

Installation and service instructions for contractors

VIESSMANN

Vitodens 200-W
Type B2HA, 120 and 150 kW
Wall mounted gas condensing boiler
Natural gas and LPG version



VITODENS 200-W



Safety instructions



Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

Safety instructions explained



Danger

This symbol warns against the risk of injury.



Please note

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

Note

Details identified by the word "Note" contain additional information.

Target group

These instructions are exclusively intended for qualified contractors.

- Work on gas installations may only be carried out by a registered gas fitter.
- Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

Regulations to be observed

- National installation regulations
- Statutory regulations for the prevention of accidents
- Statutory regulations for environmental protection
- Codes of practice of the relevant trade associations
- Relevant country-specific safety regulations

Safety instructions for working on the system

Working on the system

- Where gas is used as the fuel, close the main gas shut-off valve and safeguard it against unintentional reopening.
- Isolate the system from the power supply, e.g. by removing the separate fuse or by means of a mains isolator, and check that it is no longer live.
- Safeguard the system against reconnection.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment when carrying out any work.



Danger

Hot surfaces and fluids can lead to burns or scalding.

- Before maintenance and service work, switch OFF the appliance and let it cool down.
- Never touch hot surfaces on the boiler, burner, flue system or pipework.



Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.
Prior to commencing work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

Repair work



Please note

Repairing components that fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of the system.
Replace faulty components only with genuine Viessmann spare parts.

Auxiliary components, spare and wearing parts



Please note

Spare and wearing parts that have not been tested together with the system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and making non-approved modifications or conversions can compromise safety and may invalidate our warranty.
For replacements, use only original spare parts supplied or approved by Viessmann.

Safety instructions (cont.)

Safety instructions for operating the system

If you smell gas


Danger

Escaping gas can lead to explosions which may result in serious injury.

- Do not smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks. Never switch lights or electrical appliances on or off.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Evacuate any people from the danger zone.
- Notify your gas or electricity supply utility from outside the building.
- Have the power supply to the building shut off from a safe place (outside the building).

If you smell flue gas


Danger

Flue gas can lead to life threatening poisoning.

- Shut down the heating system.
- Ventilate the installation site.
- Close doors to living spaces to prevent flue gases from spreading.

What to do if water escapes from the appliance


Danger

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of electrocution.
Switch OFF the heating system at the external isolator (e.g. fuse box, domestic distribution board).


Danger

If water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of scalding.
Never touch hot heating water.

Condensate


Danger

Contact with condensate can be harmful to health.
Never let condensate touch your skin or eyes and do not swallow it.

Flue systems and combustion air

Ensure that flue systems are clear and cannot be sealed, for instance due to accumulation of condensate or other external causes.

Ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

Inform system users that subsequent modifications to the building characteristics are not permissible (e.g. cable/pipework routing, cladding or partitions).


Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems, or an inadequate supply of combustion air can cause life threatening poisoning from carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order.
Vents for supplying combustion air must be non-sealable.






Extractors

Operating appliances that exhaust air to the outside (extractor hoods, extractors, air conditioning units, etc.) can create negative pressure. If the boiler is operated at the same time, this can lead to a reverse flow of flue gas.


Danger

The simultaneous operation of the boiler and appliances that exhausts air to the outside can result in life threatening poisoning due to a reverse flow of flue gas.

Fit an interlock circuit or take suitable steps to ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

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Disposal of packaging





Please dispose of packaging waste in line with statutory regulations.

Symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Reference to other document containing further information
	Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out.
	Warning of material losses and environmental pollution
	Live electrical area
	Pay particular attention.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Component must audibly click into place. or Acoustic signal
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fit new component. or In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface.
	Dispose of component correctly.
	Dispose of component at a suitable collection point. Do not dispose of component in domestic waste.

The steps in connection with commissioning, inspection and maintenance are found in the "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance" section and identified as follows:

Symbol	Meaning
	Steps required during commissioning
	Not required during commissioning

Symbol	Meaning
	Steps required during inspection
	Not required during inspection
	Steps required during maintenance
	Not required during maintenance

Intended use

The appliance is intended solely for installation and operation in sealed unvented heating systems that comply with EN 12828, with due attention paid to the associated installation, service and operating instructions. It is only designed for heating up heating water that is of potable water quality.

Intended use presupposes that a fixed installation in conjunction with permissible, system-specific components has been carried out.

Commercial or industrial usage for a purpose other than heating the building or DHW shall be deemed inappropriate.

Any usage beyond this must be approved by the manufacturer in each individual case.

Incorrect usage or operation of the appliance (e.g. the appliance being opened by the system user) is prohibited and will result in an exclusion of liability. Incorrect usage also occurs if the components in the heating system are modified from their intended use (e.g. if the flue gas and ventilation air paths are sealed).

Product information

Vitodens 200-W, type B2HA

Preset for operation with natural gas E and LL. For conversion to LPG P (without conversion kit), see "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

The **Vitodens 200-W** may generally only be delivered to countries listed on the type plate. For deliveries to other countries, approved contractors must arrange individual approval on their own initiative and in accordance with the law of the country in question.

Multi boiler system

For the installation of a multi boiler system, observe the installation instructions for the multi boiler system accessories.

System examples

System examples with hydraulic and electric connection diagrams with function description are available for creating the heating system.

For detailed information on system examples:
www.viessmann-schemes.com

Preparing for installation

Dimensions and connections

- ! Please note**
To prevent appliance damage, connect all pipework free of load and torque stress.

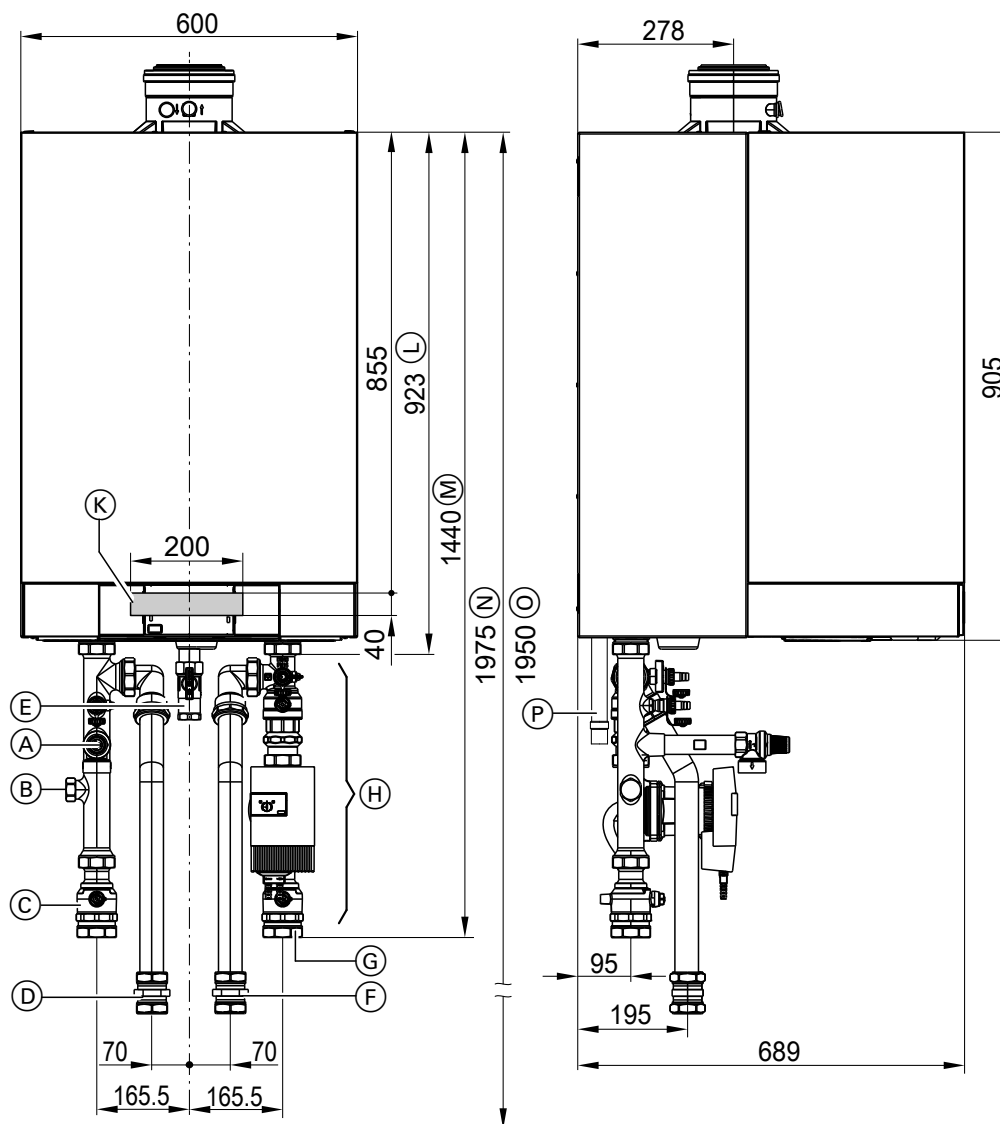


Fig. 1

- | | |
|--|--|
| (A) Safety valve | (K) Cable entry area at the back |
| (B) Expansion vessel connection G 1 | (L) Without connection set (accessories) |
| (C) Boiler flow \varnothing 54 mm | (M) With connection set (accessories) |
| (D) Cylinder flow \varnothing 42 mm | (N) Recommended dimension (single boiler system without mounting frame) |
| (E) Gas connection R 1 | (O) Recommended dimension (multi boiler system and single boiler system with mounting frame) |
| (F) Cylinder return \varnothing 42 mm | (P) Condensate drain |
| (G) Boiler return \varnothing 54 mm | |
| (H) Connection sets (accessories, shown without the thermal insulation supplied) | |

Preparing for installation (cont.)

Preparing for boiler installation

Note

This boiler (IP rating: IP X4 D) is approved for installation in wet rooms inside safety zone 1, to DIN VDE 0100, providing water jets can be ruled out. Observe DIN VDE 0100.

1. Prepare the water connections. Thoroughly flush the heating system.
2. Prepare gas connection to TRGI [or local regulations].
3. Prepare the electrical connections.
 - Power cable: Flexible cable 3 x 1.5 mm². Leave the earth conductor (PE) longer than the live conductors L1 and N.
Maximum fuse rating 16 A, 230 V~.
 - Accessory cables: 0.75 mm² flexible PVC cable with required number of cores for external connections.
 - Allow all cables in area "Ⓚ" to protrude 1400 mm from the wall.

Removing the boiler from the packaging and levelling

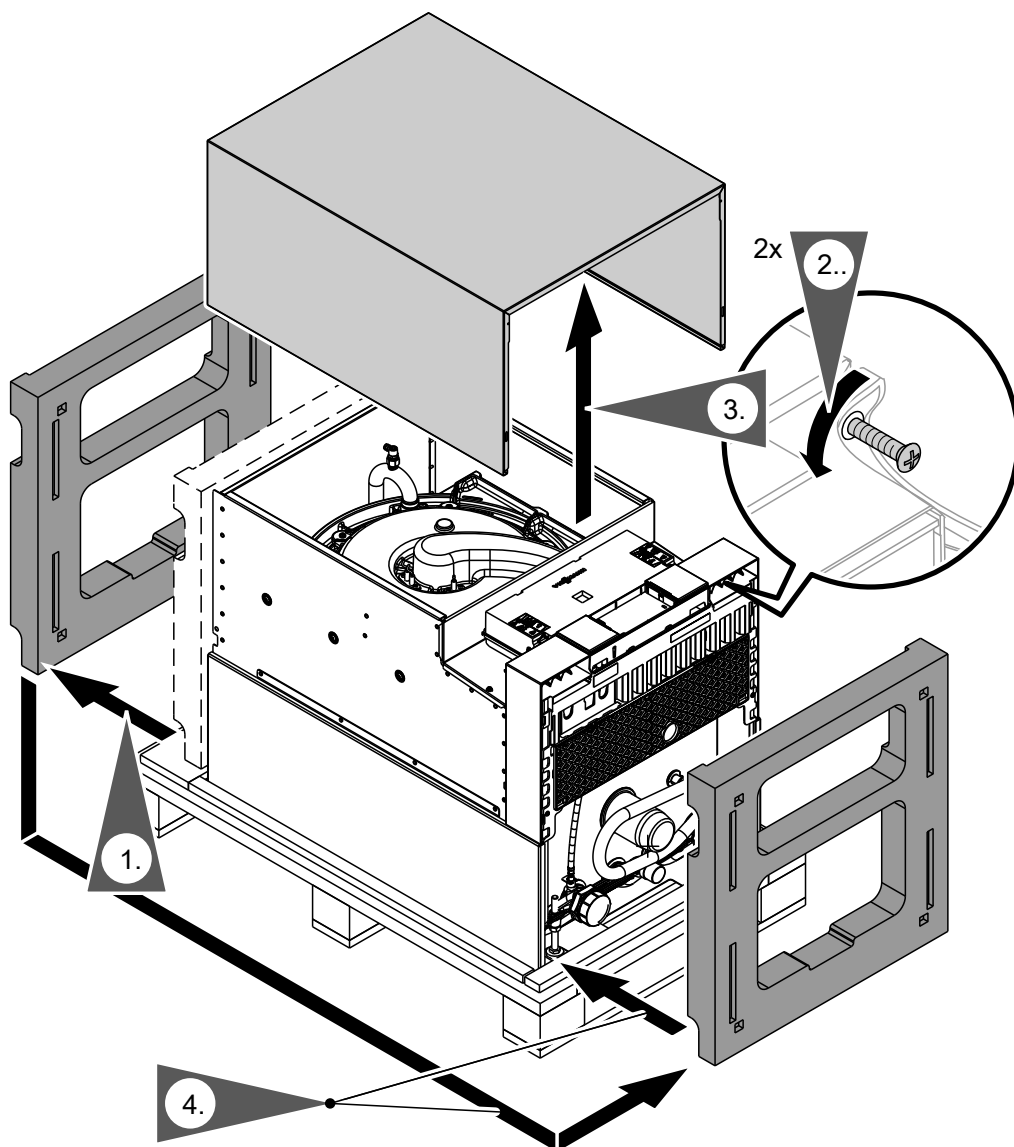


Fig. 2

1. Remove packing cushions and keep them safe. They are used as a support during levelling.
2. Undo 2 screws on the underside.
3. Remove front panel.
4. Push packing cushions onto the underside of the boiler.

Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

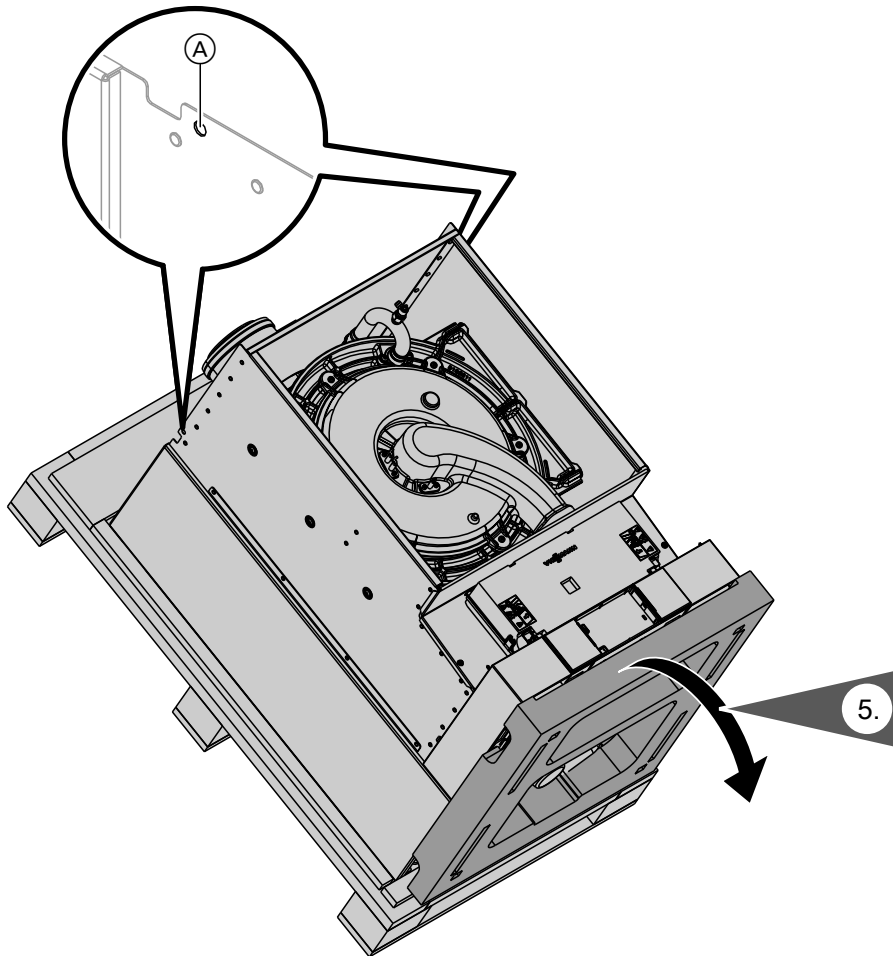


Fig. 3

Ⓐ Ø 9 mm drilled holes for attaching lifting gear

- 5. ! Please note**
To prevent damage,
do not level boiler without packing cushions.

Level boiler with pallet.

Fitting the wall mounting bracket

Note

The enclosed screws and rawl plugs are only suitable for concrete. For other construction materials, use fixing materials that are suitable for 145 kg loads.

Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

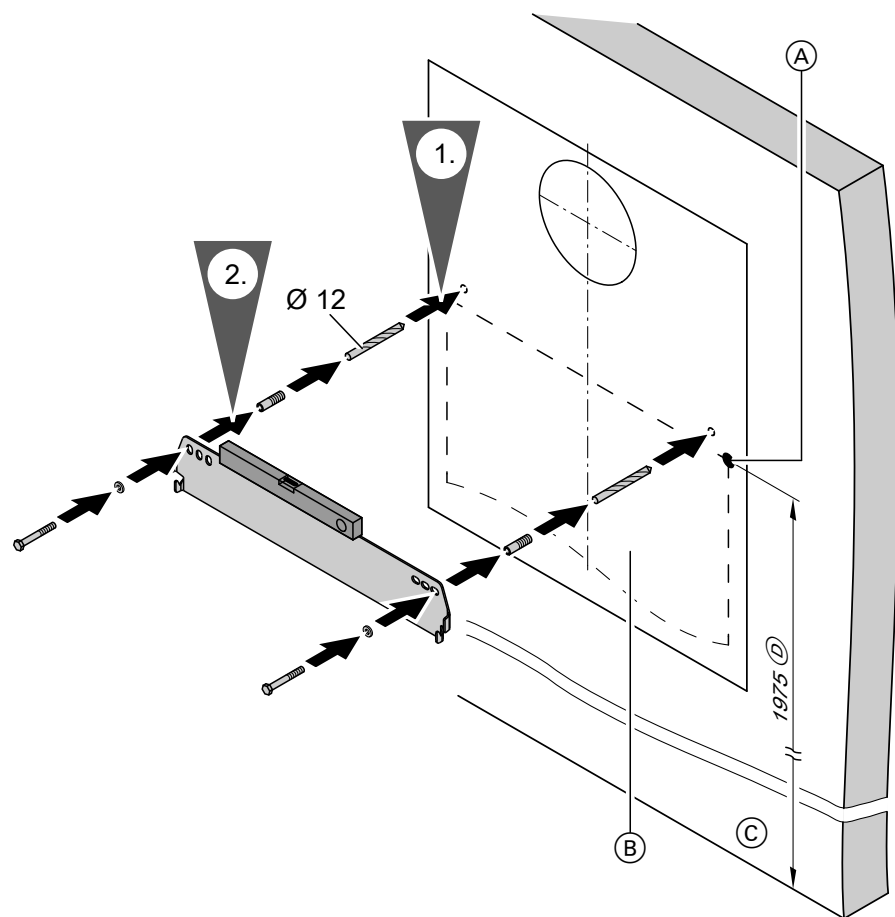


Fig. 4

- Ⓐ Reference point, boiler top edge
- Ⓑ Installation template (included with the boiler)
- Ⓒ Top edge, finished floor
- Ⓓ Recommendation

Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

Hooking the boiler onto the wall mounting bracket and aligning it

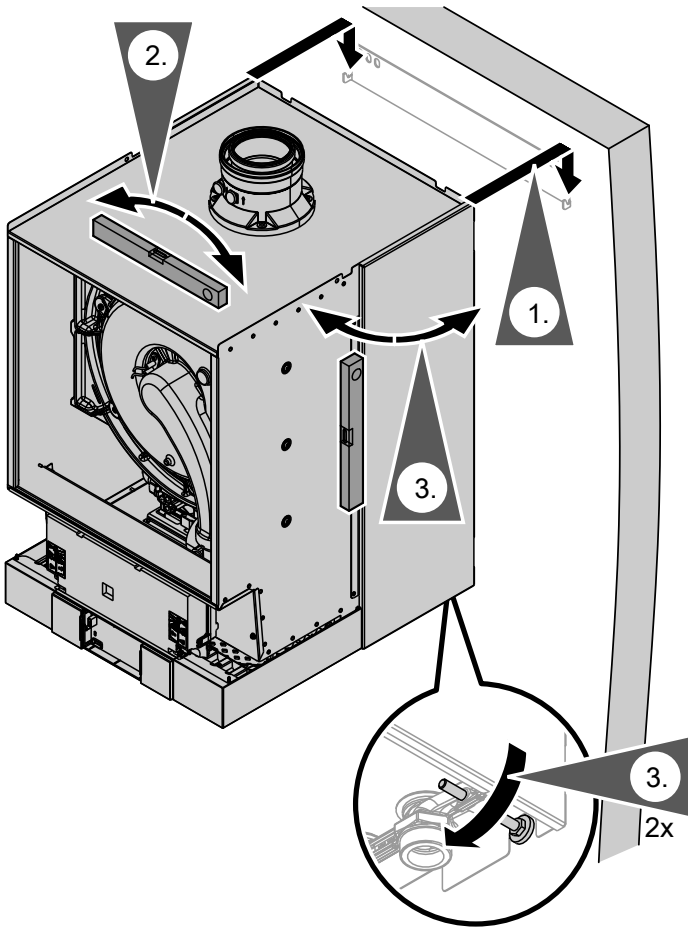


Fig. 5

Connection on the heating water side

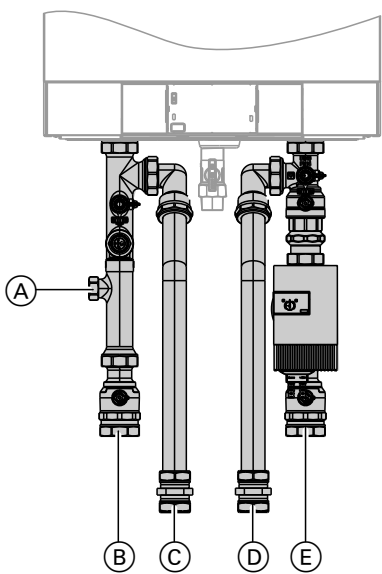


Fig. 6

- (A) Expansion vessel connection
- (B) Boiler flow
- (C) Cylinder flow

- (D) Cylinder return
- (E) Boiler return

Connection on the heating water side (cont.)

