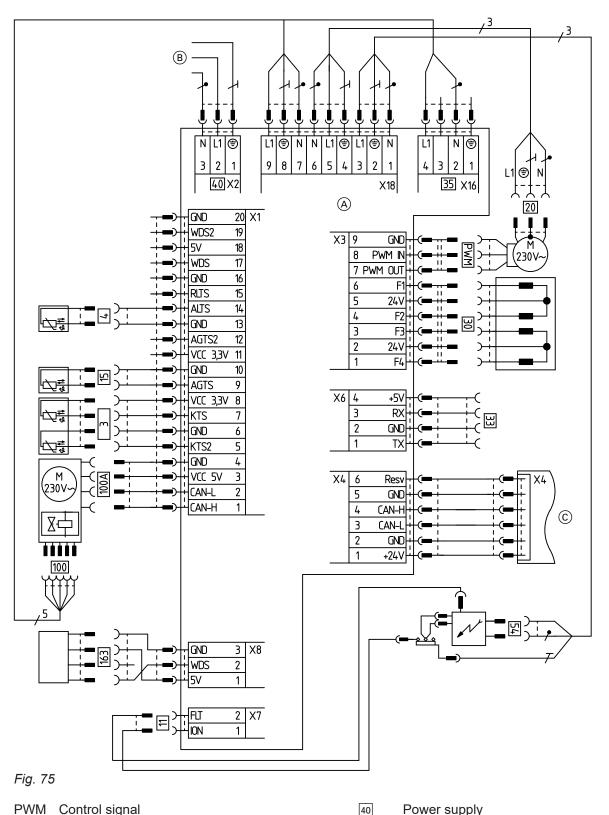
- 96 230 V floating input, 230 V output. For connection of floating switching contact, see page 24
- 156Mains voltage outputP1Cylinder loading pump
- P2 Parametrisable output for:
  - DHW circulation pump or
  - Circulation pump for heating circuit without mixer

To BCU burner control unit

(A) (B) To BCU burner control unit

# Connection and wiring diagram

# **BCU burner control unit**



# Appendix

- PWM Control signal
- **Electrical interfaces** Х...
- 3A/B Flow temperature sensors 1 and 2
- 4 Outlet temperature sensor
- 11 Ionisation electrode
- 15 Flue gas temperature sensor
- 20 Internal circulation pump (primary pump) 3-way diverter valve
- 30 35 Gas solenoid valve

54 Fan motor 100 100 A Fan motor control Water pressure sensor 163 Water pressure sensor 163 A

Ignition unit

- A BCU burner control unit
- HMU heat management unit (plug 156) (B)
- (C) HMU heat management unit (plug X4)

# Commissioning/service reports

| Settings and test values   |              | Set value                         | Commission-<br>ing | Maintenance/<br>service | Maintenance/<br>service |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Date   |              |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| Signature  |              |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| Static pressure  | mbar<br>kPa  | ≤ 57.5<br>≤ 5.75                  |                    |                         |                         |
| Supply pressure (flow pres-<br>sure)                             |              |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| For natural gas  | mbar<br>kPa  | See table<br>"Supply              |                    |                         |                         |
| For LPG  | mbar<br>kPa  | pressure"<br>(Commis-<br>sioning) |                    |                         |                         |
| Enter gas type   |              |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| <b>Carbon dioxide content CO<sub>2</sub></b><br>With natural gas |              |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| <ul> <li>At lower heating output</li> </ul>                      | % by<br>vol. | See "Check-<br>ing the com-       |                    |                         |                         |
| <ul> <li>At upper heating output</li> </ul>                      | % by<br>vol. | bustion qual-<br>ity" (Com-       |                    |                         |                         |
| For LPG  |              | mission-                          |                    |                         |                         |
| <ul> <li>At lower heating output</li> </ul>                      | % by<br>vol. | _ ing)                            |                    |                         |                         |
| <ul> <li>At upper heating output</li> </ul>                      | % by<br>vol. | _                                 |                    |                         |                         |
| Oxygen content O <sub>2</sub>                                    |              |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| <ul> <li>At lower heating output</li> </ul>                      | % by<br>vol. |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| <ul> <li>At upper heating output</li> </ul>                      | % by<br>vol. |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| Carbon monoxide content<br>CO                                    |              |                                   |                    |                         |                         |
| <ul> <li>At lower heating output</li> </ul>                      | ppm          | < 1000                            |                    |                         |                         |
| At upper heating output  | ppm          | < 1000                            |                    |                         |                         |