Note

Residual water may escape when undoing the locking caps.

Flue gas connection

Note

The "System certification" and "Skoberne GmbH flue system" labels enclosed with the technical documentation may only be used in conjunction with the Viessmann flue system made by Skoberne.

Do not carry out **commissioning** until the following conditions are met:

- Free passage through the flue gas pipes.
- Flue system with positive pressure is gas-tight.
- Inspection port covers checked for secure and tight seating.
- Apertures for ensuring sufficient combustion air supply are open and cannot be closed off.
- Applicable regulations on installing and commissioning flue systems have been followed.



Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems or an insufficient supply of combustion air cause life threatening poisoning due to carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system functions correctly. Apertures for combustion air supply must not be able to be closed off.

Prevent condensate drainage via a wind protector.

1. Only for **open** flue operation:
Remove outer gasket (A) (ventilation air).
2. Connect flue pipe or balanced flue pipe.

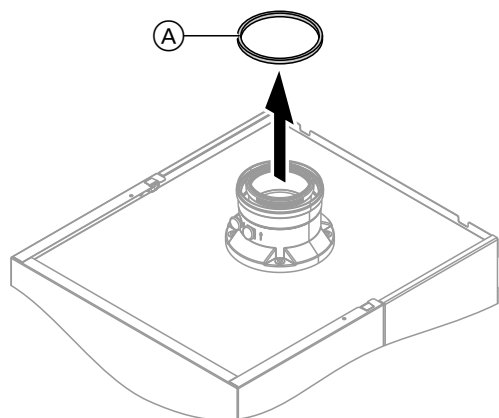


Fig. 7



Flue system installation instructions

Condensate connection

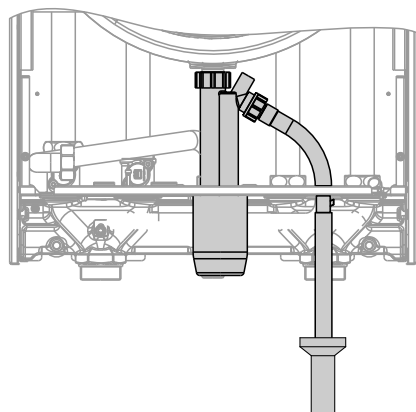


Fig. 8

Connect the condensate hose with a constant fall and a pipe vent to the drain network or to a neutralising system.

Gas connection

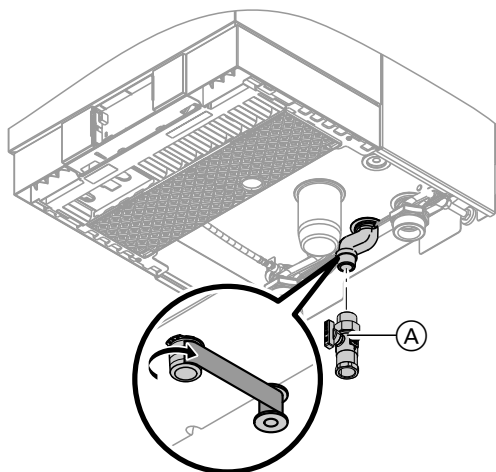


Fig. 9

Information on operation with LPG

When installing the boiler in rooms below ground level we recommend fitting an external safety solenoid valve.

1. Seal gas shut-off valve (A) into the gas connection.

2. Carry out a tightness test.

Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the tightness test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage.

Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.



Please note

Excessive test pressure will damage the boiler and the gas train.

Max. test pressure 150 mbar. Where higher pressure is required for tightness tests, disconnect the boiler and the gas train from the main supply pipe (undo the fitting).

3. Purge the gas line.



Conversion to alternative gas types:
Service instructions

Opening the control unit enclosure



Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.

Prior to commencing any work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

Opening the control unit enclosure (cont.)

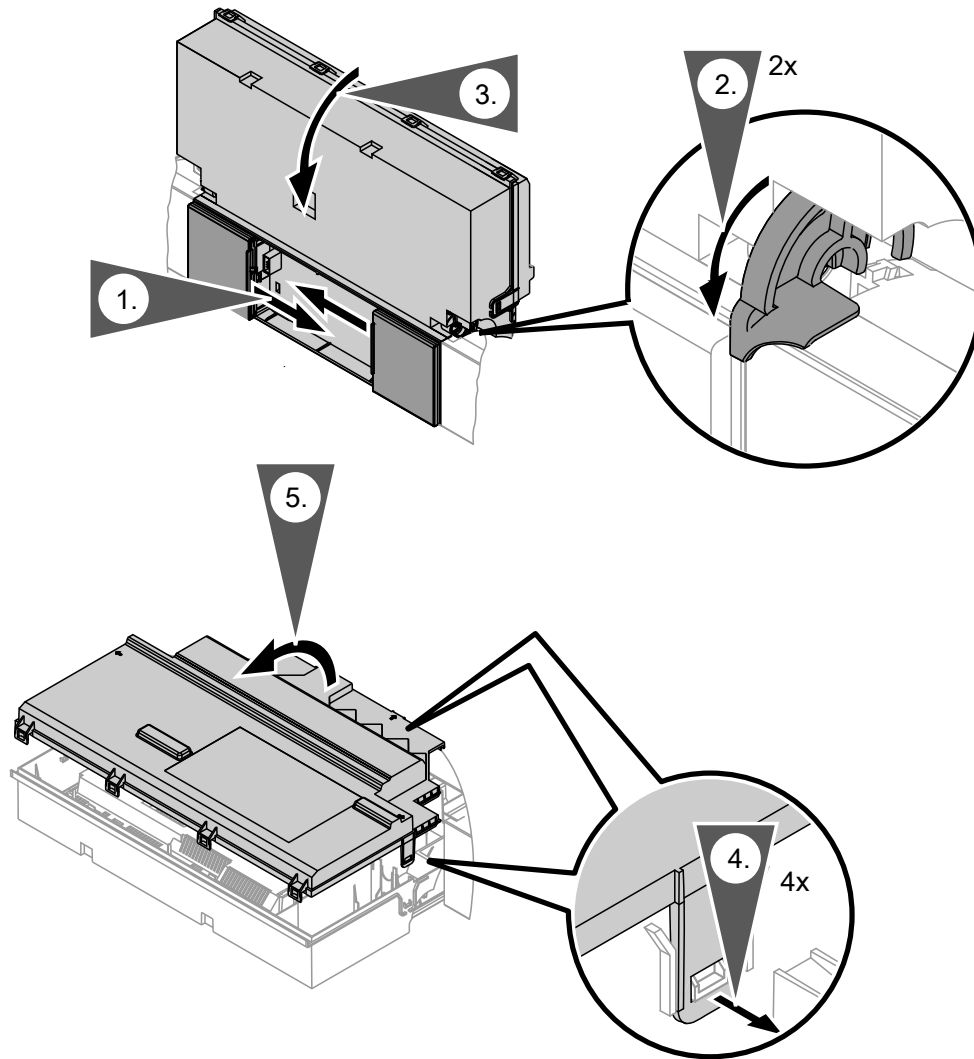


Fig. 10

Electrical connections

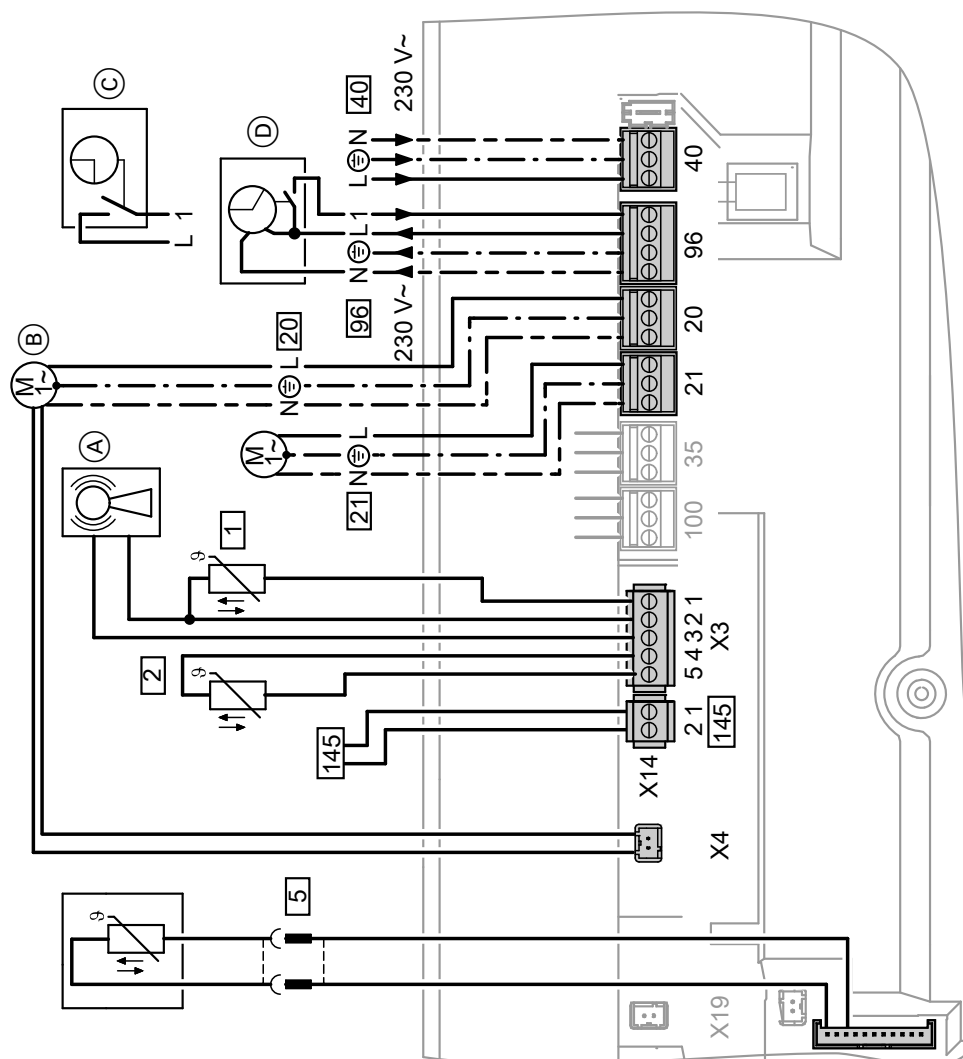


Fig. 11

- (A) Radio clock receiver
 (B) Heating circuit pump or boiler circuit pump

- (C) Vitotrol 100 UTDB (only for constant temperature control units)
 When making this connection, remove jumper between "1" and "L".
 (D) Vitotrol 100 UTA (only for constant temperature control units)
 or
 Vitotrol 100 UTDB-RF wireless receiver
 When making this connection, remove jumper between "1" and "L".

Connections to 230 V~ plugs

- [20] Boiler circuit pump or heating circuit pump, variable speed with 0 - 10 V connection
 [21] Circulation pump, connection options:
 ■ DHW circulation pump
 ■ External heating circuit pump
 ■ Circulation pump for cylinder heating
 [40] Power supply
 [96] ■ Power supply for accessories
 ■ External demand/blocking
 ■ Vitotrol 100 UTA
 ■ Vitotrol 100 UTDB
 ■ Vitotrol 100 UTDB-RF

Connections to LV plugs

- [1] Outside temperature sensor
 [2] Flow temperature sensor for low loss header (accessories)

Electrical connections (cont.)

- 5
- Cylinder temperature sensor (supplied with DHW cylinder connection set)
- 145
- KM-BUS subscriber (accessories)
 - Vitotrol 200-A or 300-A remote control
 - Vitocom 100
 - Mixer extension kit
 - Solar control module, type SM1
 - Vitosolic
 - AM1 extension
 - EA1 extension
 - Wireless base station

Information on connecting accessories
When connecting accessories observe the separate installation instructions provided with them.

Circulation pump at plug 20

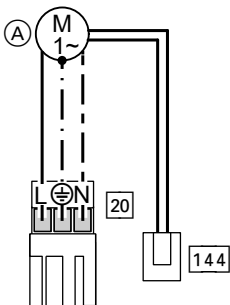


Fig. 12

Insert plug 144 (0 - 10 V connection) at X4.

Rated current	2(1) A~
Rated voltage	230 V ~

- A
- High-efficiency circulation pump, speed-controlled via 0 - 10 V control voltage

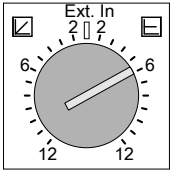


Circulation pump VI Para 30/1-12

Rated voltage	V~	230
Power consumption	W max.	310
	min.	16

Adjusting the function of the circulation pump

Hydraulic connection/connection requirements	Control unit setting Coding address/group	Circulation pump setting
Single boiler system with: <ul style="list-style-type: none">Heating circuit without mixerConnection without low loss header and without heating water buffer cylinder	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Max. pump speed: E6: ... /heating circuitMin. pump speed: E7: ... /heating circuit For further details, see following diagram and chapter "Heating circuit ..." under code 2.	Ext. In Recommended for $\Delta t = 15\text{ K}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none">120 kW: = $3 \pm 6.87\text{ m}^3/\text{h}$150 kW: = $6 \pm 8.60\text{ m}^3/\text{h}$
Single boiler system with heating circuits connected to low loss header or heating water buffer cylinder	30:0/boiler/2	 Recommended for $\Delta t = 15\text{ K}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none">120 kW: = $3 \pm 6.87\text{ m}^3/\text{h}$150 kW: = $6 \pm 8.60\text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

Electrical connections (cont.)

Hydraulic connection/connection requirements	Control unit setting Coding address/group	Circulation pump setting
Multi boiler system	30:0/boiler/2	 <p>Recommended for $\Delta t = 15\text{ K}$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 120 kW:  = $3 \pm 6.87\text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ 150 kW:  = $6 \pm 8.60\text{ m}^3/\text{h}$
Multi stage circulation pump (on site)	30:0/boiler/2	

Residual head of circulation pump (coding address E6 and E7)

When connecting a heating circuit without mixer and without low loss header or heating water buffer cylinder, the circulation pump is controlled subject to the outside temperature. The min. and max. speeds of the circulation pump are limited by the settings for coding addresses E6 and E7.

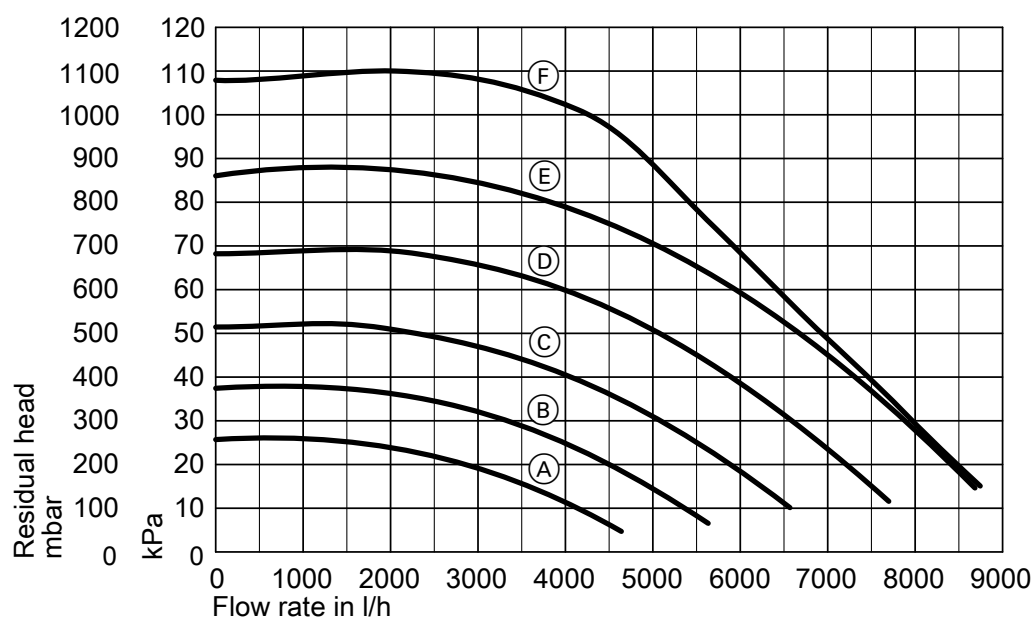


Fig. 13

Setting for coding addresses E6, E7

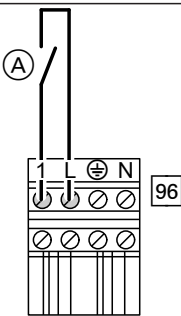
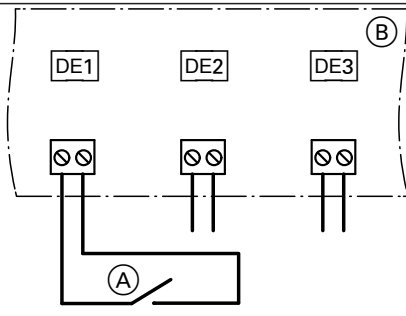
Curve	Coding address value	Pump rate, circulation pump
(B)	50	50 %
(C)	60	60 %
(D)	70	70 %
(E)	80	80 %
(F)	90	90 %
(G)	100	100 %

Ⓐ Circulation pump

Function	Code
DHW circulation pump	39:0
Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer A1	39:1
Circulation pump for cylinder heating (delivered condition)	39:2

The external connection **must be floating** and meet the requirements of protection class II.

Electrical connections (cont.)

Plug 96	EA1 extension
 <p>(A) Floating contact (when connecting, remove jumper between L and 1)</p>	 <p>(A) Floating contact (B) EA1 extension</p>
Parameters/codes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ "4b:1" in the "General"/1 group ▪ Effect of the function on the relevant heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d7" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) ▪ Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5F" in the "DHW"/3 group 	Parameters/codes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Set "3A" (DE1), "3b" (DE2) or "3C" (DE3) to 2 in the "General"/1 group ▪ Effect of the function on the relevant heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d7" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) ▪ Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5F" in the "DHW"/3 group

External demand via 0 – 10 V input

Connection at 0 – 10 V input at **EA1 extension**.
Ensure DC separation between the earth conductor and the negative pole of the on-site power source.

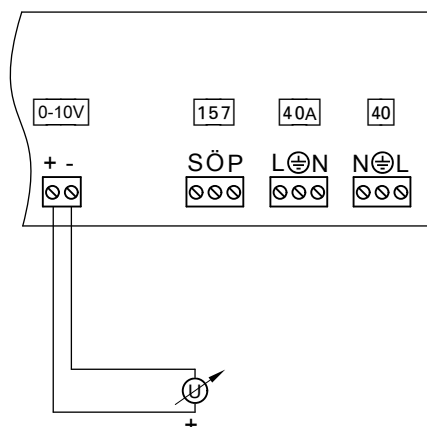


Fig. 15

0 to 1 V	No specification for set boiler water temperature
1 V	Set value 10 °C
10 V	Set value 100 °C

External blocking via switching contact

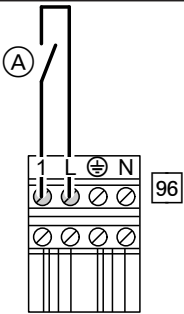
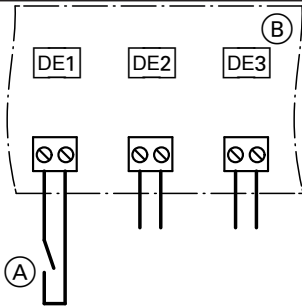
Connection options:

- Plug 96
- EA1 extension (accessory, see separate installation instructions)

When the contact is closed, the burner is switched off. The heating circuit pump and (if installed) the circulation pump for cylinder heating are switched according to the set parameter/code (see the following table "Parameters/codes").

Electrical connections (cont.)

- ! Please note**
- Live contacts lead to short circuits or phase failure.
 - The external connection **must be floating** and meet the requirements of protection class II.

Plug 96	EA1 extension
 <p>(A) Floating contact (when connecting, remove jumper between L and 1)</p>	 <p>(A) Floating contact (B) EA1 extension</p>
<p>Parameters/codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "4b:2" in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d6" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5E" in the "DHW"/3 group 	<p>Parameters/codes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set "3A" (DE1), "3b" (DE2) or "3C" (DE3) to 3 or 4 in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d6" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5E" in the "DHW"/3 group

Outside temperature sensor 1

Fitting outside temperature sensor RF (wireless accessory):



Wireless base station

Fitting location for outside temperature sensor

- North or north-westerly wall, 2 to 2.5 m above ground level; in multi storey buildings, in the top half of the second floor
- Not above windows, doors or vents

- Not immediately below balconies or gutters
- Never render over

Outside temperature sensor connection

2-core lead, length up to 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5 mm²

Power supply for accessories at plug 96

230 V ~

Where the boiler is sited in a wet room, accessories outside the wet area must not be connected to the power supply at the control unit. If the boiler is not sited in a wet room, the power supply for accessories can be connected at the control unit. This connection is switched directly with the ON/OFF switch of the control unit.

If the total system current exceeds 6 A, connect one or more extensions directly to the mains supply via an ON/OFF switch (see next chapter).

Electrical connections (cont.)

Power supply and KM BUS connection of accessories

Power supply to all accessories via heat source control unit

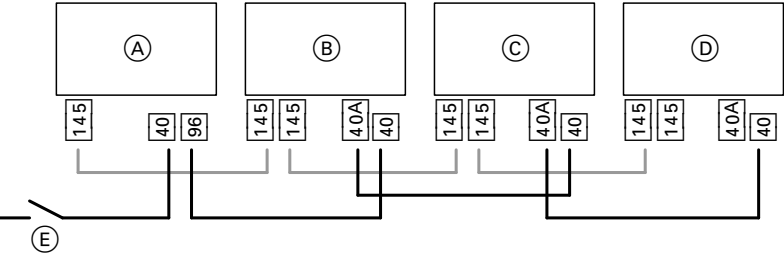


Fig. 16

Some accessories with direct power supply

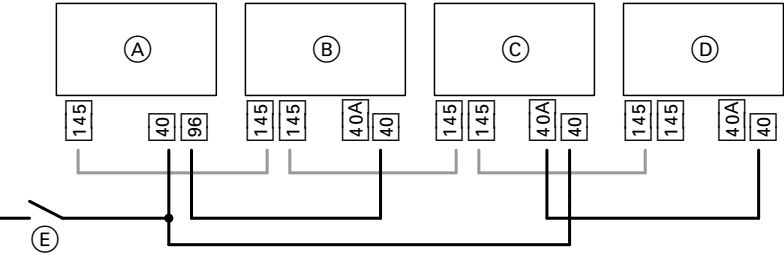


Fig. 17

- (A) Heat source control unit
- (B) Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer M2
- (C) Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer M3
- (D) AM1 extension, EA1 extension and/or solar control module, type SM1

- (E) ON/OFF switch
- 40 Mains input
- 40A Power outlet
- 96 Control unit power outlet
- 145 KM BUS connection

If the current flowing to the connected working parts (e.g. circulation pumps) is higher than the fuse rating of the respective accessory: Only use the output concerned to control an on-site relay.

Accessories	Internal fuse protection
Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer	2 A
AM1 extension	4 A
EA1 extension	2 A
Solar control module, type SM1	2 A

Power supply 40



Danger

Incorrectly executed electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and in damage to the appliance.

Connect the power supply and implement all safety measures (e.g. RCD circuit) in accordance with the following regulations:


- IEC 60364-4-41
- VDE regulations
- Connection conditions of the local power supply utility

- Remove any existing individual cores.



Danger

Incorrect core assignment can result in serious injury and damage to the appliance. Do **not** interchange cores "L1" and "N".

- Install an isolator in the power cable to provide omnipolar separation from the mains for all active conductors, corresponding to overvoltage category III (3 mm) for full isolation. This isolator must be fitted in the permanent electrical installation, in line with the installation requirements. We additionally recommend installing an AC/DC-sensitive RCD (RCD class B ) for DC (fault) currents that can occur with energy efficient equipment.

Electrical connections (cont.)

- If the mains connection is made with a flexible power cable, it must be ensured that the live conductors are pulled taut before the earth conductor in the event of strain relief failure. The length of the earth conductor wire will depend on the design.
- Max. fuse rating 16 A



Danger

The absence of component earthing can lead to serious injury from electric current if an electrical fault occurs.

The appliance and pipework must be connected to the equipotential bonding of the building.

Routing connecting cables/leads



Please note

If connecting cables/leads come into contact with hot components, they will be damaged. When routing and securing connecting cables on site, ensure that the maximum permissible temperatures for these cables are not exceeded.

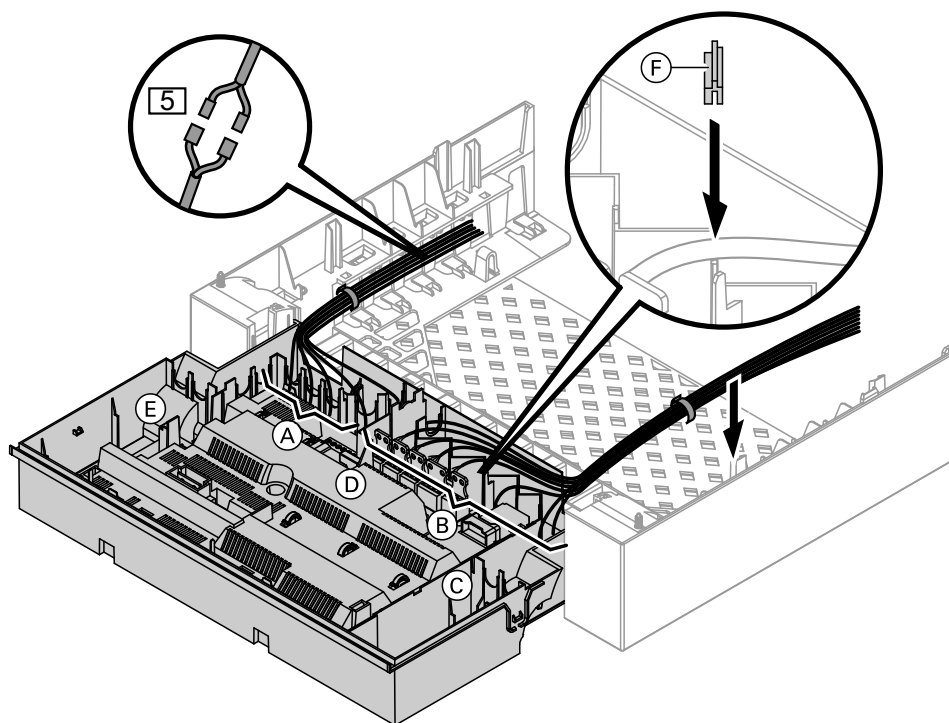


Fig. 18

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Ⓐ LV connections | Ⓔ Communication module |
| Ⓑ 230 V terminals | Ⓕ Cable grommet for power cable |
| Ⓒ Internal extension | Ⓖ Plugs for connecting the cylinder temperature sensor to the cable harness |
| Ⓓ Main PCB | |

Remove the existing cable grommet if using cables with a larger cross-section (up to \varnothing 14 mm). Secure the cable with cable grommet Ⓕ integrated into the casing base (black).

Closing the control unit enclosure and inserting the programming unit

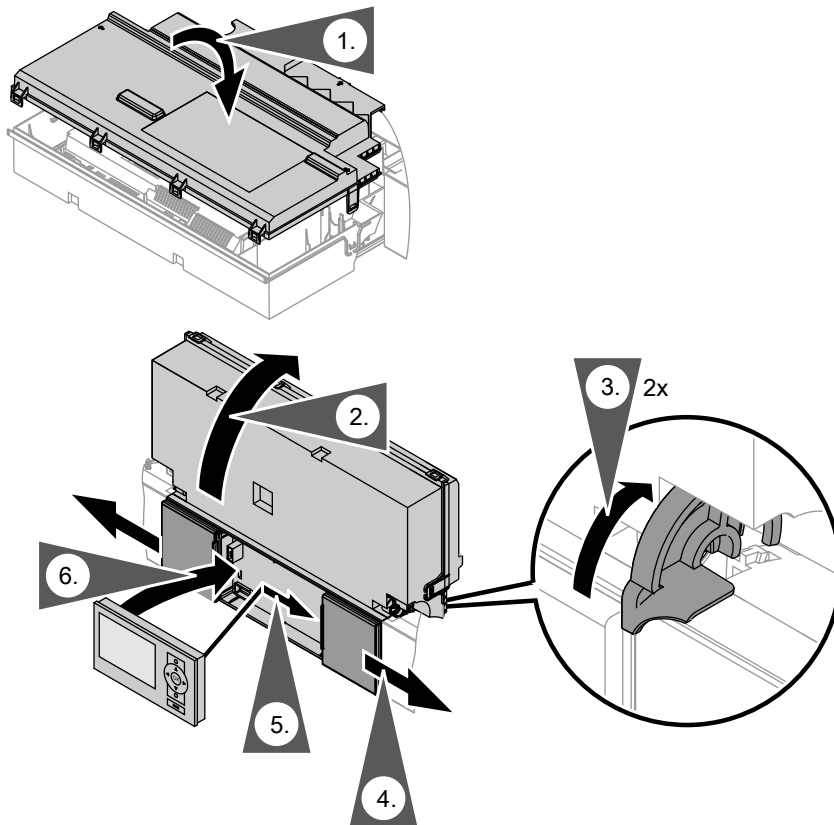


Fig. 19

Insert the programming unit (packed separately) into the control unit support.

Note

The programming unit can also be inserted into a wall mounting base (accessories) near the boiler.



Wall mounting base installation instructions



Steps - commissioning, inspection and maintenance

	Commissioning steps	Inspection steps	Maintenance steps		Page
•	•	•		1. Opening the boiler.....	27
•				2. Filling the heating system.....	27
•				3. Selecting the language (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units..	28
•	•			4. Setting the time and date (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units.....	28
•				5. Venting the boiler.....	29
•				6. Venting the heating system.....	29
•				7. Filling the trap with water.....	30
•	•	•		8. Checking all connections on the heating water and DHW sides for leaks	
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•				16. Checking the balanced flue system for tightness (annular gap test).....	34
	•	•		17. Removing the burner and checking the burner gasket.....	35
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	•	•		19. Checking the back draught safety device.....	37
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	•	•		21. Cleaning the heating surfaces.....	38
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	•	•		23. Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the trap.....	39
	•	•		24. Checking the neutralising system (if installed)	
	•	•		25. Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure.....	39
•	•	•		26. Checking the safety valve function	
•	•	•		27. Checking the firm seating of electrical connections	
•	•	•		28. Checking all gas equipment for tightness at operating pressure.....	40
•	•	•		29. Checking the combustion quality.....	40
•	•	•		30. Checking the flue system for unrestricted flow and tightness	
•	•	•		31. Checking the external LPG safety valve (if installed)	
•				32. Matching the control unit to the heating system	41
•				33. Adjusting the heating curves (only for weather-compensated control units).....	41
•				34. Connecting the control unit to the LON.....	43
		•		35. Calling up and resetting the "Service" display.....	44
•	•	•		36. Fitting the front panel.....	45
•				37. Instructing the system user.....	46



Opening the boiler

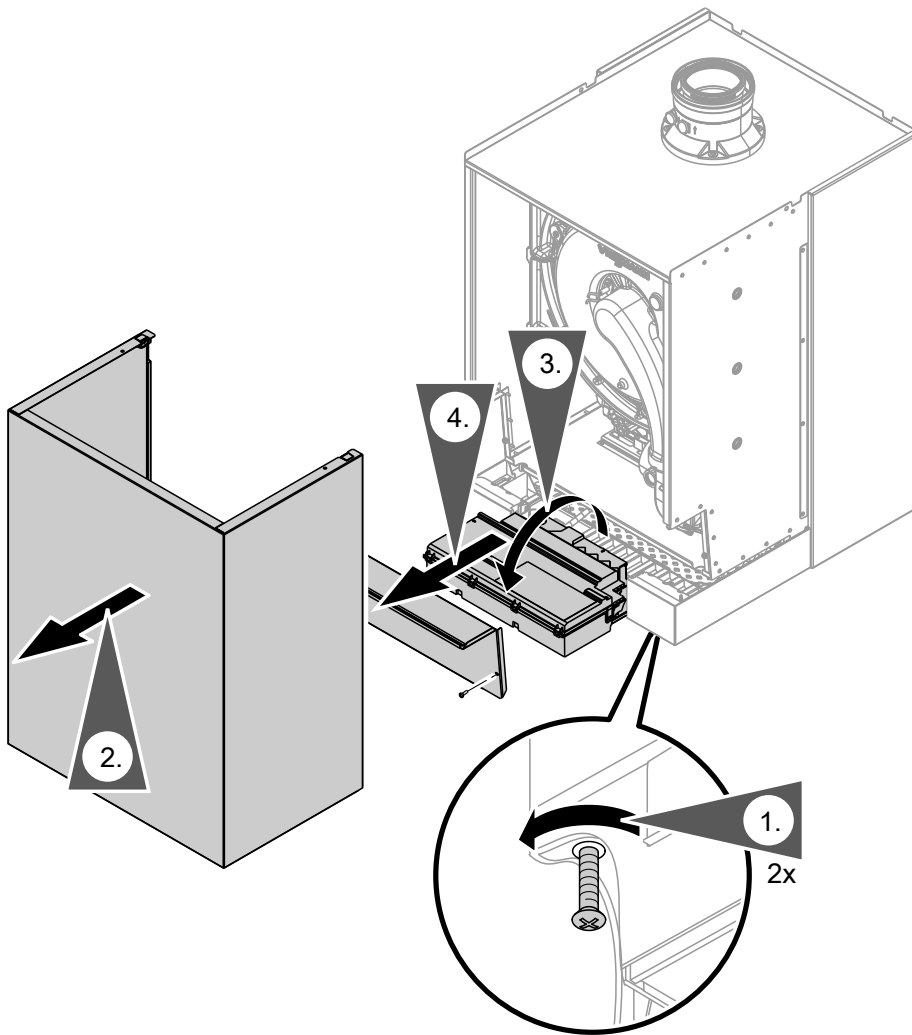


Fig. 20



Filling the heating system

Fill water

According to EN 1717 with DIN 1988-100, as a heat transfer medium for DHW heating, the heating water must meet fluid category ≤ 3 . This requirement is met if water of potable quality is used as heating water. For example, if additives are used, the additive manufacturer must specify which category the treated heating water comes under.



Please note

Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to appliance damage.

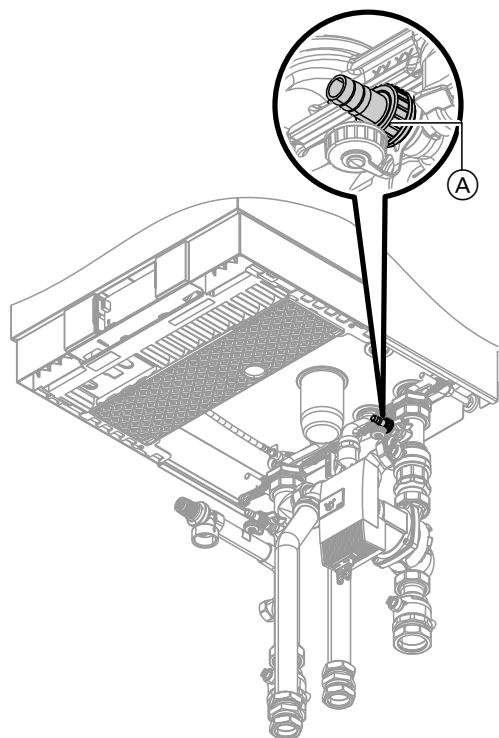
- Flush the heating system thoroughly before filling.
- Only use fill water of potable water quality.
- Special antifreeze suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water. The antifreeze manufacturer must verify its suitability.
- Fill and top-up water with a water hardness in excess of the following values must be softened, e.g. with a small softening system for heating water.

Total permissible hardness of the fill and top-up water

Total heating output kW	Specific system volume		
	< 20 l/kW	≥ 20 l/kW to < 50 l/kW	≥ 50 l/kW
≤ 50	≤ 3.0 mol/m ³ (16.8 °dH)	≤ 2.0 mol/m ³ (11.2 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)
> 50 to ≤ 200	≤ 2.0 mol/m ³ (11.2 °dH)	≤ 1.5 mol/m ³ (8.4 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)

**Filling the heating system (cont.)**

Total heating output kW	Specific system volume		
	< 20 l/kW	≥ 20 l/kW to < 50 l/kW	≥ 50 l/kW
> 200 to ≤ 600	≤ 1.5 mol/m ³ (8.4 °dH)	≤ 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)
> 600	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)



1. Check the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel.
2. Close the gas shut-off valve.
3. Connect the supply hose to boiler drain & fill valve (A).
4. Fill the heating system via boiler drain & fill valve (A). (Minimum system pressure > 1.0 bar.)
Permiss. operating pressure: 6 bar.
5. Close boiler drain & fill valve (A).

Fig. 21

**Selecting the language (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units**

At the commissioning stage, the display is in German (factory setting).

Extended menu:

- 1.
2. "Settings"
3. "Language"
4. Set the required language with ▲/▼.

Sprache	
Deutsch	DE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Bulgarski	BG <input type="checkbox"/>
Cesky	CZ <input type="checkbox"/>
Dansk	DK <input type="checkbox"/>
Wählen mit	

Fig. 22

**Setting the time and date (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units**

The time and date need to be reset during commissioning or after a prolonged time out of use (approx. 18 days).

- 1.
2. "Settings"
3. "Time / Date"
4. Set current time and date.



Setting the time and date (if required) – only... (cont.)

Note

When time and date have been set, the control unit automatically checks the function of the flue gas temperature sensor. The display shows: **"Testing, flue gas temperature sensor"** and **"Enabled"**.

For further details regarding the flue gas temperature sensor test, see page 90.



Venting the boiler

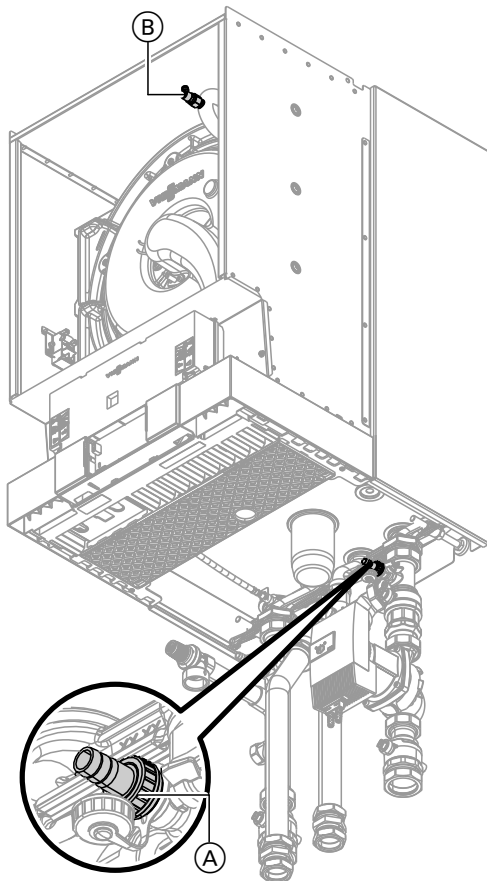


Fig. 23

1. Close the shut-off valves on the heating water side.
2. Connect the supply hose to boiler drain & fill valve (A).
3. Plug the drain hose onto top tap (B) and connect to a drain.
4. Open valves (A) and (B) and vent at mains pressure (purge) until no sound of escaping air can be heard and no more air bubbles are visible.
5. Close valves (A) and (B); open the shut-off valves on the heating water side.
6. Remove hoses again.



Venting the heating system

1. Close the gas shut-off valve and switch the control unit ON.



Venting the heating system (cont.)

2. Activate the venting program (see following steps).
3. Check the system pressure.

Note

For function and sequence of the venting program, see page 117.

Activating the venting function

Weather-compensated control unit

Service menu

1. Press **OK** and simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. "Service functions"
3. "Venting"
Venting function is enabled.
4. Ending venting function:
Press **OK** or .

Constant temperature control unit

Service menu

1. Press **OK** and simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. Select "5" with and confirm with **OK**.
"ON" flashes.
3. Activate the venting function with **OK**.
"EL on" is shown constantly.
4. Ending venting function:
Press .



Filling the trap with water

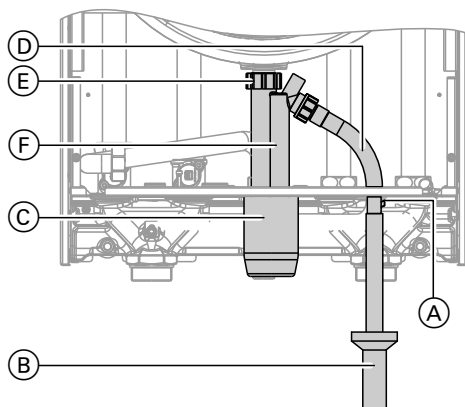


Fig. 24

1. Pull off cap (C) downwards.
2. Undo hose (D).
3. Undo union nut (E) and pull off trap (F) downwards.
4. Fill trap (F) with water and refit.
5. Refit hose (D).
6. Push on cap (C) from below.



Checking all connections on the heating water and DHW sides for leaks



Checking the power supply



Designating heating circuits – only for weather-compensated control units

In the delivered condition, the heating circuits are designated "Heating circuit 1", "Heating circuit 2" and "Heating circuit 3" (if installed).

If the system user prefers, the heating circuits can be renamed to suit the specific system.

To enter names for heating circuits:



Operating instructions



Checking the gas type

The boiler is equipped with an electronic combustion controller that adjusts the burner for optimum combustion in accordance with the prevailing gas quality.

- For operation with natural gas, no adjustment is therefore required across the entire Wobbe index range.

The boiler can be operated in the Wobbe index range 9.5 to 15.2 kWh/m³ (34.2 to 54.7 MJ/m³).

- For operation with LPG, the burner must be converted (see "Converting the gas type" on page 31).

1. Determine the gas type and Wobbe index by asking your local gas supply utility or LPG supplier.
2. For operation with LPG, convert the burner (see page 31).
3. Record the gas type in the report on page 124.