# Specification

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#### Use with single connection

|  | ,           | · · ·       | Γ.            |             |  |
|--|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| Gas boiler, type B and C, category $II_{\text{2N3P}}$                        |             |             |               |             |  |
| Туре   |             | L           | B2TF          |             |  |
| Rated heating output range (details to EN                                    | 15502)      |             |               |             |  |
| T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> = 50/30 °C (P(50/30))                         |             |             |               |             |  |
| Natural gas  | kW          | 1.9 to 19   | 1.9 to 25     | 1.9 to 32   |  |
| LPG  | kW          | 2.5 to 19   | 2.5 to 25     | 2.5 to 32   |  |
| T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> = 80/60 °C (Pn(80/60))                        |             |             |               |             |  |
| Natural gas  | kW          | 1.7 to 17.5 | 1.7 to 23     | 1.7 to 29.3 |  |
| LPG  | kW          | 2.2 to 17.5 | 2.2 to 23     | 2.2 to 29.3 |  |
| Rated heating output for DHW heating   |             |             |               |             |  |
| Natural gas  | kW          | 1.7 to 22   | 1.7 to 28.6   | 1.7 to 33.9 |  |
| LPG  | kW          | 2.2 to 22   | 2.2 to 28.6   | 2.2 to 33.9 |  |
| Rated heat input (Qn)  |             |             |               |             |  |
| Natural gas  | kW          | 1.8 to 17.8 | 1.8 to 23.4   | 1.8 to 29.9 |  |
| LPG  | kW          | 2.3 to 17.8 | 2.3 to 23.4   | 2.3 to 29.9 |  |
| Rated heat input for DHW heating (Qnw)                                       | kW          | 17.8        | 23.4          | 29.9        |  |
| Product ID   |             | C           | E-0085CT0017  |             |  |
| IP rating to EN 60529  |             |             | IP X4         |             |  |
| <ul> <li>In conjunction with assembly kit (accesso-<br/>ries)</li> </ul>     |             |             | IP X1         |             |  |
| Protection class   |             | I           |               |             |  |
| NO <sub>x</sub>  | Category    |             | 6             |             |  |
| Gas supply pressure  |             |             |               |             |  |
| Natural gas  | mbar        | 20          | 20            | 20          |  |
|  | kPa         | 2           | 2             | 2           |  |
| LPG  | mbar<br>kPa | 50<br>5     | 50<br>5       | 50<br>5     |  |
| Max. permiss. gas supply pressure <sup>*1</sup>                              |             |             |               |             |  |
| Natural gas  | mbar<br>kPa | 25.0<br>2.5 | 25.0<br>2.5   | 25.0<br>2.5 |  |
| LPG  | mbar        | 57.5        | 57.5          | 57.5        |  |
|  | kPa         | 5.75        | 5.75          | 5.75        |  |
| Sound power level<br>(to EN ISO 15036-1)                                     |             |             |               |             |  |
| – At partial load  | dB(A)       | 38.8        | 38.8          | 38.8        |  |
| <ul> <li>At rated heating output (DHW heating)</li> </ul>                    | dB(A)       | 49.2        | 50.7          | 52.6        |  |
| <b>Power consumption</b> in the delivered condition (incl. circulation pump) | W           | 53          | 79            | 113         |  |
| Rated voltage  | V           | 230         |               |             |  |
| Rated frequency  | Hz          | 50          |               |             |  |
| Appliance fuse protection  | A           | 6.3         |               |             |  |
| Backup fuse (power supply)   | A           |             | 16            |             |  |
| Communication module (integral)  |             |             |               |             |  |
| WiFi frequency band  | MHz         | 2           | 400 to 2483.5 |             |  |
| Max. transmitting power  | dBm         |             | 17            |             |  |
| Low power radio frequency band   | MHz         | 2           | 400 to 2483.5 |             |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> If the gas supply pressure is higher than the maximum permissible value, install a separate gas pressure governor upstream of the system.