Converting the gas type (only for operation with LPG)

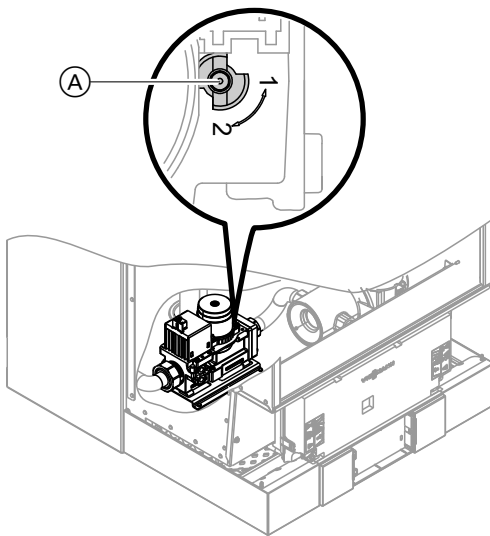
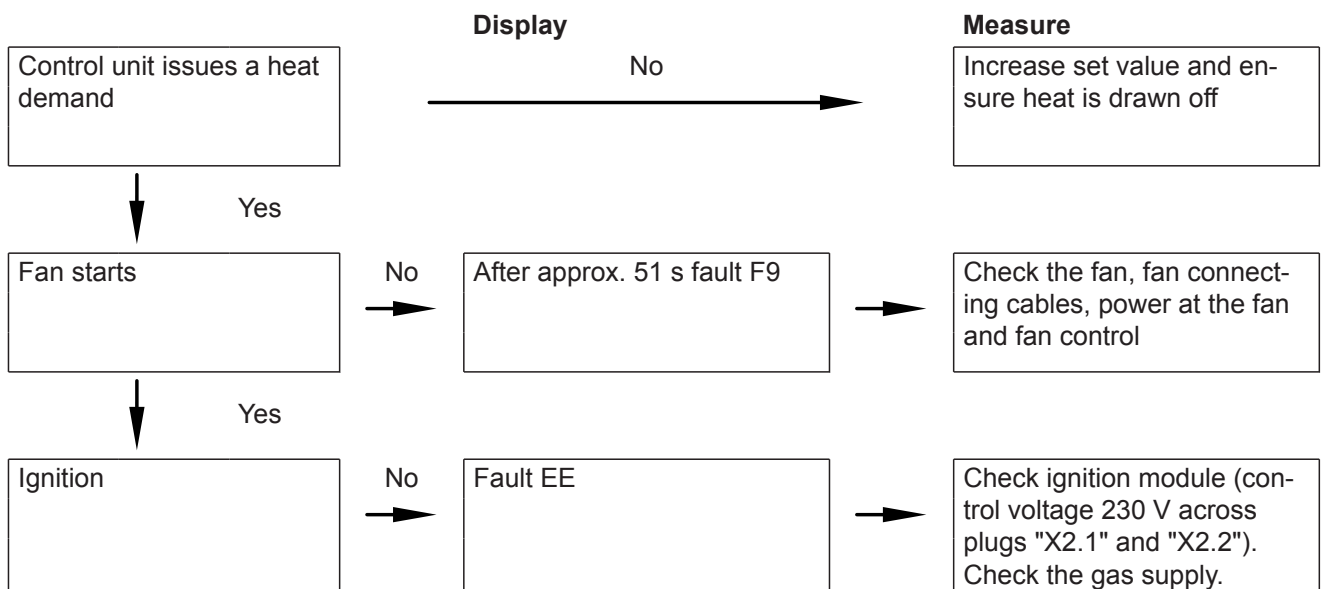


Fig. 25

1. Set adjusting screw (A) on the gas train to "2".
2. Turn ON/OFF switch "⑩" to ON.
3. Select the gas type in coding address "82":
 - Calling up code 2
 - Call up "**General**" (weather-compensated control units) or Group "1" (constant temperature control units)
 - In coding address "11", select value "9"
 - In coding address "82", select value "1" (LPG operation)
 - In code "11", select value ≠ "9".
 - End service functions.
4. Open the gas shut-off valve.
5. Affix label "G 31" (included with the technical documentation) in a clearly visible position near the gas train on the cover panel.

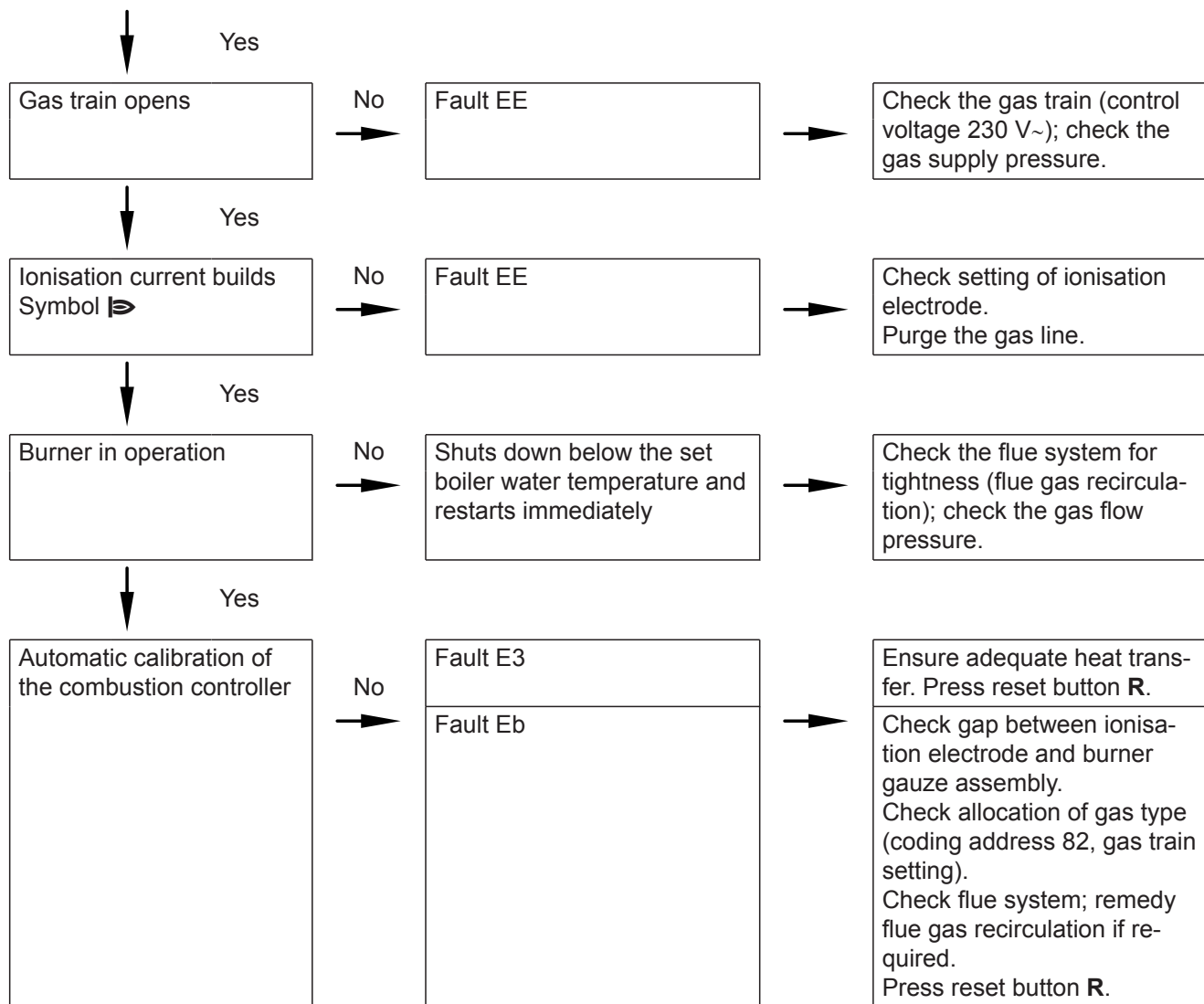


Function sequence and possible faults





Function sequence and possible faults (cont.)



For further details regarding faults, see page 78.



Checking the static pressure and supply pressure



Danger

CO formation as a result of incorrect burner adjustment can have serious health implications. Always carry out a CO test before and after work on gas appliances.

Operation with LPG

Purge the LPG tank twice on commissioning/replacement. Vent the tank and gas connection line thoroughly after purging.



Checking the static pressure and supply pressure (cont.)

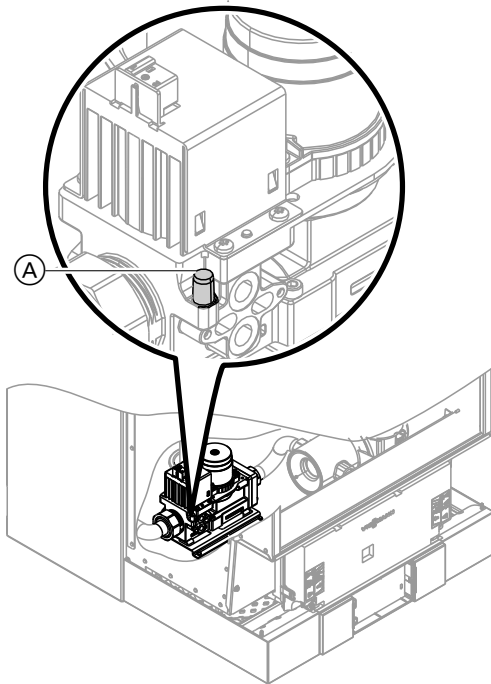


Fig. 26

1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
2. Undo screw (A) inside test connector "PE" on the gas train, but do not remove it, and connect the pressure gauge.
3. Open the gas shut-off valve.
4. Check the static pressure and record the actual value in the report on page 124.
Set value: Max. 57.5 mbar.
5. Start the boiler.


Note

During commissioning, the appliance can enter a fault state because of airlocks in the gas line. After approx. 5 s, press **R** to reset the burner.

6. Check the supply (flow) pressure. Set values:
 - Natural gas 20 mbar
 - LPG 50 mbar

Note

Use a suitable measuring device with a resolution of at least 0.1 mbar to check the supply pressure.

7. Record the actual value in the report.
Implement measures as indicated in the table below.
8. Shut down the boiler. Close the gas shut-off valve, remove the pressure gauge and close test connector (A) with the screw.
9.  **Danger**
Gas escaping from the test connector leads to a risk of explosion.
Check for gas tightness.

Open the gas shut-off valve, start the boiler and check for tightness at test connector (A).

Supply (flow) pressure for natural gas	Supply (flow) pressure for LPG	Measures
Below 17.4 mbar	Below 42.5 mbar	Do not commission the boiler. Notify the gas supply utility or LPG supplier.
17.4 to 25 mbar	42.5 to 57.5 mbar	Start the boiler.
Above 25 mbar	Above 57.5 mbar	Connect a separate gas pressure governor upstream of the system and regulate the pre-charge pressure to 20 mbar for natural gas or 50 mbar for LPG. Notify the gas supply utility or LPG supplier.



Setting the max. heating output

A limit can be set on the maximum heating output for **heating mode**. The limit is set via the modulation range. The upper limit of the max. adjustable heating output is set by the coding card.

Weather-compensated control unit

Service menu

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. **"Service functions"**
3. **"Max. output"**
4. **"Change?"** Select **"Yes"**.
A value is shown on the display (e.g. **"85"**). In the delivered condition, this value corresponds to 100 % of the rated heating output.
5. Set the desired value.

Constant temperature control unit

Service menu

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. Select **"③"** with **▶** and confirm with **OK**.
The display shows **"FL"** and **"ON"** flashes.
3. Confirm with **OK** and ensure the flow rate is sufficient.
While flow rate measuring is active, **"FL"** flashes on the display and **"ON"** is shown.
4. When the required flow rate is reached, the set heating output (e.g. **"85"**) flashes on the display and **"▶"** is shown. In the delivered condition, this value represents 100 % of the rated heating output.
5. Set the desired value and confirm with **OK**.



Checking the balanced flue system for tightness (annular gap test)

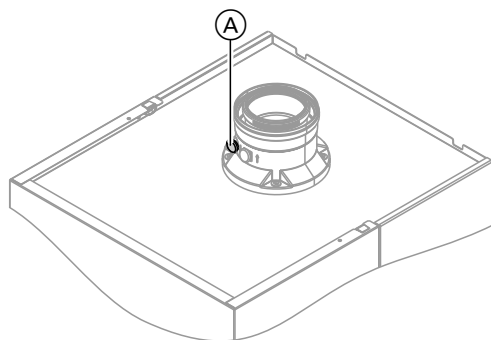


Fig. 27

Ⓐ Combustion air aperture

In this case, we recommend that your heating contractor carries out a simple tightness test during the commissioning of your system. For this it would be sufficient to check the CO₂ or O₂ concentration in the combustion air at the annular gap of the balanced flue pipe.

If the CO₂ concentration is less than 0.2 % or the O₂ concentration is greater than 20.6 %, the flue pipe is deemed to be sufficiently gas-tight.

If actual CO₂ values are greater or O₂ values are lower, then pressure test the flue pipe with a static pressure of 200 Pa.

After the tightness test, re-seal the test port with the plug.

For balanced flue systems tested together with the heat generator, there is no requirement for a tightness test (overpressure test) during commissioning by the flue gas inspector.



Removing the burner and checking the burner gasket

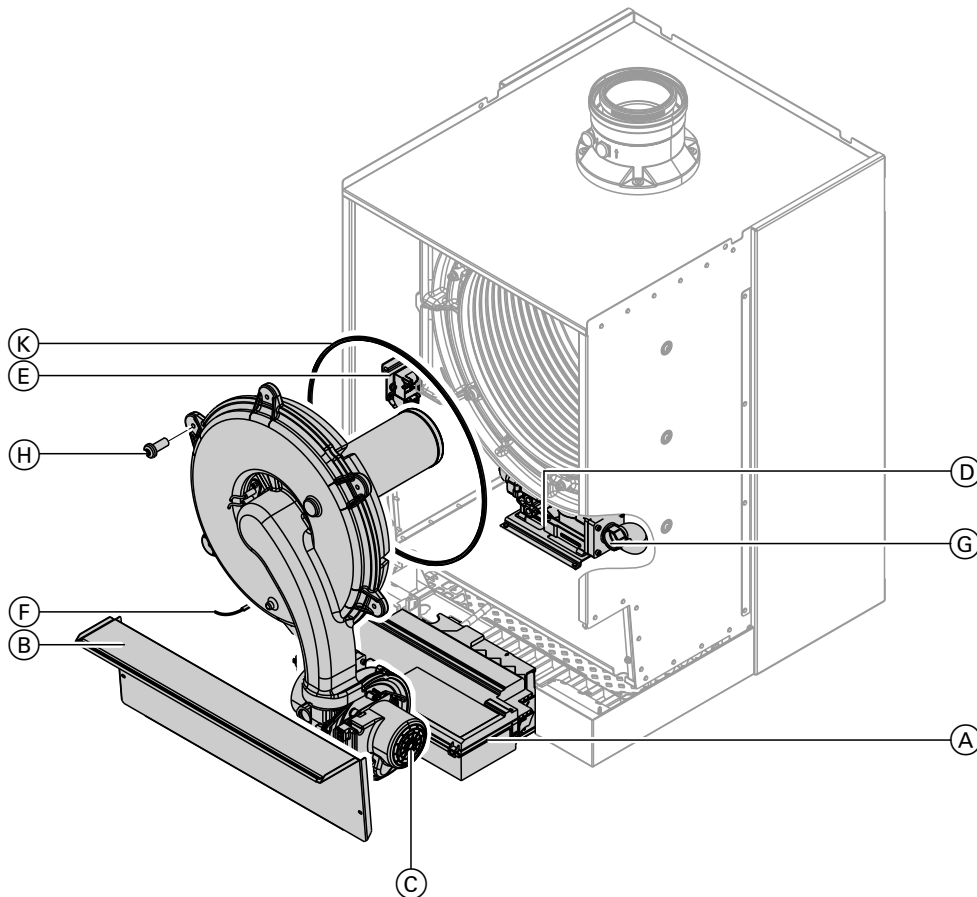


Fig. 28

1. Turn off the ON/OFF switch on the control unit and the power supply.
 2. Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.
 3. Unlock control unit (A) and pivot forwards.
 4. Remove cover panel (B).
 5. Pull cables from fan motor (C), gas train (D), ignition unit (E) and ionisation electrode (F).
 6. Undo gas supply pipe fitting (G).
 7. Undo 6 screws (H) and remove the burner.
- ! Please note**
To prevent damage,
Never touch the mesh of the burner gauze assembly.
8. Check burner gasket (K) for damage. Replace gasket if required.



Checking the burner gauze assembly and replacing it if required

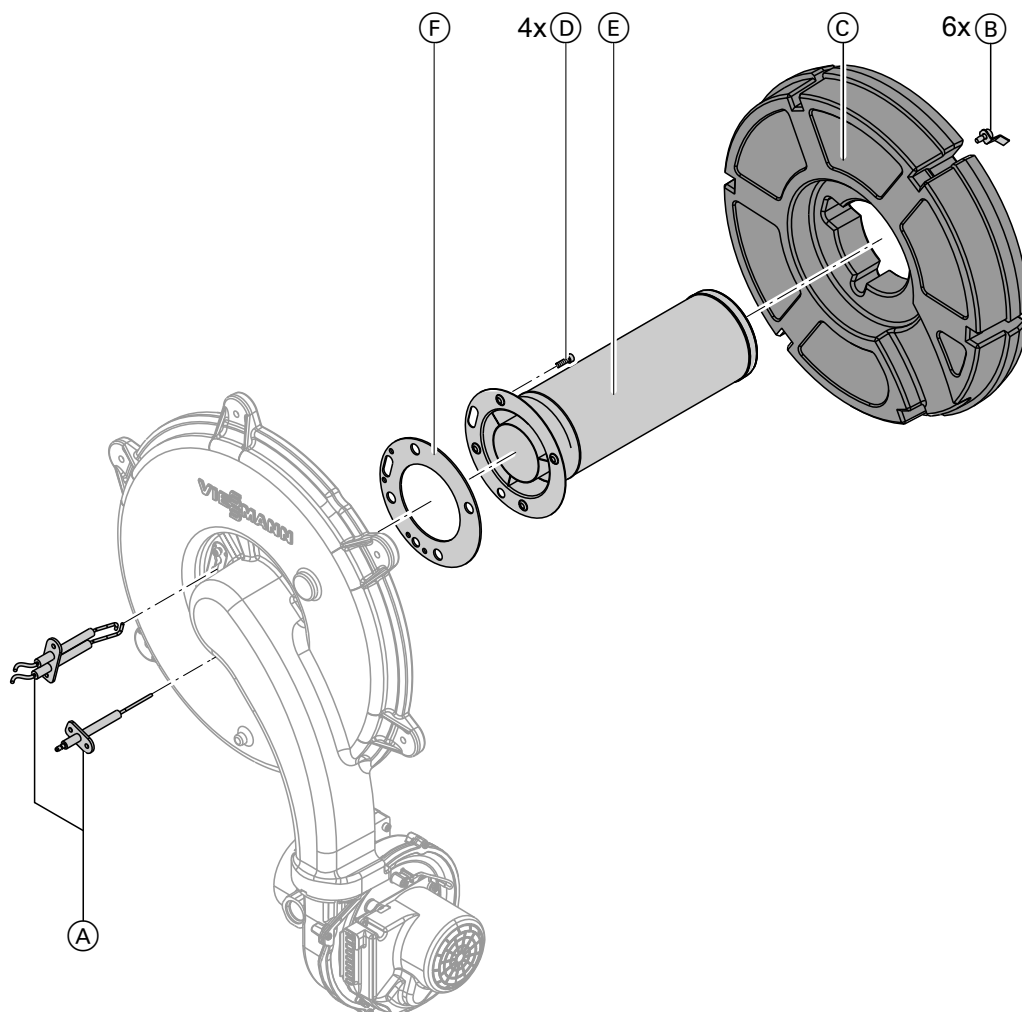


Fig. 29

1. Remove electrodes (A).
2. Undo 6 retaining clips (B) on thermal insulation ring (C) and remove thermal insulation ring (C).
3. Undo 4 Torx screws (D) and remove burner gauze assembly (E) with burner gauze assembly gasket (F).

4. Insert new burner gauze assembly (E) with new gasket (F) and secure with 4 Torx screws.
Torque: 3.0 Nm

5. Refit thermal insulation ring (C) and electrodes (A).

Note

Tightening torque for screws of electrodes (A) and retaining clips (B): 3.0 Nm.



Checking the back draught safety device

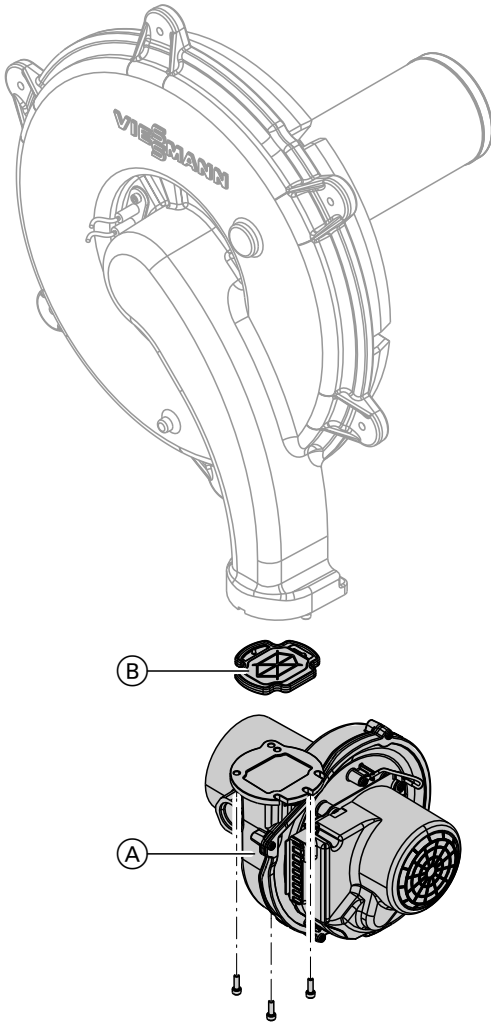


Fig. 30

1. Undo 3 screws and remove fan (A).
2. Remove back draught safety device (B).
3. Check the damper and gasket for dirt and damage. Replace if necessary.
4. Refit back draught safety device (B).
5. Refit fan (A) and secure with 3 screws. Torque: 3.0 Nm.