• •

## Use with single connection

| Gas boiler, type B and C, category II <sub>2N3P</sub>         |        |             |                     |             |
|---|--------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Туре  |        |             | B2TF                |             |
| Rated heating output range (details to EN                     | 15502) |             |                     |             |
| $T_F/T_R = 50/30 \ ^{\circ}C \ (P(50/30))$                    |        |             |                     |             |
| Natural gas   | kW     | 1.9 to 19   | 1.9 to 25           | 1.9 to 32   |
| LPG   | kW     | 2.5 to 19   | 2.5 to 25           | 2.5 to 32   |
| T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> = 80/60 °C (Pn(80/60))         |        |             |                     |             |
| Natural gas   | kW     | 1.7 to 17.5 | 1.7 to 23           | 1.7 to 29.3 |
| LPG   | kW     | 2.2 to 17.5 | 2.2 to 23           | 2.2 to 29.3 |
| Max. transmitting power                                       | dBm    |             | 6                   |             |
| Supply voltage  | V DC   |             | 24                  |             |
| Power consumption   | W      |             | 4                   |             |
| Permissible ambient temperature                               |        |             |                     |             |
| <ul> <li>During operation</li> </ul>                          | °C     |             | +5 to +35           |             |
| <ul> <li>During storage and transport</li> </ul>              | °C     |             | -5 to +60           |             |
| Electronic temperature limiter setting (TN)                   | °C     |             | 91                  |             |
| Electronic temperature cut-out setting                        | °C     |             | 110                 |             |
| Weight excl. heating water                                    | kg     |             | 111.5               |             |
| Permiss. operating pressure, heating wa-                      | bar    |             | 3                   |             |
| ter side (PMS)  | MPa    |             | 0.3                 |             |
| Water capacity (excl. diaphragm expansion vessel)             | I      | 3.0         | 3.0                 | 3.0         |
| Max. flow temperature   | °C     | 82          | 82                  | 82          |
| Max. flow rate<br>(Limit for the use of hydraulic separation) | l/h    | See         | residual head graph | าร          |
| Nominal circulating water volume<br>At $T_F/T_R = 80/60$ °C   | l/h    | 818         | 1076                | 1374        |
| Expansion vessel  |        |             |                     |             |
| Capacity  | I      | 18          | 18                  | 18          |
| Pre-charge pressure   | bar    | 0.75        | 0.75                | 0.75        |
|   | kPa    | 75          | 75                  | 75          |
| Permiss. operating pressure                                   | bar    | 3           | 3                   | 3           |
|   | MPa    | 0.3         | 0.3                 | 0.3         |
| <b>Connections</b> (with connection accessories)              |        |             |                     |             |
| Boiler flow and return  | R      | 3⁄4         | 3/4                 | 3/4         |
| Cold water and DHW  | R      | 1/2         | 1/2                 | 1/2         |
| DHW circulation   | R      | 1/2         | 1/2                 | 1/2         |
| Dimensions  |        |             |                     |             |
| Length  | mm     | 595         | 595                 | 595         |
| Width   | mm     | 600         | 600                 | 600         |
| Height  | mm     | 1400        | 1400                | 1400        |
| <b>Gas connection</b> (with connection accessories)           | R      | 1/2         | 1/2                 | 1/2         |