Checking and adjusting the ignition and ionisation electrodes

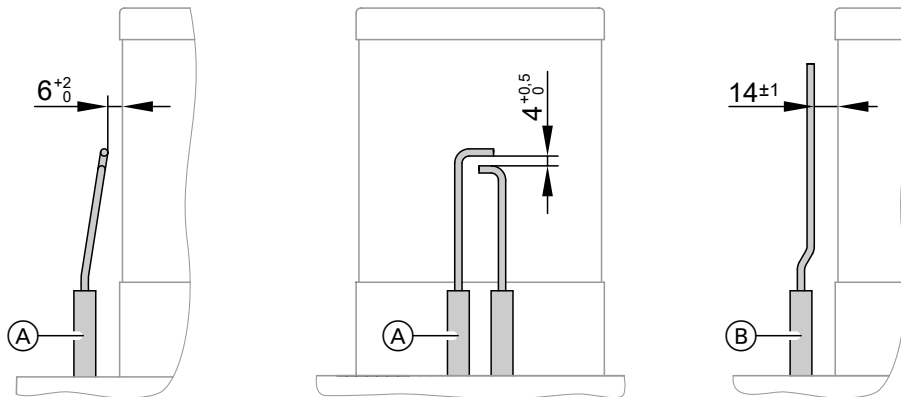


Fig. 31

- (A) Ignition electrodes
- (B) Ionisation electrode

1. Check the electrodes for wear and contamination.
2. Clean the electrodes with a small brush (not a wire brush) or sandpaper.



Please note

Burner gauze assembly mesh:
Do not damage.

3. Check the electrode gaps. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrodes are damaged, replace the electrodes and gaskets and adjust them as required. Tighten the electrode fixing screws with a torque of 3 Nm.



Cleaning the heating surfaces



Please note

Scratches to the surfaces of the heat exchanger that come into contact with hot gas can result in corrosion damage. Brushing can cause deposits to become lodged in the gaps between the coils. **Never use brushes to clean the heating surfaces.**



Please note

Prevent damage due to cleaning water. Cover the control unit with suitable watertight material.

1. Use a vacuum cleaner to remove combustion residues from heating surface (A) of the heat exchanger.
2. Flush heating surface (A) with water.
3. Check condensate drain. Clean the trap: See the following chapter.
4. Flush the heating surface again with water. This will also fill the trap with water.

Note

Discolouration on the heat exchanger surface is a normal sign of use. It has no bearing on the function and service life of the heat exchanger.

The use of chemical cleaning agents is not required.

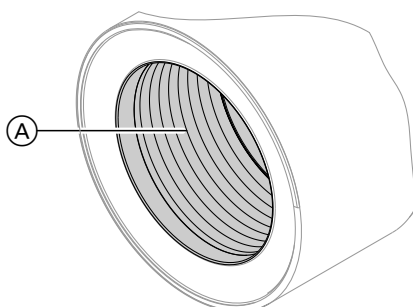


Fig. 32



Installing the burner

1. Insert the burner and tighten the screws diagonally. Torque: 8.5 Nm
2. Install the gas supply pipe with a new gasket and tighten the fitting. Torque: 15 Nm
3. Check the gas connections for tightness.
4. Connect the electrical cables to the corresponding components.



Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check the fitting for gas tightness.



Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the trap

Note

If condensate escapes at vent aperture (A) or (B), clean or (if necessary) replace the following drain line.

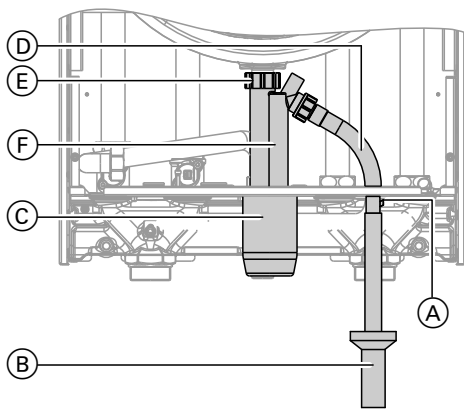


Fig. 33

1. Pull off cap (C) downwards.
2. Undo hose (D).
3. Undo union nut (E) and pull trap downwards.
4. Clean trap (F).
5. Check that the condensate can drain freely to the public sewage system.
6. Fill trap (F) with water and reassemble.
7. Refit hose (D).
8. Push on cap (C) from below.

On multi boiler systems:

Clean the trap in the flue gas header as well.



Checking the neutralising system (if installed)



Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure

Note

Carry out this test on a cold system.

1. Drain the system until the pressure gauge indicates "0" or close the cap valve on the expansion vessel and reduce the pressure at the cap valve.
2. If the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel is lower than the static system pressure, top up with nitrogen until the pre-charge pressure is 0.1 to 0.2 bar higher.
3. Top up with water until the charge pressure of the cooled system is 0.1 to 0.2 bar higher than the pre-charge pressure of the expansion vessel. Permiss. operating pressure: 6 bar.



Checking the safety valve function



Checking the firm seating of electrical connections



Checking all gas equipment for tightness at operating pressure



Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.
Check all gas equipment for tightness.

Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the tightness test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage. Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.



Checking the combustion quality

The electronic combustion controller automatically ensures optimum combustion quality. During commissioning/maintenance, only the combustion values need to be checked. For this, measure the CO content plus the CO₂ or O₂ content. For a description of the electronic combustion controller functions, see page 121.

Note

Operate the appliance with uncontaminated combustion air to prevent operating faults and damage.

CO content

- The CO content must be < 1000 ppm for all gas types.

CO₂ or O₂ content

- The CO₂ content must be within the following limits for the lower and upper heating output respectively:
 - 7.5 to 9.6 % for natural gas E and LL
 - 9.0 to 11.3 % for LPG P
- The O₂ content must be between 3.8 and 7.3 % for all gas types.

If the actual CO₂ or O₂ values lie outside their respective ranges, check the balanced flue system for tightness, see page 34.

Note

During commissioning, the combustion controller carries out an automatic calibration. Allow approx. 30 s after the burner has started before testing the emissions.

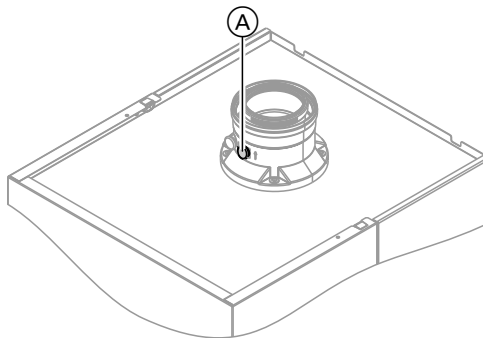


Fig. 34

1. Connect a flue gas analyser at flue gas port (A) on the boiler flue connection.
2. Open the gas shut-off valve, start the boiler and create a heat demand.
3. Set the lower heating output (see page 41).
4. Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the aforementioned ranges by more than 1 %, implement measures detailed on page 40.
5. Enter the actual value into the report.
6. Set the upper heating output (see page 41).
7. Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the aforementioned ranges by more than 1 %, implement measures detailed on page 40.
8. After testing, press **OK**.
9. Enter the actual value into the report.



Checking the combustion quality (cont.)

Select higher/lower heating output

Weather-compensated control unit

Service menu

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. **"Actuator test"**
3. Select the lower heating output:
Select **"Base load OFF"**. Then **"Base load ON"** appears and the burner operates at its lower heating output.
4. Select the upper heating output:
Select **"Full load OFF"**. Then **"Full load ON"** appears and the burner operates at its upper heating output.
5. Ending output selection:
Press **↩**.

Constant temperature control unit

Service menu

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. Select **"⌂"** with **▶** and confirm with **OK**.
The display shows **"I"** and **"ON"** flashes.
3. Select the lower heating output:
Press **OK**, **"ON"** will be displayed constantly.
4. Select the upper heating output:
Press **↩**.
5. Select **"2"** with **▶**; **"ON"** flashes.
6. Press **OK**, **"ON"** will be displayed constantly.
7. Ending output selection:
Press **↩**.



Checking the flue system for unrestricted flow and tightness



Checking the external LPG safety valve (if installed)



Matching the control unit to the heating system

The control unit must be matched to the equipment level of the system. Various system components are recognised automatically by the control unit and the relevant codes are set automatically.

For individual coding steps, see page 47.



Adjusting the heating curves (only for weather-compensated control units)

The heating curves illustrate the relationship between the outside temperature and the boiler water or flow temperature.

To put it simply, the lower the outside temperature, the higher the boiler water or flow temperature.

The boiler water or flow temperature in turn affects the room temperature.

Settings in the delivered condition:

- Slope = 1.4
- Level = 0

Note

If the heating system includes heating circuits with mixers, then the flow temperature of the heating circuit without mixer is higher by a selected differential (8 K in the delivered condition) than the flow temperature of the heating circuits with mixers.

The differential temperature is adjustable via coding address "9F" in the "General" group.

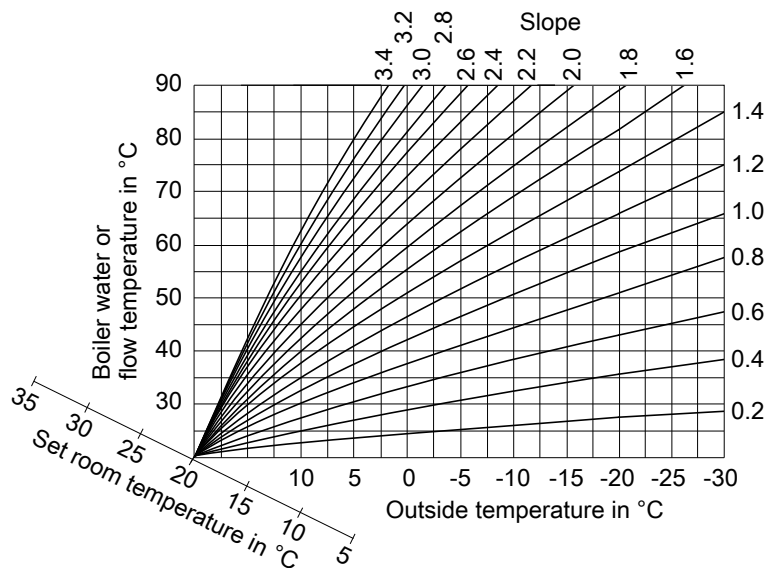


Fig. 35

Slope setting ranges:

- Underfloor heating systems: 0.2 to 0.8
- Low temperature heating systems: 0.8 to 1.6

Selecting the set room temperature

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit.
The heating curve is offset along the axis of the set room temperature. With the heating circuit pump logic function enabled, the curve modifies the starting and stopping characteristics of the heating circuit pump.

Standard set room temperature

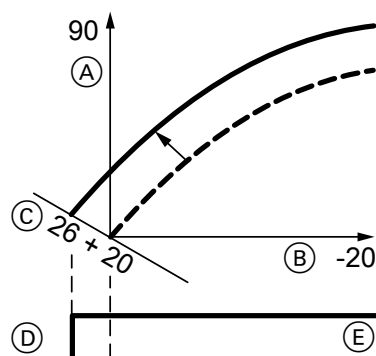
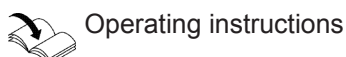


Fig. 36 Example 1: Adjustment of the standard set room temperature from 20 to 26 °C

- (A) Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- (B) Outside temperature in °C
- (C) Set room temperature in °C
- (D) Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- (E) Heating circuit pump "ON"

Changing the standard set room temperature



Operating instructions

Reduced set room temperature

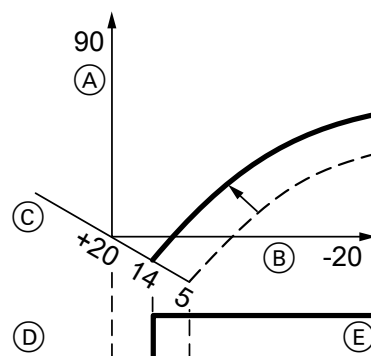


Fig. 37 Example 2: Adjustment of the reduced set room temperature from 5 °C to 14 °C

- (A) Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- (B) Outside temperature in °C
- (C) Set room temperature in °C
- (D) Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- (E) Heating circuit pump "ON"

Changing the reduced set room temperature



Operating instructions

Changing the slope and level

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit.



Adjusting the heating curves (only for... (cont.))

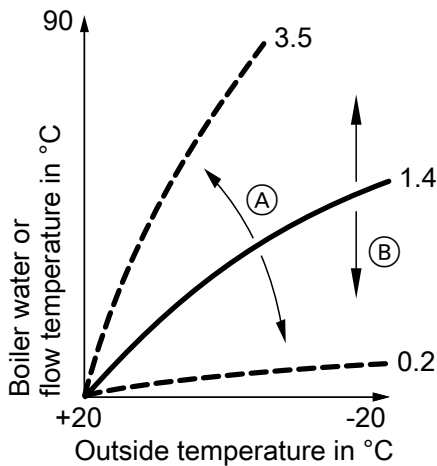


Fig. 38

- (A) Changing the slope
- (B) Changing the level (vertical parallel offset of the heating curve)

Extended menu:

- 1.
2. "Heating"
3. Select heating circuit.
4. "Heating curve"
5. "Slope" or "Level"
6. Select heating curve according to the system requirements.



Connecting the control unit to the LON

The LON communication module must be plugged in.

Note

The data transfer via LON can take several minutes.

Example: Single boiler system with Vitotronic 200-H and Vitocom 200

Set the LON subscriber numbers and further functions via code 2 (see the following table).

Note

The same subscriber number must **not** be allocated twice within the LON.

Only one Vitotronic may be programmed as fault manager.

All coding addresses in the table are listed in the "General" group.

Boiler control unit	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitocom
Subscriber no. 1 Code "77:1"	Subscriber no. 10 Code "77:10"	Subscriber no. 11 Set code "77:11".	Subscriber no. 99
Control unit is fault manager. Code "79:1"	Control unit is not fault manager. Code "79:0"	Control unit is not fault manager. Code "79:0"	Device is fault manager.
Control unit transmits the time. Code "7b:1"	Control unit receives the time. Set code "81:3".	Control unit receives the time. Set code "81:3".	Device receives the time.
Control unit sends outside temperature. Set code "97:2".	Control unit receives outside temperature. Set code "97:1".	Control unit receives outside temperature. Set code "97:1".	—



Connecting the control unit to the LON (cont.)

Boiler control unit	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitocom
Viessmann system number. Code "98:1"	Viessmann system number. Code "98:1"	Viessmann system number. Code "98:1"	—
LON subscriber fault monitoring. Code "9C:20"	LON subscriber fault monitoring. Code "9C:20"	LON subscriber fault monitoring. Code "9C:20"	—

Carrying out a LON subscriber check

The subscriber check is used to test communication with the system devices connected to the fault manager.

Requirements:

- The control unit must be programmed as **fault manager** (code "79:1" in the **"General"** group).
- The LON subscriber number must be programmed in all control units.
- The LON subscriber list in the fault manager must be up to date.

Service menu:

1. Press **OK** and simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. **"Service functions"**

3. "Subscriber check"

4. Select subscriber (e.g. subscriber 10).
5. Start the subscriber check with **"OK"**.

- Successfully tested subscribers are designated with **"OK"**.
- Unsuccessfully tested subscribers are identified with **"Not OK"**.

Note

To perform another subscriber check:
Create a new subscriber list with **"Delete list?"** (subscriber list is updated).

Note

During the subscriber check, the display of the relevant subscriber shows the subscriber no. and **"Wink"** for approx. 1 min.



Calling up and resetting the "Service" display

The red fault indicator flashes when the limits set in coding addresses "21" and "23" have been reached. (Coding address in group **"Boiler"** (weather-compensated control unit) or group 2 (constant temperature control unit).)

Weather-compensated control unit

Display

"Service" and

Acknowledging a service

Press **OK**.
Service the appliance.

Note

An acknowledged service message that was not reset appears again the following Monday.

Constant temperature control unit

The specified hours run or the specified interval with calendar symbol (subject to setting) and

Press **OK**.
Service the appliance.

Note

An acknowledged service message that was not reset appears again after 7 days.




Calling up and resetting the "Service" display (cont.)

Weather-compensated control unit

After the service has been carried out: Reset the codes

Service menu:

1. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. **"Service functions"**
3. **"Service reset"**

Note

The selected service parameters for hours run and interval restart at **"0"**.

Constant temperature control unit

Reset code "24:1" in group 2 to "24:0".

Note

The selected service parameters for hours run and interval restart at **"0"**.



Fitting the front panel

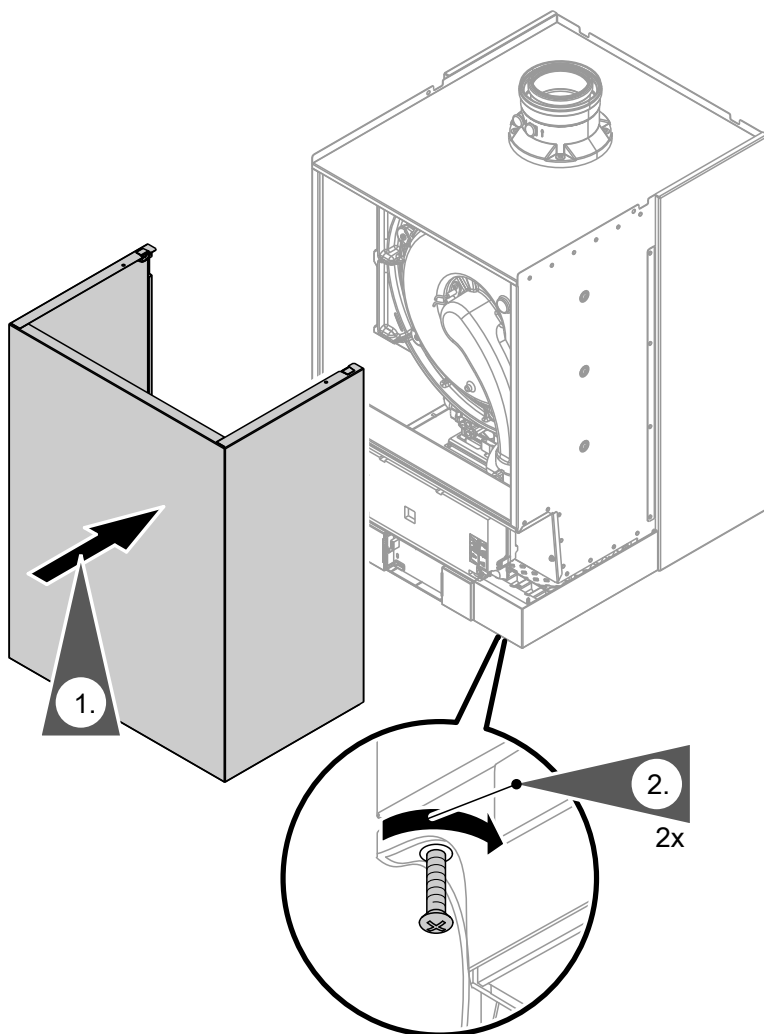


Fig. 39

Note

Ensure the locking screws are fitted before operating the appliance.













Instructing the system user

The system installer should hand the operating instructions to the system user and instruct the user in operating the system.



Calling up coding level 1

- On weather-compensated control units, codes are displayed as plain text.
- Codes that are not assigned due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- Heating systems with one heating circuit without mixer and one or two heating circuits with mixer: The heating circuit without mixer is designated **"Heating circuit 1"** and the heating circuits with mixer as **"Heating circuit 2"** or **"Heating circuit 3"**. If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and **"HC1"**, **"HC2"** or **"HC3"** appear instead.

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit
The codes are divided into groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ "General" ■ "Boiler" ■ "DHW" ■ "Solar" ■ "Heating circuit 1/2/3" ■ "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses from coding level 1 (except the coding addresses from the "Solar" group) are displayed in ascending order. ■ "Standard setting" 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: "General" 2: "Boiler" 3: "DHW" 4: "Solar" 5: "Heating circuit 1" 6: "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses are displayed in ascending order. 7: "Standard setting"
Call up code 1 Service menu: 1. Press OK and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. "Coding level 1" 3. Select group of required coding address. 4. Select coding address. 5. Select value according to the following tables and confirm with OK .	Service menu: 1. Press OK and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. Select "①" with  for coding level 1 and confirm with OK . 3. "I" flashes on the display for the coding addresses in group 1. 4. Select the group of the required coding address with  /  and confirm with OK . 5. Select coding address with  /  . 6. Set value according to the following tables with  /  and confirm with OK .
Resetting all codes to their delivered condition Select "Standard setting" . Note <i>This also resets codes at coding level 2.</i>	Select "7" with  and confirm with OK . When "⌘" flashes, confirm with OK . Note <i>This also resets codes at coding level 2.</i>

General/group "1"

Select **"General"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 47).

Select **"1"** for constant temperature control units (see page 47).

General/group "1" (cont.)**Coding**

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
System design			
00:1	System version 1: One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), without DHW heating	00:2 to 00:10	For system schemes, see the following table:

Value, address 00: ...	System version	Description
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
3	2, 3	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating
4	2, 3	One heating circuit with mixer (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating
5	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
6	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
7	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating
8	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating
9	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
10	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Internal circulation pump function			
51:0	System with low loss header: The internal circulation pump is always started when there is a heat demand	51:1	System with low loss header: The internal circulation pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running. The circulation pump stops when the run-on time ends.
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: The internal circulation pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running. The circulation pump stops when the run-on time ends.

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Subscriber no.			
77:1	LON subscriber number (only for weather-compensated control units)	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = Boiler 5 = Cascade 10 - 97 = Vitotronic 200-H 98 = Vitogate 99 = Vitocom Note <i>Allocate each number only once.</i>
Detached house/multi family house			
7F:1	Detached house (only for weather-compensated control units)	7F:0	Apartment building Holiday program and time program for DHW heating can be set separately.
Lock out controls			
8F:0	Operation enabled in standard menu and extended menu. Note <i>The relevant code is only activated when you exit the service menu.</i>	8F:1	Operation locked out in standard menu and extended menu. Emissions test mode can be activated.
		8F:2	Operation enabled in standard menu, but locked out in extended menu. Emissions test mode can be activated.
Set flow temperature for external demand			
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external demand adjustable from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)

Boiler/group "2"

Select **"Boiler"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 47).

Select **"2"** for constant temperature control units (see page 47).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Single/multi-boiler system			
01:1	Single boiler system (only for constant temperature control units)	01:2	Multi boiler system with Vitotronic 300-K
Boiler number			
07:1	Boiler number in multi boiler systems (only for constant temperature control units)	07:2 to 07:8	Boiler number 2 to 8 in multi boiler systems

Boiler/group "2" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Burner service in 100 hours			
21:0	No service interval set (in hours run)	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjustable from 100 to 10,000 h One step \triangleq 100 h
Service interval in months			
23:0	No time set for burner service interval	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months
Service status			
24:0	"Service" not shown on the display	24:1	"Service" is shown on the display (address is automatically set and must be manually reset after a service has been carried out)
Filling/venting			
2F:0	Venting program/filling program inactive	2F:1	Venting program active
		2F:2	Filling program active

DHW/group "3"

Select **"DHW"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 47).

Select **"3"** for constant temperature control units (see page 47).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Set DHW temperature reheating suppression			
67:40	For solar DHW heating: Set DHW temperature 40 °C Reheating is suppressed above the selected set temperature (boiler only starts as backup if the rise in the cylinder temperature is too low). Cannot be adjusted on gas condensing combi boilers.	67:0 to 67:95	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 0 to 95 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
Enable DHW circulation pump			
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time program (only for weather-compensated control unit)	73:1 to 73:6	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min up to 6 times per hour for 5 min during the time program
		73:7	Constantly "ON"

Solar/group "4"

Select **"Solar"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 47).

Select **"4"** for constant temperature control units (see page 47).

Note

The solar group is only displayed if a solar control module, type SM1, is connected.

Solar/group "4" (cont.)**Coding**

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Speed control solar circuit pump			
02:...	Data dependent on the software version of solar control module SM1	02:0	Solar circuit pump is not speed-controlled
		02:1	With wave packet control function Never adjust
		02:2	Solar circuit pump is speed-controlled with PWM control
Maximum cylinder temperature			
08:60	The solar circuit pump is switched off when the actual DHW temperature reaches the maximum cylinder temperature (60 °C).	08:10 to 08:90	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.
Stagnation time reduction			
0A:5	Temperature differential for stagnation time reduction (reduction in the speed of the solar circuit pump to protect system components and heat transfer medium) 5 K.	0A:0	Stagnation time reduction not active.
		0A:1 to 0A:40	Temperature differential adjustable from 1 to 40 K.
Flow rate solar circuit			
0F:70	Solar circuit flow rate at the maximum pump speed 7 l/min.	0F:1 to 0F:255	Flow rate adjustable from 0.1 to 25.5 l/min, 1 step $\hat{=}$ 0.1 l/min.
Extended solar control functions			
20:0	No extended control function enabled	20:1	Auxiliary function for DHW heating
		20:2	Differential temperature control 2.
		20:3	Differential temperature control 2 and auxiliary function.
		20:4	Differential temperature control 2 for central heating backup.
		20:5	Thermostat function
		20:6	Thermostat function and auxiliary function
		20:7	Solar heating via external heat exchanger without additional temperature sensor
		20:8	Solar heating via external heat exchanger with additional temperature sensor
		20:9	Solar heating of 2 DHW cylinders

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3/group "5"

Select **"Heating circuit ..."** for weather-compensated control units (see page 47).

Select **"5"** for constant temperature control units (see page 47).

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Priority DHW heating			
A2:2	Cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer	A2:0	Without cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer
		A2:1	Cylinder priority only applicable to mixer
		A2:3 to A2:15	Reduced priority applicable to mixer (the heating circuit receives a reduced amount of energy)

Economy function outside temperature

A5:5	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy mode): Heating circuit pump "OFF" if outside temperature (OT) is 1 K higher than the set room temperature (RT_{set}) $OT > RT_{set} + 1\text{ K}$ (only for weather-compensated control units)	A5:0	Without heating circuit pump logic function
		A5:1 to A5:15	With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating circuit pump "OFF" (see the following table)

Parameter address A5:...	With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating circuit pump "OFF"
1	$OT > RT_{set} + 5\text{ K}$
2	$OT > RT_{set} + 4\text{ K}$
3	$OT > RT_{set} + 3\text{ K}$
4	$OT > RT_{set} + 2\text{ K}$
5	$OT > RT_{set} + 1\text{ K}$
6	$OT > RT_{set}$
7	$OT > RT_{set} - 1\text{ K}$
up to 15	$OT > RT_{set} - 9\text{ K}$

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Extended economy function adjusted outside temperature			
A6:36	Extended economy mode disabled (only for weather-compensated control units)	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy mode enabled, i.e. the burner and heating circuit pump stop and the mixer closes at a variable value, adjustable between 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C. The basis for this is the adjusted outside temperature. This is composed of the actual outside temperature and a time constant that takes account of the way an average building cools down.

Extended economy function mixer

A7:0	Without mixer economy function (only for weather-compensated control units and heating circuits with mixer)	A7:1	With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If the mixer has been attempting to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If the mixer changes to control function ▪ If there is a risk of frost
------	---	------	--

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Pump idle time, transition reduced mode			
A9:7	With pump idle time: Heating circuit pump "OFF" if the set value is altered through a change in operating mode or through a change in the set room temperature (only for weather-compensated control units)	A9:0	Without pump idle time
		A9:1 to A9:15	With pump idle time, adjustable from 1 to 15. The higher the value, the longer the pump idle time.
Weather-compensated/room temperature hook-up			
b0:0	With remote control: Heating mode/reduced mode: Weather-compensated (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b0:1	Heating mode: Weather-compensated Reduced mode: With room temperature hook-up
		b0:2	Heating mode: With room temperature hook-up Reduced mode: Weather-compensated
		b0:3	Heating mode/red. mode: With room temperature hook-up
Economy function room temperature			
b5:0	With remote control: No room temperature-dependent heating circuit pump logic function (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b5:1 to b5:8	For heating circuit pump logic function, see the following table:
Parameter address b5:...	With heating circuit pump logic function:		
	Heating circuit pump "OFF"	Heating circuit pump "ON"	
1	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 5 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 4 \text{ K}$	
2	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 4 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 3 \text{ K}$	
3	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 3 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 2 \text{ K}$	
4	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 2 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 1 \text{ K}$	
5	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 1 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}}$	
6	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} - 1 \text{ K}$	
7	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} - 1 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} - 2 \text{ K}$	
8	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} - 2 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} - 3 \text{ K}$	
Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Min. flow temperature heating circuit			
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow temperature limit 20 °C (only for weather-compensated control units)	C5:1 to C5:127	Minimum limit adjustable from 1 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
Max. flow temperature heating circuit			
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow temperature limit 74 °C (only for weather-compensated control units)	C6:10 to C6:127	Maximum limit adjustable from 10 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Heating program changeover			
d5:0	The external heating program changeover switches the operating program to "Continuous operation with reduced room temperature" or "Standby mode" (only for weather-compensated control units)	d5:1	The external heating program changeover switches to "Continuous operation at standard room temperature" (subject to coding address 3A, 3b and 3C)
Ext. heating program changeover to heating circuit			
d8:0	No operating program changeover via EA1 extension	d8:1	Operating program changeover via input DE1 at EA1 extension
		d8:2	Operating program changeover via input DE2 at EA1 extension
		d8:3	Operating program changeover via input DE3 at EA1 extension
Screed function			
F1:0	Screed drying disabled (only for weather-compensated control units).	F1:1 to F1:6	Screed drying can be set with 6 adjustable temperature/time profiles (see page 117)
		F1:15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C
Party mode time limit			
F2:8	Time limit for party mode or external operating program changeover via pushbutton: 8 h (only for weather-compensated control units) ^{*1}	F2:0	No time limit for party mode ^{*1}
		F2:1 to F2:12	Time limit adjustable from 1 to 12 h ^{*1}
Pump control in "Only DHW"			
F6:25	In "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly on (only for constant temperature control units)	F6:0	In "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly off
		F6:1 to F6:24	In "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.
Pump control in "Standby mode"			
F7:25	In "Standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly on (only for constant temperature control units)	F7:0	In "Standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly off
		F7:1 to F7:24	In "Standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.
Start temperature raising			
F8:-5	Temperature limit for terminating reduced mode -5 °C, see example on page 119. Observe setting for coding address "A3". (only for weather-compensated control units)	F8:+10 to F8:-60	Temperature limit adjustable from +10 to -60 °C
		F8:-61	Function disabled

*¹ In the "Heating and DHW" program, party mode ends **automatically** when the system changes over to operation at standard room temperature.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
End temperature raising			
F9:-14	Temperature limit for raising reduced set room temperature -14 °C; see example on page 119. (only for weather-compensated control units)	F9:+10 to F9:-60	Temperature limit for raising the set room temperature to the value selected for standard mode adjustable from +10 to -60 °C
Set flow temperature increase			
FA:20	Raising the set boiler water temperature or set flow temperature by 20 % when changing from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard room temperature. See example on page 119 (only for weather-compensated control units).	FA:0 to FA:50	Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 50 %
Duration set flow temperature increase			
Fb:60	Duration for raising the set boiler water temperature or set flow temperature (see coding address "FA") is 60 min. See example on page 119 (only for weather-compensated control units).	Fb:0 to Fb:240	Duration adjustable from 0 to 240 min

Calling up coding level 2

- All codes are accessible in coding level 2.
- Codes that are not assigned due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- The heating circuit without mixer is designated **"Heating circuit 1"** and the heating circuits with mixer as **"Heating circuit 2"** or **"Heating circuit 3"**. If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and **"HC1"**, **"HC2"** or **"HC3"** appear instead.

Weather-compensated control unit

The codes are divided into groups



- **"General"**
- **"Boiler"**
- **"DHW"**
- **"Solar"**
- **"Heating circuit 1/2/3"**
- **"All codes std device"**
In this group, all coding addresses (except the coding addresses from the **"Solar"** group) are displayed in ascending order.
- **"Standard setting"**

Constant temperature control unit










- 1: **"General"**
- 2: **"Boiler"**
- 3: **"DHW"**
- 4: **"Solar"**
- 5: **"Heating circuit 1"**
- 6: **"All codes std device"**
In this group, all coding addresses are displayed in ascending order.
- 7: **"Standard setting"**

Call up code 2

Service menu:

1. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
3. **"Coding level 2"**
4. Select group of required coding address.
5. Select coding address.
6. Select value according to the following tables and confirm with **OK**.

Service menu:


1. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
3. Select **"2"** with  for coding level 2 and confirm with **OK**.
4. **"I"** flashes on the display for the coding addresses in group 1.
5. Select the group of the required coding address with / and confirm with **OK**.
6. Select coding address with /.
7. Set value according to the following tables with / and confirm with **OK**.

Resetting all codes to their delivered condition

Select **"Standard setting"**.

Note

This also resets codes at coding level 1.

Select **"7"** with  and confirm with **OK**.
When **"I"** flashes, confirm with **OK**.

Note

This also resets codes at coding level 1.

General/group "1"

Select **"General"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 56).

Select **"1"** for constant temperature control units (see page 56).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
00:1	System version 1: One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), without DHW heating	00:2 to 00:10	For system schemes, see the following table:

General/group "1" (cont.)

Value, address 00: ...	System version	Description
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
3	2, 3	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating
4	2, 3	One heating circuit with mixer (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating
5	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
6	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
7	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating
8	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating
9	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
10	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
11:≠9	No access to the coding addresses for the parameters of the combustion controller	11:9	Access to the coding addresses for the parameters of the combustion controller open
25:0	Without outside temperature sensor (for constant temperature control units)	25:1	With outside temperature sensor (automatic recognition)
2A:0	Without wireless outside temperature sensor	2A:1	With wireless outside temperature sensor (automatic recognition)
		2A:2	Wireless outside temperature sensor not used
2d:1	With flow sensors (do not adjust)		
32:0	Without AM1 extension	32:1	With AM1 extension (automatic recognition)
33:1	Function of output A1 at AM1 extension: Heating circuit pump	33:0	Function of output A1: DHW circulation pump
		33:2	Function of output A1: Circulation pump for cylinder heating
34:0	Function of output A2 at AM1 extension: DHW circulation pump	34:1	Function of output A2: Heating circuit pump
		34:2	Function of output A2: Circulation pump for cylinder heating
35:0	Without EA1 extension	35:1	With EA1 extension (automatic recognition)
36:0	Function of output [157] at EA1 extension: Fault message	36:1	Function of output [157]: Feed pump
		36:2	Function of output [157]: DHW circulation pump
39:2	Function of output [21]: Circulation pump for cylinder heating	39:0	Function of output [21]: DHW circulation pump
		39:1	Function of output [21]: Heating circuit pump

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
3A:0	Function of input DE1 at EA1 extension: Not assigned	3A:1	Function of input DE1: Operating program changeover
		3A:2	Function of input DE1: External demand with set flow temperature. Set flow temperature setting: Coding address 9b. Internal circulation pump function: Coding address 3F
		3A:3	Function of input DE1: External blocking. Function of internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3A:4	Function of input DE1: External blocking with fault message input Function of internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3A:5	Function of input DE1: Fault message input
		3A:6	Function of input DE1: Brief operation of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime setting: Coding address 3d
3b:0	Function of input DE2 at EA1 extension: Not assigned	3b:1	Function of input DE2: Operating program changeover
		3b:2	Function of input DE2: External demand with set flow temperature. Set flow temperature setting: Coding address 9b. Internal circulation pump function: Coding address 3F
		3b:3	Function of input DE2: External blocking. Function of internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3b:4	Function of input DE2: External blocking with fault message input Function of internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3b:5	Function of input DE2: Fault message input
		3b:6	Function of input DE2: Brief operation of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime setting: Coding address 3d
3C:0	Function of input DE3 at EA1 extension: Not assigned	3C:1	Function of input DE3: Operating program changeover
		3C:2	Function of input DE3: External demand with set flow temperature Set flow temperature setting: Coding address 9b. Internal circulation pump function: Coding address 3F

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
		3C:3	Function of input DE3: External blocking. Function of internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3C:4	Function of input DE3: External blocking with fault message input Function of internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3C:5	Function of input DE3: Fault message input
		3C:6	Function of input DE3: Brief operation of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime setting: Coding address 3d
3d:5	DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation: 5 min	3d:1 to 3d:60	DHW circulation pump runtime adjustable from 1 to 60 min
3E:0	Boiler circuit pump remains in control mode at "External blocking" signal.	3E:1	Boiler circuit pump is stopped at "External blocking" signal.
		3E:2	Boiler circuit pump is started at "External blocking" signal.
3F:0	Boiler circuit pump remains in control mode at "External demand" signal.	3F:1	Boiler circuit pump is stopped at "External demand" signal.
		3F:2	Boiler circuit pump is started at "External demand" signal.
4b:0	Function of input 96 : Room thermostat (Vitolrol 100) for constant temperature control units	4b:1	External demand
		4b:2	External blocking
51:0	System with low loss header: The boiler circuit pump is always started when there is a heat demand.	51:1	System with low loss header: The boiler circuit pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running. The circulation pump stops when the run-on time ends.
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: The boiler circuit pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running. The circulation pump stops when the run-on time ends.
52:0	Without flow temperature sensor for low loss header	52:1	With flow temperature sensor for low loss header (automatic recognition)
53:1	Function of terminal 28 of internal extension: DHW circulation pump	53:0	Function of terminal 28 : Central fault
		53:2	Function of terminal 28 : External heating circuit pump (heating circuit 1)
		53:3	Function of terminal 28 : External circulation pump for cylinder heating
54:0	Without solar thermal system	54:1	With Vitosolic 100 (automatic recognition)

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
		54:2	With Vitosolic 200 (automatic recognition)
		54:3	With solar control module SM1 without auxiliary function (automatic recognition)
		54:4	With solar control module SM1 with auxiliary function, e.g. central heating backup (automatic recognition)
6E:50	No correction of measured outside temperature	6E:0 to 6E:100	Outside temperature correction in 0.1 K steps 0 to 49 = -5 K to -0.1 K 51 to 100 = 0.1 K to 5 K
76:0	Without communication module	76:1	With LON communication module (automatic recognition; only for weather-compensated control units)
		76:2	With cascade communication module (automatic recognition; only for constant temperature control units)
77:1	LON subscriber number (only for weather-compensated control units)	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = Boiler 5 = Cascade 10 - 97 = Vitotronic 200-H 98 = Vitogate 99 = Vitocom Note <i>Allocate each number only once.</i>
79:1	With LON communication module: Control unit is fault manager (only for control unit for weather-compensated operation)	79:0	Control unit is not fault manager
7b:1	With LON communication module: Control unit transmits the time (only for control unit for weather-compensated operation)	7b:0	No time transmission
7F:1	Detached house (only for weather-compensated control units)	7F:0	Apartment building Holiday program and time program for DHW heating can be set separately
80:6	A fault message is issued if a fault is present for at least 30 s	80:0	Immediate fault message
		80:2 to 80:199	Minimum fault duration until fault message occurs, adjustable from 10 s to 995 s; 1 step \triangleq 5 s
81:1	Automatic summer/wintertime changeover	81:0	Manual summer/wintertime changeover
		81:2	Use of the radio clock receiver (automatic recognition)
		81:3	With LON communication module: Control unit receives the time
82:0	Operation with natural gas	82:1	Operation with LPG (only adjustable if coding address 11:9 has been set)

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
88:0	Temperature display in °C (Celsius)	88:1	Temperature display in °F (Fahrenheit)
8A:175	Do not adjust.		
8F:0	Control in standard menu and extended menu enabled Note <i>The relevant code is only activated when you exit the service menu.</i>	8F:1	Operation locked out in standard menu and extended menu. Emissions test mode can be activated.
		8F:2	Operation enabled in standard menu, but locked out in extended menu. Emissions test mode can be activated.
90:128	Time constant for calculating adjusted outside temperature 21.3 h	90:1 to 90:199	Subject to the set value, the flow temperature is adjusted quickly (low values) or slowly (high values) when the outside temperature changes; 1 step \pm 10 min
94:0	Without OpenTherm extension	94:1	With OpenTherm extension (automatic recognition)
95:0	Without Vitocom 100 communication interface	95:1	With Vitocom 100 communication interface (automatic recognition)
97:0	With LON communication module: Outside temperature of the sensor connected to the control unit is utilised internally (only for weather-compensated control units)	97:1	Control unit receives outside temperature
		97:2	The control unit transmits the outside temperature to the Vitotronic 200-H
98:1	Viessmann system number (in conjunction with monitoring of several systems via Vitocom 300)	98:1 to 98:5	System no. adjustable from 1 to 5
99:0	Do not adjust		
9A:0	Do not adjust		
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external demand adjustable from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
9C:20	Monitoring LON subscribers. If a subscriber fails to respond, the control unit's default values will be used after 20 min. Only then will a fault message be issued. (only for weather-compensated control units)	9C:0	No monitoring
		9C:5 to 9C:60	Time adjustable from 5 to 60 min
9F:8	Differential temperature 8 K; only in conjunction with heating circuit with mixer (only for weather-compensated control units)	9F:0 to 9F:40	Differential temperature adjustable from 0 to 40 K

Boiler/group "2"

Select **"Boiler"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 56).

Select **"2"** for constant temperature control units (see page 56).

Boiler/group "2" (cont.)**Coding**

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
01:1	Single boiler system (only for constant temperature control units)	01:2	Multi boiler system with Vitotronic 300-K
04:1	Minimum burner pause time subject to boiler load (specified by boiler coding card)	04:0	Minimum burner pause time set permanently (specified by boiler coding card)
06:...	Maximum limit of the boiler water temperature, specified in °C by the boiler coding card	06:20 to 06:127	Maximum limit of boiler water temperature within the ranges specified by the boiler
07:1	Boiler number in multi boiler systems (only for constant temperature control units)	07:2 to 07:8	Boiler number 2 to 8 in multi boiler systems
08:...	Maximum burner heating output in kW, in multi boiler systems	08:0 to 08:199	Maximum burner heating output adjustable in 1 kW increments, from 0 to 199 kW (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
0d:0	Do not adjust		
0E:0	Do not adjust		
13:1	Do not adjust		
14:1	Do not adjust		
15:1	Do not adjust		
21:0	No service interval set (in hours run)	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjustable from 100 to 10,000 h One step \triangleq 100 h
23:0	No time set for burner service interval	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months
24:0	"Service" not shown on the display	24:1	"Service" is shown on the display (address is automatically set and must be manually reset after a service has been carried out)
28:0	No burner interval ignition	28:1 to 28:24	Interval adjustable from 1 h to 24 h. The burner is force-started for 30 s (only when operating with LPG).
2E:0	Do not adjust		
2F:0	Venting program/filling program inactive	2F:1	Venting program active
		2F:2	Filling program active
30:3	Boiler circuit pump variable speed via 0-10 V interface	30:0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connection of multi stage boiler circuit pump Operation with low loss header (single or multi boiler system)
		30:1	Boiler circuit pump speed-controlled
		30:2	Boiler circuit pump speed-controlled with flow rate
31:...	Set speed in % of the circulation pump when operated as boiler circuit pump, specified by the coding card	31:0 to 31:100	Set speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %
38:0	Burner control unit status: Operational (no fault)	38:≠0	Burner control unit status: Fault

DHW/group "3"

Select **"DHW"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 56).