Service

#### Use with single connection

| Use with single connection   |          |             |           |             |
|--|----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Gas boiler, type B and C, category $II_{\text{2N3P}}$                    |          |             |           |             |
| Туре   |          |             | B2TF      |             |
| Rated heating output range (details to E                                 | N 15502) |             |           |             |
| T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> = 50/30 °C (P(50/30))                     |          |             |           |             |
| Natural gas  | kW       | 1.9 to 19   | 1.9 to 25 | 1.9 to 32   |
| LPG  | kW       | 2.5 to 19   | 2.5 to 25 | 2.5 to 32   |
| T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> = 80/60 °C (Pn(80/60))                    |          |             |           |             |
| Natural gas  | kW       | 1.7 to 17.5 | 1.7 to 23 | 1.7 to 29.3 |
| LPG  | kW       | 2.2 to 17.5 | 2.2 to 23 | 2.2 to 29.3 |
| DHW loading cylinder   |          |             |           |             |
| Capacity   | I        | 100         | 100       | 100         |
| Permiss. operating pressure (DHW side)                                   | bar      | 10          | 10        | 10          |
|  | MPa      | 1           | 1         | 1           |
| Continuous DHW output  | kW       | 19.74       | 26.53     | 32.50       |
| For DHW heating from 10 to 45 °C   | l/h      | 484.80      | 648.80    | 793.80      |
| Performance factor $N_{L^{*2}}$  |          | 1.4         | 2.1       | 2.6         |
| Initial DHW output<br>For DHW heating from 10 to 45 °C                   | l/10 min | 163.70      | 196.20    | 215.50      |
| <b>Supply values</b><br>Relative to the max. load and<br>1013 mbar/15 °C |          |             |           |             |
| Natural gas E  | m³/h     | 2.40        | 3.12      | 3.69        |
| Natural gas LL   | m³/h     | 2.79        | 3.63      | 4.29        |
| LPG  | kg/h     | 1.76        | 2.29      | 2.71        |
| Flue gas parameters  |          |             |           |             |
| Temperature (at a return temperature of 30 °C)                           |          |             |           |             |
| – At max. heating output   | °C       | 41          | 46        | 59          |
| – At partial load  | °C       | 38          | 38        | 38          |
| Temperature (at a return temperature of 60 °C)                           | °C       | 65          | 67        | 72          |
| Mass flow rate (for DHW heating)   |          |             |           |             |
| Natural gas  | ka/b     | 21.7        | 41.6      | 54.0        |
| - At max. heating output   | kg/h     | 31.7        | 41.6      | 54.9        |
| <ul> <li>At partial load (single connection)</li> <li>LPG</li> </ul>     | kg/h     | 3.3         | 3.3       | 3.3         |
| <ul> <li>At rated heating output</li> </ul>                              | kg/h     | 30.1        | 41.0      | 53.9        |
| – At partial load  | kg/h     | 3.9         | 3.9       | 3.9         |
| Available draught (single connection)*3                                  | Pa       | 200         | 341       | 600         |
|  | mbar     | 2.0         | 3.41      | 6.0         |
| Max. amount of condensate<br>To DWA-A 251                                | l/h      | 3.2         | 4.1       | 4.9         |
| Condensate connection (hose nozzle)                                      | Ømm      | 20 - 24     | 20 - 24   | 20 - 24     |
| Flue gas connection  | Ømm      | 60          | 60        | 60          |
| Ventilation air connection   | Ømm      | 100         | 100       | 100         |

<sup>1</sup><sup>2</sup> At 70 °C average boiler water temperature and cylinder storage temperature Tcyl = 60 °C. DHW performance factor N<sub>L</sub> depends on cylinder storage temperature Tcyl. Standard values: Tcyl = 60 °C  $\rightarrow$  1.0 × N<sub>L</sub> Tcyl = 55 °C  $\rightarrow$  0.75 × N<sub>L</sub> Tcyl = 50 °C  $\rightarrow$  0.55 × N<sub>L</sub> Tcyl = 45 °C  $\rightarrow$  0.3 × N<sub>L</sub>.