Select **"3"** for constant temperature control units (see page 56).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
56:0	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 60 °C	56:1	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to over 60 °C Note Max. value subject to boiler coding card. Observe the maximum permissible DHW temperature.
58:0	Without auxiliary function for DHW heating	58:10 to 58:60	Input of a second set DHW temperature; adjustable from 10 to 60 °C (observe coding addresses "56" and "63")
59:0	Cylinder heating: Start point -2.5 K Stop point +2.5 K	59:1 to 59:10	Start point adjustable from 1 to 10 K below the set value
5b:0	DHW cylinder directly connected to the boiler	5b:1	DHW cylinder connected downstream of the low loss header
5E:0	Circulation pump for cylinder heating remains in control mode at "External blocking" signal.	5E:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating stops at "External blocking" signal.
		5E:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating starts at "External blocking" signal.
5F:0	Circulation pump for cylinder heating remains in control mode at "External demand" signal.	5F:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating stops at "External demand" signal.
		5F:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating starts at "External demand" signal.
60:20	During DHW heating, the boiler water temperature is max. 20 K higher than the set DHW temperature.	60:5 to 60:25	The differential between the boiler water temperature and the set DHW temperature is adjustable from 5 to 25 K
62:2	Circulation pump with 2 min run-on time after cylinder heating	62:0	No circulation pump run-on
		62:1 to 62:15	Run-on time adjustable from 1 to 15 min
63:0	Without auxiliary function for DHW heating (only for constant temperature control units)	63:1	Auxiliary function: 1 x daily
		63:2 to 63:14	Every 2 days to every 14 days
		63:15	2 x daily
65:0	Do not adjust.		
67:40	For solar DHW heating: Set DHW temperature 40 °C. Reheating is suppressed above the selected set temperature (boiler only starts as backup if the rise in the cylinder temperature is too low).	67:0 to 67:95	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 0 to 95°C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
6F:...	Max. heating output for DHW heating in %; specified by boiler coding card	6F:0 to 6F:100	Max. heating output for DHW heating adjustable from min. heating output to 100 %

DHW/group "3" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
71:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time program (only for weather-compensated control unit)	71:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to set value 1
		71:2	"ON" during DHW heating to set value 1
72:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time program (only for weather-compensated control unit)	72:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to set value 2
		72:2	"ON" during DHW heating to set value 2
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time program (only for weather-compensated control unit)	73:1 to 73:6	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min up to 6 times per hour for 5 min during the time program
		73:7	Constantly "ON"

Solar/group "4"

Select **"Solar"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 56).
 Select **"4"** for constant temperature control units (see page 56).

Note

The solar group is only displayed if a solar control module, type SM1, is connected.

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
00:8	Start temperature differential for solar circuit pump 8 K.	00:2 to 00:30	Start temperature differential adjustable from 2 to 30 K.
01:4	Stop temperature differential for solar circuit pump 4 K.	01:1 to 01:29	Stop temperature differential adjustable from 1 to 29 K.
02:0	Solar circuit pump is not speed controlled.	02:1	Solar circuit pump is speed controlled with wave packet control.
		02:2	Solar circuit pump is speed controlled with PWM switching.
03:10	Temperature differential for the start of the speed control 10 K.	03:5 to 03:20	Temperature differential adjustable from 5 to 20 K.
04:4	Controller amplification of variable speed control 4 %/K.	04:1 to 04:10	Controller amplification adjustable from 1 to 10 %/K.
05:10	Min. speed of solar circuit pump 10 % of maximum speed.	05:2 to 05:100	Min. speed of the solar circuit pump is adjustable from 2 to 100 %.
06:75	Max. speed of solar circuit pump 75 % of the maximum possible speed.	06:1 to 06:100	Max. speed of the solar circuit pump is adjustable from 1 to 100 %.
07:0	Interval function of solar circuit pump switched off.	07:1	Interval function of solar circuit pump switched on. To capture the collector temperature more accurately, the solar circuit pump periodically starts for a short duration.

Solar/group "4" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
08:60	Set DHW temperature (maximum cylinder temperature) 60 °C.	08:10 to 08:90	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.
09:130	Maximum collector temperature (to protect system components) 130 °C.	09:20 to 09:200	Temperature adjustable from 20 to 200 °C.
0A:5	Temperature differential for stagnation time reduction (reduction in the speed of the solar circuit pump to protect system components and heat transfer medium) 5 K.	0A:0	Stagnation time reduction is inactive.
		0A:1 to 0A:40	Temperature differential adjustable from 1 to 40 K.
0b:0	Frost protection function for solar circuit switched off.	0b:1	Frost protection function for solar circuit switched on (not required with Viessmann heat transfer medium).
0C:1	Delta T monitoring switched on. No flow rate captured in the solar circuit, or flow rate too low.	0C:0	Delta T monitoring switched off.
0d:1	Night DHW circulation monitoring switched on. Unintentional flow in the solar circuit is captured (e.g. at night).	0d:0	Night DHW circulation monitoring switched off.
0E:1	Heat statement in conjunction with Viessmann heat transfer medium.	0E:2	Do not adjust.
		0E:0	No heat statement.
0F:70	Solar circuit flow rate at max. pump speed 7 l/min.	0F:1 to 0F:255	Flow rate adjustable from 0.1 to 25.5 l/min. 1 step \pm 0.1 l/min
10:0	Target temperature control switched off (see coding address "11").	10:1	Target temperature control switched on.
11:50	Set solar DHW temperature 50 °C. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Target temperature control switched on (code "10:1"): Temperature at which the solar heated water is to be stratified into the DHW cylinder. If code "20:9" (heating of two DHW cylinders) is set: When one DHW cylinder reaches its set DHW temperature, the second DHW cylinder is heated. 	11:10 to 11:90	The set solar DHW temperature is adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.
12:10	Minimum collector temperature (minimum start temperature for the solar circuit pump) 20 °C.	12:0	No minimum limit active.
		12:1 to 12:90	Minimum collector temperature adjustable from 1 to 90 °C.
20:0	No extended control function active.	20:1	Auxiliary function for DHW heating
		20:2	Differential temperature control 2
		20:3	Differential temperature control 2 and auxiliary function
		20:4	Differential temperature control 2 for central heating backup
		20:5	Thermostat function
		20:6	Thermostat function and auxiliary function

Solar/group "4" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
		20:7	Solar heating via external heat exchanger without additional temperature sensor.
		20:8	Solar heating via external heat exchanger with additional temperature sensor.
		20:9	Solar heating of two DHW cylinders.
22:8	Start temperature differential with central heating backup (code "20:4" must be set) 8 K.	22:2 to 22:30	Start temperature differential adjustable from 2 to 30 K.
23:4	Stop temperature differential with central heating backup (code "20:4" must be set) 4 K.	23:2 to 23:30	Stop temperature differential adjustable from 1 to 29 K.
24:40	Start temperature for thermostat function (code "20:5" or "20:6" must be selected) 40 °C.	24:0 to 24:100	Start temperature for thermostat function adjustable from 0 to 100 K.
25:50	Stop temperature for thermostat function (code "20:5" or "20:6" must be selected) 50 °C.	25:0 to 25:100	Stop temperature for thermostat function adjustable from 0 to 100 K.
26:1	Priority for DHW cylinder 1 with cyclical heating. (Code "20:9" must be set).	26:0	Priority for DHW cylinder 1 without cyclical heating.
		26:2	Priority for DHW cylinder 2 without cyclical heating.
		26:3	Priority for DHW cylinder 2 with cyclical heating.
		26:4	Cyclical heating without priority for either DHW cylinder.
27:15	Cyclical heating time 15 min. Once the DHW cylinder with priority is heated up, the DHW cylinder without priority is heated for a maximum duration equal to the set cyclical heating time.	27:5 to 27:60	The cyclical heating time is adjustable from 5 to 60 min.
28:3	Cyclical pause time 3 min. After the set cyclical heating time for the DHW cylinder without priority has expired, the rise in collector temperature is captured during the cyclical pause time.	28:1 to 28:60	Cyclical pause time is adjustable from 1 to 60 min.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3/group "5"

Select **"Heating circuit ..."** for weather-compensated control units (see page 56).

Select **"5"** for constant temperature control units (see page 56).

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A0:0	Without remote control	A0:1	With Vitotrol 200-A/200-RF (automatic recognition)
		A0:2	With Vitotrol 300-A/300-RF or Vitocomfort 200 (automatic recognition)
A1:0	All possible settings at the remote control can be accessed	A1:1	Only party mode can be set at the remote control (only for Vitotrol 200-A/200-RF)
A2:2	Cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer	A2:0	Without cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer
		A2:1	Cylinder priority only applicable to mixer
		A2:3 to A2:15	Reduced priority applicable to mixer (the heating circuit receives a reduced amount of energy)
A3:2	Outside temperature below 1 °C: Heating circuit pump "ON" Outside temperature above 3 °C: Heating circuit pump "OFF"	A3:-9 to A3:15	Heating circuit pump "ON/OFF" (see the following table)



Please note

When selecting a value below 1 °C, there is a risk of pipes outside the thermal envelope of the building freezing up.
Standby mode in particular should be taken into consideration, e.g. during holidays.

Parameter address A3:...	Heating circuit pump	
	"ON"	"OFF"
-9	-10 °C	-8 °C
-8	-9 °C	-7 °C
-7	-8 °C	-6 °C
-6	-7 °C	-5 °C
-5	-6 °C	-4 °C
-4	-5 °C	-3 °C
-3	-4 °C	-2 °C
-2	-3 °C	-1 °C
-1	-2 °C	0 °C
0	-1 °C	1 °C
1	0 °C	2 °C
2	1 °C	3 °C
up to	up to	up to
15	14 °C	16 °C

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A4:0	With frost protection (only for weather-compensated control units).	A4:1	No frost protection; this setting is only possible if code "A3:-9" has been selected.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
			Note "Important", observe for code "A3".
A5:5	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy mode): Heating circuit pump "OFF" if outside temperature (OT) is 1 K higher than the set room temperature (RT_{set}) $OT > RT_{set} + 1 \text{ K}$ (only for weather-compensated control units)	A5:0	Without heating circuit pump logic function
		A5:1 to A5:15	With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating circuit pump "OFF" (see the following table)

Parameter address A5:...	With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating circuit pump "OFF"
1	$OT > RT_{set} + 5 \text{ K}$
2	$OT > RT_{set} + 4 \text{ K}$
3	$OT > RT_{set} + 3 \text{ K}$
4	$OT > RT_{set} + 2 \text{ K}$
5	$OT > RT_{set} + 1 \text{ K}$
6	$OT > RT_{set}$
7	$OT > RT_{set} - 1 \text{ K}$
up to 15	$OT > RT_{set} - 9 \text{ K}$

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A6:36	Extended economy mode disabled (only for weather-compensated control units)	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy mode enabled, i.e. the burner and heating circuit pump stop and the mixer closes at a variable value, adjustable between 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C. The basis for this is the adjusted outside temperature. This is composed of the actual outside temperature and a time constant that takes account of the way an average building cools down.
A7:0	Without mixer economy function (only for weather-compensated control units and heating circuits with mixer)	A7:1	With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If the mixer has been attempting to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If the mixer changes to control function ▪ If there is a risk of frost
A8:1	Heating circuit with mixer creates a demand for the boiler circuit pump (only for weather-compensated control units)	A8:0	Heating circuit with mixer creates no demand for the boiler circuit pump.
A9:7	With pump idle time: Heating circuit pump "OFF" if the set value is altered through a change in operating mode or through a change in the set room temperature (only for weather-compensated control units)	A9:0	Without pump idle time
		A9:1 to A9:15	With pump idle time, adjustable from 1 to 15. The higher the value, the longer the pump idle time.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
b0:0	With remote control: Heating mode/reduced mode: Weather-compensated (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b0:1	Heating mode: Weather-compensated Reduced mode: With room temperature hook-up
		b0:2	Heating mode: With room temperature hook-up Reduced mode: Weather-compensated
		b0:3	Heating mode/red. mode: With room temperature hook-up
b2:8	With remote control and for the heating circuit, operation with room temperature hook-up must be programmed: Room influence factor 8 (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b2:0	Without room influence
		b2:1 to b2:64	Room influence factor adjustable from 1 to 64. The higher the value, the greater the room influence.
b5:0	With remote control: No room temperature-dependent heating circuit pump logic function (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b5:1 to b5:8	For heating circuit pump logic function, see the following table:

Parameter address b5:...	With heating circuit pump logic function:	
	Heating circuit pump "OFF"	Heating circuit pump "ON"
1	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 5 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 4 \text{ K}$
2	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 4 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 3 \text{ K}$
3	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 3 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 2 \text{ K}$
4	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 2 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} + 1 \text{ K}$
5	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} + 1 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}}$
6	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} - 1 \text{ K}$
7	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} - 1 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} - 2 \text{ K}$
8	$RT_{\text{actual}} > RT_{\text{set}} - 2 \text{ K}$	$RT_{\text{actual}} < RT_{\text{set}} - 3 \text{ K}$

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow temperature limit 20 °C (only for weather-compensated control units)	C5:1 to C5:127	Minimum limit adjustable from 1 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow temperature limit 74 °C (only for weather-compensated control units)	C6:10 to C6:127	Maximum limit adjustable from 10 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
d3:14	Heating curve slope = 1.4	d3:2 to d3:35	The heating curve slope is adjustable from 0.2 to 3.5 (see page 41)
d4:0	Heating curve level = 0	d4:-13 to d4:40	The heating curve level is adjustable from -13 to 40 (see page 41)

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
d5:0	The external operating program changeover switches the operating program to "Continuous operation with reduced room temperature" or "Standby mode" (only for weather-compensated control units)	d5:1	The external operating program changeover switches to "Continuous operation at standard room temperature" (subject to coding address 3A, 3b and 3C)
d6:0	Heating circuit pump remains in control mode at "External blocking" signal	d6:1	Heating circuit pump stops at "External blocking" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)
		d6:2	Heating circuit pump starts at "External blocking" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)
d7:0	Heating circuit pump remains in control mode at "External demand" signal	d7:1	Heating circuit pump stops at "External demand" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)
		d7:2	Heating circuit pump starts at "External demand" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)
d8:0	No operating program changeover via EA1 extension	d8:1	Operating program changeover via input DE1 at EA1 extension
		d8:2	Operating program changeover via input DE2 at EA1 extension
		d8:3	Operating program changeover via input DE3 at EA1 extension
E1:1	Do not adjust		
E2:50	With remote control: No display correction for the actual room temperature (only for weather-compensated control units)	E2:0 to E2:49	Display correction –5 K up to Display correction –0.1 K
		E2:51 to E2:99	Display correction +0.1 K up to Display correction +4.9 K
E5:0	Do not adjust		
E6:...	Maximum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump in % of the max. speed in standard mode. Value is specified by boiler-specific parameters (only for weather-compensated control units).	E6:0 to E6:100	Maximum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %
E7:30	Minimum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump: 30 % of the max. speed (only for weather-compensated control units)	E7:0 to E7:100	Minimum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 % of maximum speed
F1:0	Screed drying disabled (only for weather-compensated control units).	F1:1 to F1:6	Screed drying adjustable, with choice of 6 temperature/time profiles (see page 117)
		F1:15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C
F2:8	Time limit for party mode or external operating program changeover via pushbutton: 8 h (only for weather-compensated control units)* ¹	F2:0	No time limit for party mode* ¹
		F2:1 to F2:12	Time limit adjustable from 1 to 12 h* ¹

*¹ In the "Heating and DHW" program, party mode ends **automatically** when the system changes over to operation at standard room temperature.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
F5:12	Run-on time of the boiler circuit pump in heating mode: 12 min (only for constant temperature control units)	F5:0	No boiler circuit pump run-on time
		F5:1 to F5:20	Boiler circuit pump run-on time adjustable from 1 to 20 min
F6:25	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler circuit pump is constantly on (only for constant temperature control units)	F6:0	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler circuit pump is constantly off
		F6:1 to F6:24	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler circuit pump is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.
F7:25	In "Standby mode", the boiler circuit pump is constantly on (only for constant temperature control units)	F7:0	In "Standby mode", the boiler circuit pump is constantly off
		F7:1 to F7:24	In "Standby mode", the boiler circuit pump is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.
F8:-5	Temperature limit for terminating reduced mode -5 °C, see example on page 119. Observe setting for coding address "A3". (only for weather-compensated control units)	F8:+10 to F8:-60	Temperature limit adjustable from +10 to -60 °C
		F8:-61	Function disabled
F9:-14	Temperature limit for raising reduced set room temp -14 °C; see example on page 119 (only for weather-compensated control units).	F9:+10 to F9:-60	Temperature limit for raising the set room temperature to the value selected for standard mode adjustable from +10 to -60 °C
FA:20	The set boiler water or flow temperature is raised by 20 % when changing from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard room temperature. See example on page 119 (only for weather-compensated control units).	FA:0 to FA:50	Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 50 %
Fb:60	Duration for raising the set boiler water temperature or set flow temperature (see coding address "FA") is 60 min. See example on page 119 (only for weather-compensated control units).	Fb:0 to Fb:240	Duration adjustable from 0 to 240 min

Service level

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit
Calling up the service level Service menu: 1. Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. Select required menu. See the following diagram.	Service menu: 1. Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s. "P" flashes on the display. 2. Select required function. See the following pages.
Exiting the service level Service menu: 1. Select "Terminate service?" . 2. Select "Yes" . 3. Confirm with OK . Note <i>The system exits the service level automatically after 30 min.</i>	Service menu: 1. Select "Serv" ⑦ with ▶. 2. Confirm with OK . "OFF" flashes. 3. Confirm with OK . Note <i>The system exits the service level automatically after 30 min.</i>

Overview of service menu for weather-compensated mode

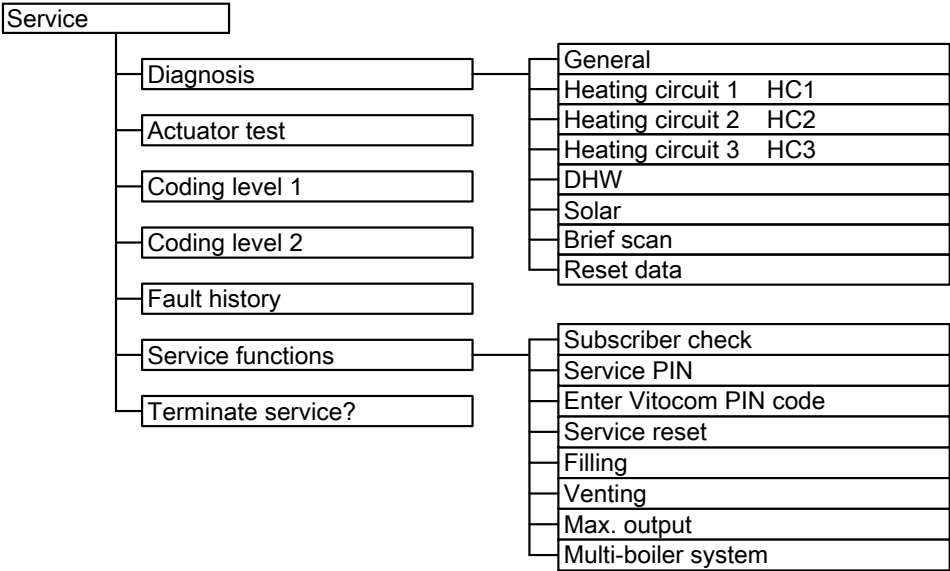


Fig. 40

Note
Do **not** adjust menu item **"Multi-boiler system"**.
The menu item turns a weather-compensated control unit into a constant temperature control unit.

Diagnosis

Operating data

Weather-compensated control unit

Calling up operating data

- Operating data can be scanned in six areas. See "**Diagnosis**" in the service menu overview.
- Operating data on heating circuits with mixers and solar can only be called up if the components are installed in the system.
- For further information on operating data, see chapter "Brief scan".

Calling up operating data

Service menu:

- Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- "**Diagnosis**"
- Select required group, e.g. "**General**".

Note

"- - -" appears on the display if a sensor that has been scanned is faulty.

Constant temperature control unit

- Operating data can be called up in the "**i**" menu.
- For further information on operating data, see chapter "Brief scan".

Service menu:

- Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- Select required information with **▲/▼**.

Note

"- - -" appears on the display if a sensor that has been scanned is faulty.

Resetting operating data

Saved operating data (e.g. hours run) can be reset to "0".

The value "Adjusted outside temp" is reset to the actual value.

Service menu:

- Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- "**Diagnosis**"
- "**Reset data**"
- Select required value (e.g. "**Burner starts**") or "**All details**".

Saved operating data (e.g. hours run) can be reset to "0".

Service menu:

- Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- Select required information with **▲/▼**.
- Confirm with **OK**; "i" flashes.
- Confirm with **OK**; the value is reset.

Brief scan

In the brief scan, you can call up temperatures, software versions and connected components, for example.

Weather-compensated control unit

- Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- "**Diagnosis**"
- "**Brief scan**".

- Press **OK**.
The display shows 9 rows with 6 fields each.