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<sup>\*3</sup> CH: Available draught 200 Pa; 2.0 mbar

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#### Use with single connection

| B2TF                                  |  |   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
|                                       |  |   |
|                                       |  |   |
| 1.9 to 19                             | 1.9 to 25  | 1.9 to 32   |
| 2.5 to 19                             | 2.5 to 25  | 2.5 to 32   |
|                                       |  |   |
| 1.7 to 17.5                           | 1.7 to 23  | 1.7 to 29.3   |
| 2.2 to 17.5                           | 2.2 to 23  | 2.2 to 29.3   |
| I                                     | L.   |   |
| Up to 98 (H <sub>s</sub> ) [gross cv] |  |   |
|                                       |  |   |
| A                                     | A  | А   |
| A                                     | A  | A   |
| 93                                    | 93   | 94  |
|                                       |  |   |
|                                       | 2.5 to 19<br>1.7 to 17.5<br>2.2 to 17.5<br>Up to<br>A<br>A | 1.9 to 19       1.9 to 25         2.5 to 19       2.5 to 25         1.7 to 17.5       1.7 to 23         2.2 to 17.5       2.2 to 23         Up to 98 (H <sub>s</sub> ) [gross cv]         A       A         A       A         A       A         A       A |

#### Note

With appliances for use in multiple connection (vertical) and cascades (horizontal), the specification in the table **above** apply, with the exception of the following data – see table on appliances for multiple connection on page 136

#### Use with multiple connection

| Gas boiler, type B and C, category II <sub>2N3P</sub>   |      |             |             |             |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Туре  |      | B2TF        |             |             |
| Rated heating output range (to EN 15502)<br>$T_F/T_R = 50/30 \text{ °C } (P(50/30))$                        |      |             |             |             |
| Natural gas   | kW   | 5.6 to 19   | 5.6 to 25   | 5.6 to 32   |
| T <sub>F</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> = 80/60 °C (Pn(80/60))   |      |             |             |             |
| Natural gas   | kW   | 5.1 to 17.5 | 5.1 to 23   | 5.1 to 29.3 |
| Rated heating output for DHW heating  |      |             |             |             |
| Natural gas   | kW   | 5.1 to 22   | 5.1 to 28.6 | 5.1 to 33.9 |
| Rated heat input (Qn)   |      |             |             |             |
| Natural gas   | kW   | 5.3 to 17.8 | 5.3 to 23.4 | 5.3 to 29.9 |
| Rated heat input for DHW heating (Qnw)  | kW   | 17.8        | 23.4        | 29.9        |
| Mass flow rate (for DHW heating)  |      |             |             |             |
| Natural gas   |      |             |             |             |
| <ul> <li>At max. heating output</li> </ul>  | kg/h | 31.7        | 41.6        | 54.9        |
| –Partial load multiple connection overpres-<br>sure   |      | 9.7         | 9.7         | 9.7         |
| Available draught C <sub>10</sub> (at header system in-   | Pa   | 25          | 25          | 25          |
| terface)  |      |             |             |             |
|   | mbar | 0.25        | 0.25        | 0.25        |
| Minimal permissible differential pressure between flue gas outlet and air inlet for flue system to $C_{10}$ | Pa   | -200*4      | -200*4      | -200*4      |

#### Specification (cont.)

#### Note

The supply values are only for reference (e.g. in the gas contract application) or for a supplementary, rough estimate to check the volumetric settings. Due to factory settings, the gas pressure must not be altered from these values. Reference: 15 °C, 1013 mbar (101.3 kPa).

#### Flue system types

| Available in the following countries  | Flue system types   |
|---|---|
| AE, AM, AZ, BA, BG, BY, CH, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI,<br>FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, KG, KZ, LI, LT, LV, MD,<br>ME, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SE, SK, TR, UA,<br>UZ | B <sub>23</sub> , B <sub>23P</sub> , B <sub>33</sub> , C <sub>13</sub> , C <sub>33</sub> , C <sub>43</sub> , C <sub>53</sub> , C <sub>63</sub> , C <sub>83</sub> , C <sub>83P</sub> , C <sub>93</sub> |
| BE  | $B_{23}, B_{23P}, B_{33}, C_{13}, C_{33}, C_{43} C_{53}, C_{83}, C_{83P}, C_{93}$   |
| DE, LU, SI  | $      B_{23}, B_{23P}, B_{33}, C_{13X}, C_{33X}, C_{43X}, C_{53X}, C_{63X}, C_{83X}, C_{83P}, \\ C_{93X} $   |

#### Gas categories

| Available in the following countries   | Gas categories                           |
|--|--|
| AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, UA, UZ   | I <sub>2N</sub> /I <sub>2H</sub>         |
| AE, AM, AZ, BA, BG, BY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GR,<br>HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, KG, KZ, LI, LT, LV, LU, MD, ME, MT,<br>NO, PT, RO, RS, RU, SE, SI, SK, TR, UA, UZ | II <sub>2N3P</sub> /II <sub>2H3P</sub>   |
| BE   | I <sub>2N</sub>                          |
| DE, FR   | II <sub>2N3P</sub>                       |
| CY   | I <sub>3P</sub>                          |
| NL   | II <sub>2EK3P</sub>                      |
| PL   | II <sub>2N3P</sub> /II <sub>2ELw3P</sub> |

The gas condensing boiler is suitable for operation with natural gas containing a hydrogen blend of up to 20 % by volume.

#### **Electronic combustion control unit**

The electronic combustion controller utilises the physical correlation between the level of the ionisation current and the air ratio  $\lambda$ . The maximum ionisation current is achieved at an air ratio of 1 for all gas qualities. The ionisation signal is evaluated by the combustion controller. The air ratio is regulated to a value that is between  $\lambda$ = 1.2 and 1.5. This range provides for an optimum combustion quality. Thereafter, the electronic gas train regulates the required gas volume subject to the prevailing gas quality.

To check the combustion quality, the  $CO_2$  content or the  $O_2$  content of the flue gas is measured. The prevailing air ratio is determined using the actual values. To achieve optimum combustion control, the system regularly carries out an automatic self-calibration; also after power failures (shutdown). For this, the combustion is briefly regulated to maximum ionisation current (corresponding to air ratio  $\lambda$ =1). Self-calibration takes place shortly after the burner starts. The process lasts approx. 20 s during which higher than normal CO emissions may occur briefly.

Service

## Final decommissioning and disposal

Viessmann products can be recycled. Components and substances from the system are not part of ordinary domestic waste. For decommissioning, isolate the system from the power supply and allow components to cool down where appropriate.

All components must be disposed of correctly.

# Ordering individual parts for accessories

Please affix accessory labels with part numbers here. Please specify the relevant part no. when ordering individual parts.

=

#### Certificates

#### **Declaration of conformity**

We, Viessmann Climate Solutions SE, D-35108 Allendorf, declare as sole responsible body that the named product complies with the European directives and supplementary national requirements in terms of its design and operational characteristics. Viessmann Climate Solutions SE, D-35108 Allendorf, hereby declares that the radio equipment type of the named product is in compliance with Directive 2014/53/EU. Using the serial number, the full Declaration of Conformity can be found on the following website: www.viessmann.co.uk/eu-conformity

#### Manufacturer's certificate according to the 1st BImSchV [Germany]

We, Viessmann Climate Solutions SE, D-35108 Allendorf, confirm that the product **Vitodens 222-F** complies with the NO<sub>x</sub> limits specified by the 1st BImSchV, paragraph 6 [Germany].

Allendorf, 1 March 2021

Viessmann Climate Solutions SE

Authorised signatory Uwe Engel Senior Vice President Engineering & Technology

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