Diagnosis Brief scan					
1:	1	F	0	A	1 2
2:	0	0	0	0	0 0
3:	0	0	0	0	0 0
4:	0	0	0	0	0 0
Select with ◀▶					

Fig. 41




For an explanation of the relevant values in the individual rows and fields, see the following table:

Row (brief scan)	Field					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1:	System scheme 01 to 10		Software version Control unit		Software version Programming unit	
2:	0	0	Appliance version		Appliance ID CU-ID	
3:	0		Number of KM-BUS subscribers		Software version, solar control module SM1	







Diagnosis (cont.)

Row (brief scan)	Field					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
4:	Software version Burner control unit		Type Burner control unit		Version, burner control unit	
5:	Internal details for calibration			0	Software version, AM1 extension	Software version, EA1 extension
6:	0	0	0	Switching state, flow sensor 1: Flow rate too low or no volumetric flow	0	0
7:	LON Subnet address/system number		LON Node address		0	
8:	LON SBVT configuration	LON Software version, communication coprocessor	LON Neuron chip software version		Number of LON subscribers	
9:	Heating circuit A1 (without mixer) Remote control 0: Without 1: Vitotrol 200/ 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300/ 300-A/ 300-RF or Vithome		Heating circuit M2 (with mixer) Remote control 0: Without 1: Vitotrol 200/ 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300/ 300-A/ 300-RF or Vithome		Heating circuit M3 (with mixer) Remote control 0: Without 1: Vitotrol 200/ 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300/ 300-A/ 300-RF or Vithome	
10: (Only for KM-BUS circulation pumps)	Internal circulation pump Variable speed pump 0: Without 1: Wilo 2: Grundfos		Heating circuit pump, heating circuit M2 Variable speed pump 0: Without 1: Wilo 2: Grundfos		Heating circuit pump, heating circuit M3 Variable speed pump 0: Without 1: Wilo 2: Grundfos	
11:	0	0	Software version Mixer extension, heating circuit M2 0: No mixer extension	0	Software version Mixer extension, heating circuit M3 0: No mixer extension	0







Diagnosis (cont.)**Constant temperature control unit**

1. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
"P" flashes on the display.
2. Confirm with **OK**.
3. Select the required scan with /. For example, "b" for "Max. output" (see following table):
4. Confirm selected scan with **OK**.


For explanations of individual scans, see the following table:

Brief scan	Display				
					
0		System scheme 1 to 2	Software version Control unit		Software version Programming unit
1			Adjusted outside temperature		
3			Set boiler water temperature		
4			Common demand temperature		
5			Set cylinder temperature		
6		Number of KM-BUS subscribers		Number of LON subscribers	
7	SNVT configuration 0: Auto 1: Tool	Software version Communication coprocessor		Software version LON module	
8		Subnet address/system number		Node address	
9		Combustion controller type		Appliance type	
A	Diverter valve status 0: Not installed 1: Heating 2: Central position 3: DHW heating	Flow rate 1: Flow rate too low or no volumetric flow	Max. heating output in %		
b		Boiler coding card (hexadecimal)			
c		Flow rate (specified in l/h)			
C		Version Appliance		Version Burner control unit	
d				0	0
E ①	Software version Solar control module, type SM1	Software version Burner control unit			Software version Cascade module
F ①	Code 53 setting	Internal details for calibration			
	AM1 extension				
F ②	Software version	Output A1 configuration (value corresponds to code 33 setting)	Output A1 switching state 0: OFF 1: ON	Output A2 configuration (value corresponds to code 34 setting)	Output A2 switching state 0: OFF 1: ON
	EA1 extension				




Diagnosis (cont.)

Brief scan	Display				
					
F ③	Output 157 configuration (value corresponds to setting of code 36 in Group 1 "General")	Output 157 switching state 0: OFF 1: ON	Input DE1 switching state 0: Open 1: Closed	Input DE2 switching state 0: Open 1: Closed	Input DE3 switching state 0: Open 1: Closed
F ④	Software version		External hook-up 0-10 V Display in %		
	Solar control module SM1				
F ⑤	Stagnation time of the solar thermal system in h				
F ⑥	Night DHW circulation, solar thermal system (number)				
F ⑦	Differential temperature monitoring				
F ⑧				Solar central heating backup 0: Disabled 1: Enabled	Output 22 switching state 0: OFF 1: ON
	OpenTherm extension (if installed)				
F ⑨	Software version	DHW heating status	External hook-up 0-10 V Display in %		

Checking outputs (relay test)**Weather-compensated control unit**

1. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. **"Actuator test"**





The following relay outputs can be controlled subject to system design:

Display	Explanation	
All actuators	Off	All actuators are off
Base load	On	Burner operated at minimum output; circulation pump is started
Full load	On	Burner operated at maximum output; circulation pump is started
Output, internal	On	Output  active (boiler circuit pump)
Output 21/28	On	Output  active (circulation pump for cylinder heating)
Heating circ pump HC2	On	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2	Open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2	Close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Heating circ pump HC3	On	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3	Open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3	Close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Outp. int. exten. H1	On	Output at internal extension enabled
AM1 output 1	On	Output A1 at extension AM1 enabled
AM1 output 2	On	Output A2 at extension AM1 enabled
EA1 output 1	On	Contact P - S at plug  of extension EA1 closed

Checking outputs (relay test) (cont.)

Display		Explanation
Solar circuit pump	On	Solar circuit pump output 24 on solar control module SM1 active
Solar circ pmp min	On	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to minimum speed
Solar circ pmp max	On	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to maximum speed
SM1 output 22	On	Output 22 on solar control module SM1 active

Constant temperature control unit

1. Press **OK** and  simultaneously for approx. 4 s. "P" flashes on the display.
2. Select "P" with  and confirm with **OK**.
3. Select required actuator (output) with / (see following table):
4. Confirm selected actuator with **OK**.
The display shows the number for the activated actuator and **"ON"**.

The following actuators (relay outputs) can be controlled subject to system design:

Display	Explanation
0	All actuators are off
1	Burner operated at minimum output; circulation pump is started
2	Burner operated at maximum output; circulation pump is started
3	Output 20 active (boiler circuit pump)
10	Internal extension output enabled
15	Solar circuit pump output 24 on solar control module SM1 active
16	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to minimum speed
17	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to maximum speed
18	Output 22 on solar control module SM1 active
19	Contact P - S at plug 157 of extension EA1 closed
20	Output A1 at extension AM1 enabled
21	Output A2 at extension AM1 enabled
22	Output 21 active (circulation pump for cylinder heating)

Fault display

Weather-compensated control unit

In the event of a fault, red fault indicator (A) flashes. "△" flashes on the display and "Fault" is shown.

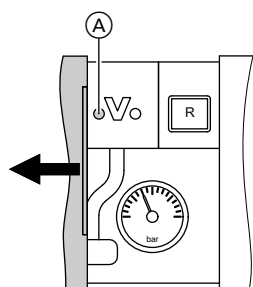


Fig. 42

Press **OK** to display the fault code.
For an explanation of the fault code, see the following pages.
For some faults, the type of fault is also displayed in plain text.

Acknowledging a fault

Follow the instructions on the display.

Note

- The fault message is transferred to the standard menu.
- Any fault message facility connected will be switched off.
- If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be redisplayed the following day and the fault message facility restarted.

Constant temperature control unit

In the event of a fault, red fault indicator (A) flashes. The 2-digit fault code and (subject to the type of fault) "△" or "▽" flash on the programming unit display.

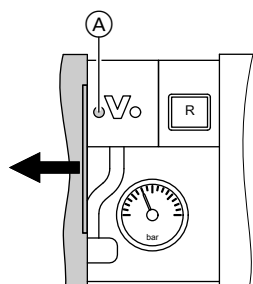


Fig. 43

Other current faults can be displayed with ▲/▼. For an explanation of the fault codes, see the following pages.

Calling up acknowledged faults

Select **"Fault"** in the standard menu. Current faults will be listed.

Calling up fault codes from the fault memory (fault history)

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up.
Faults are sorted by date.

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. **"Fault history"**
3. **"Display?"**

Deleting the fault history

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. **"Fault history"**
3. **"Delete?"**

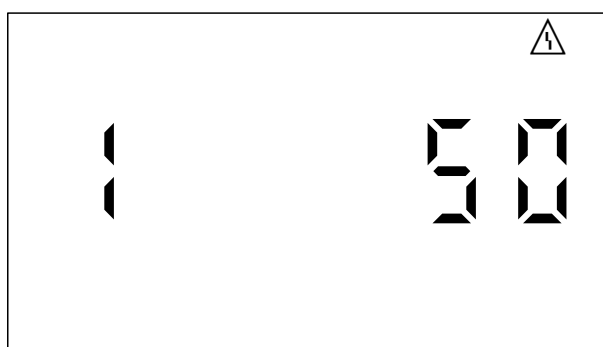


Fig. 44 Example: Fault message "50"

Acknowledging a fault

Press **OK**. The default display reappears on the display screen.
Any fault message facility connected will be switched off.

Fault display (cont.)

If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be redisplayed the following day and the fault message facility restarted.

Calling up acknowledged faults

Hold down **OK** for approx. 4 s.
The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up.

Calling up fault codes from the fault memory (fault history)

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up.


Faults are sorted by date.

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
2. Select "**△**" and enable fault history with **OK**.
3. Select fault messages with **▲/▼**.

Deleting the fault history

While the list is displayed, press **OK** until **✚** flashes.
Confirm with **OK**.

Fault codes

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
10	X	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Short circuit, outside temp sensor	Check outside temperature sensor (see page 87)
18	X	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Lead break, outside temp sensor	Check outside temperature sensor (see page 87)
19	X	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Communication interruption, outside temperature sensor RF (outside temperature sensor RF, KM-BUS to wireless base station, wireless base station or wireless repeater faulty or defective)	Check wireless connection (place outside temperature sensor RF and wireless repeater close to the boiler). Check KM-BUS to wireless base station. Log off outside temperature sensor and wireless repeater, then log them on again.  Wireless base station Replace outside temperature sensor RF. Replace wireless repeater. Replace wireless base station.
1A	X	X	Burner blocked	Flow sensor 1, left (plug 163) faulty	Replace sensor (see page 89)
1b	X	X	Burner blocked	Flow sensor 2, right (plug 163A) faulty	Replace sensor (see page 89)
1F	X	X	Burner blocked	Differential flow rate too large	Clean heat exchanger by flushing.

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
20	X	X	Regulates without flow temperature sensor (low loss header)	Short circuit, system flow temperature sensor	Check low loss header sensor (see page 88)
28	X	X	Regulates without flow temperature sensor (low loss header)	Lead break, system flow temperature sensor	Check low loss header sensor (see page 88) If no low loss header sensor is connected, set code 52:0.
30	X	X	Burner blocked	Short circuit, boiler water temp sensor	Check boiler water temperature sensors (see page 88)
38	X	X	Burner blocked	Lead break, boiler water temp sensor	Check boiler water temperature sensors (see page 88)
40		X	Mixer is being closed.	Short circuit, flow temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 92)
44		X	Mixer is being closed.	Short circuit, flow temperature sensor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 92)
48		X	Mixer is being closed.	Lead break, flow temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 92)
4C		X	Mixer is being closed.	Lead break, flow temperature sensor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 92)
50	X	X	No DHW heating by the boiler	Short circuit, cylinder temp sensor	Check cylinder temperature sensor (see page 88)
58	X	X	No DHW heating	No DHW heating by the boiler	Check cylinder temperature sensor (see page 88)
90	X	X	Control mode	Short circuit, temperature sensor 7	Check sensor 7 on the solar control module.
91	X	X	Control mode	Short circuit, temperature sensor 10	Check sensor 10 on the solar control module.
92	X	X	No solar DHW heating	Short circuit, collector temperature sensor	Check temperature sensor 6 on the solar control module or the sensor on the Vitosolic.
93	X	X	Control mode	Short circuit, collector return temperature sensor	Check temperature sensor at terminal S3 on the Vitosolic.
94	X	X	No solar DHW heating	Short circuit, cylinder temp sensor	Check temperature sensor 5 on the solar control module or the sensor on the Vitosolic.
98	X	X	Control mode	Lead break, temperature sensor 7	Check sensor 7 on the solar control module.

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
99	X	X	Control mode	Lead break, temperature sensor 10	Check sensor 10 on the solar control module.
9A	X	X	No solar DHW heating	Lead break, collector temperature sensor	Check temperature sensor 6 on the solar control module or the sensor on the Vitosolic.
9b	X	X	Control mode	Lead break, collector return temperature sensor	Check temperature sensor at terminal S3 on the Vitosolic.
9C	X	X	No solar DHW heating	Lead break, cylinder temp sensor	Check temperature sensor 5 on the solar control module or the sensor on the Vitosolic.
9E	X	X	Control mode	No flow rate or flow rate too low in the solar circuit, or temperature limiter has responded.	Check solar circuit pump and solar circuit. Acknowledge fault message.
9F	X	X	Control mode	Solar control module or Vitosolic fault	Replace solar control module or Vitosolic.
A3		X	Burner blocked.	Flue gas temperature sensor incorrectly positioned.	Fit flue gas temperature sensor correctly (see page 90).
A4		X	Control mode	Max. system pressure exceeded	Check system pressure (max. system pressure 6 bar). Check the function and sizing of the diaphragm expansion vessel. Vent the heating system.
A7		X	Control mode as per delivered condition	Programming unit faulty	Replace the programming unit.
b0	X	X	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flue gas temp sensor	Check flue gas temperature sensor.
b1	X	X	Control mode as per delivered condition	Communication error, programming unit	Check connections and replace programming unit if required.
b5	X	X	Control mode as per delivered condition	Internal error	Replace control unit.
b7	X	X	Burner blocked	Boiler coding card fault	Plug in boiler coding card or replace if faulty.
b8	X	X	Burner blocked	Lead break, flue gas temp sensor	Check flue gas temperature sensor.
bA		X	Mixer regulates to 20 °C flow temperature.	Communication error, extension kit for heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check extension kit connections and code.
bb		X	Mixer regulates to 20 °C flow temperature.	Communication error, extension kit for heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check extension kit connections and code.

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
bC		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication error, Vitotrol remote control, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check connections, cable, coding address "A0" in "Heating circuit" group and remote control DIP switches (see page 120). With wireless remote controls: Check transmission path connections; place remote control and wireless repeater close to the boiler. Check KM-BUS connection to wireless base station. Replace the wireless components.
bd		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication error, Vitotrol remote control, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check connections, cable, coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group and remote control settings (see page 120). With wireless remote controls: Check transmission path connections; place remote control and wireless repeater close to the boiler. Check KM-BUS connection to wireless base station. Replace the wireless components.
bE		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication error, Vitotrol remote control, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check connections, cable, coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group and remote control settings (see page 120). With wireless remote controls: Check transmission path connections; place remote control and wireless repeater close to the boiler. Check KM-BUS connection to wireless base station. Replace the wireless components.
bF		X	Control mode	Incorrect LON communication module	Replace LON communication module.
C1	X	X	Control mode	Communication error, EA1 extension	Check connections.
C2	X	X	Control mode	Communication error, solar control module or Vitosolic	Check solar control module or Vitosolic.
C3	X	X	Control mode	Communication error, AM1 extension	Check connections.

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
C4	X	X	Control mode	Communication error, OpenTherm extension	Check OpenTherm extension.
C5	X	X	Control mode, max. pump speed	Communication error, variable speed pump	Check pump KM-BUS.
Cd	X	X	Control mode	Communication error, Vitocom 100 (KM-BUS)	Check connections, Vitocom 100 and coding address "95" in group "General"/1
CF		X	Control mode	Communication error, LON communication module	Replace LON communication module.
d6	X	X	Control mode	Input DE1 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at appliance concerned.
d7	X	X	Control mode	Input DE2 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at appliance concerned.
d8	X	X	Control mode	Input DE3 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at appliance concerned.
dA		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1.
db		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2.
dC		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3.
dd		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1 and remote control settings (see page 110)
dE		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 and remote control settings (see page 110)
dF		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3 and remote control settings (see page 110)
E0		X	Control mode	External LON subscriber error	Check connections and LON subscribers.

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
E1	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current too high during calibration	Check gap between ionisation electrode and burner gauze assembly (see page 38). In open flue operation, prevent high levels of dust in the combustion air. Press reset button R .
E2	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Heating water flow rate too low during calibration. Flow switch caused shutdown.	Ensure adequate circulation volume. Check flow switch. Remove scaling and blockages. Press reset button R .
E3	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Heat transfer too low during calibration. Temperature limiter caused shutdown.	Ensure adequate heat transfer. Press reset button R .
E4	X	X	Burner blocked	Fault, supply voltage 24 V	Replace control unit.
E5	X	X	Burner blocked	Flame amplifier fault	Replace control unit.
E7	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current too low during calibration	Check ionisation electrode for the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 38) Contamination on electrode Connecting cable and plug-in connections Check flue system; remove flue gas recirculation if required. Press reset button R .
E8	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current lies outside the permissible range	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch), gas train and connecting cable. Check assignment of gas type (see page 31). Check ionisation electrode for the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 38) Contamination on electrode Press reset button R .

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
EA	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current not within permissible range during calibration (excessive deviation from previous level)	Check flue system; remove flue gas recirculation if required. In open flue operation, prevent high levels of dust in the combustion air. Press reset button R . Following several unsuccessful reset attempts, replace the boiler coding card and press reset button R .
Eb	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Repeated flame loss during calibration	Check gap between ionisation electrode and burner gauze assembly (see page 38). Check assignment of gas type (see page 31). Check flue system; remove flue gas recirculation if required. Press reset button R .
EC	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Parameter error during calibration	Press reset button R . or Replace boiler coding card and press reset button R .
Ed	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Internal error	Replace control unit.
EE	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is not present or insufficient at burner start.	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch). Check gas train. Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable. Check ignition: ▪ Connecting cables to ignition module and ignition electrode ▪ Ignition electrode gap and contamination (see page 38). Check condensate drain. Press reset button R .

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
EF	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame is lost immediately after it has formed (during safety time).	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch). Check balanced flue system for flue gas recirculation. Check ionisation electrode (replace if required): ▪ Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 38) ▪ Contamination on electrode Press reset button R .
F0	X	X	Burner blocked	Internal error	Replace control unit.
F1	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flue gas temperature has exceeded limit.	Check heating system fill level. Vent the system. Press reset button R after flue system has cooled down.
F2	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Temperature limiter has responded.	Check heating system fill level. Check circulation pump. Vent the system. Check temperature limiter and connecting cables. Press reset button R .
F3	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is already present at burner start.	Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable. Press reset button R .
F6	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Temperature values of the boiler water temperature sensors vary too widely from one another.	Replace the boiler water temperature sensors.
F8	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fuel valve closes too late.	Check gas train. Check both control paths. Press reset button R .
F9	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fan speed too low at burner start	Check the fan, fan connecting cables, fan power supply and fan control. Press reset button R .
FA	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fan idle state not reached	Check the fan, fan connecting cables and fan control. Press reset button R .
FC	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Gas train faulty, modulation valve control faulty or flue gas path blocked	Check gas train. Check flue system. Press reset button R .

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	Const.	Weather-comp.	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
Fd	X	X	Burner in a fault state and additional fault b7 is displayed.	Boiler coding card missing	Insert the boiler coding card. Press reset button R . Replace control unit if fault persists.
Fd	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Burner control unit fault	Check ignition electrodes and connecting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field exists near the appliance. Press reset button R . Replace control unit if fault persists.
FE	X	X	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Boiler coding card or main PCB faulty, or incorrect boiler coding card	Press reset button R . If the fault persists, check the boiler coding card and replace boiler coding card or control unit if necessary.
FF	X	X	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Internal fault or reset button R disabled	Restart the appliance. Replace the control unit if the appliance will not restart.

Repairs

Checking the outside temperature sensor (weather-compensated control units)

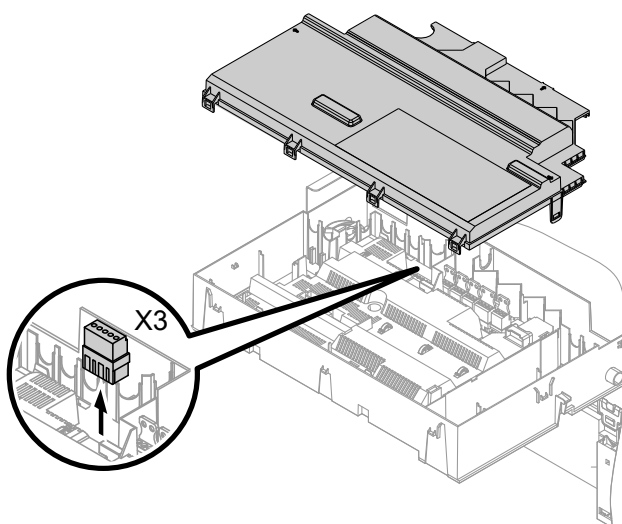


Fig. 45

Repairs (cont.)

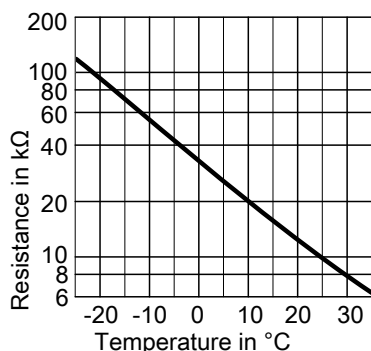


Fig. 46 Sensor type: NTC 10 kΩ

1. Disconnect plug "X3" from the control unit.
2. Test the resistance of the outside temperature sensor across terminals "X3.1" and "X3.2" on the disconnected plug and compare it with the curve.
3. In the event of severe deviation from the curve, disconnect the wires at the sensor and repeat the test on the sensor itself.
4. Depending on the test result, replace the lead or the outside temperature sensor.

Checking the boiler water temperature sensors, cylinder temperature sensor or flow temperature sensor for the low loss header

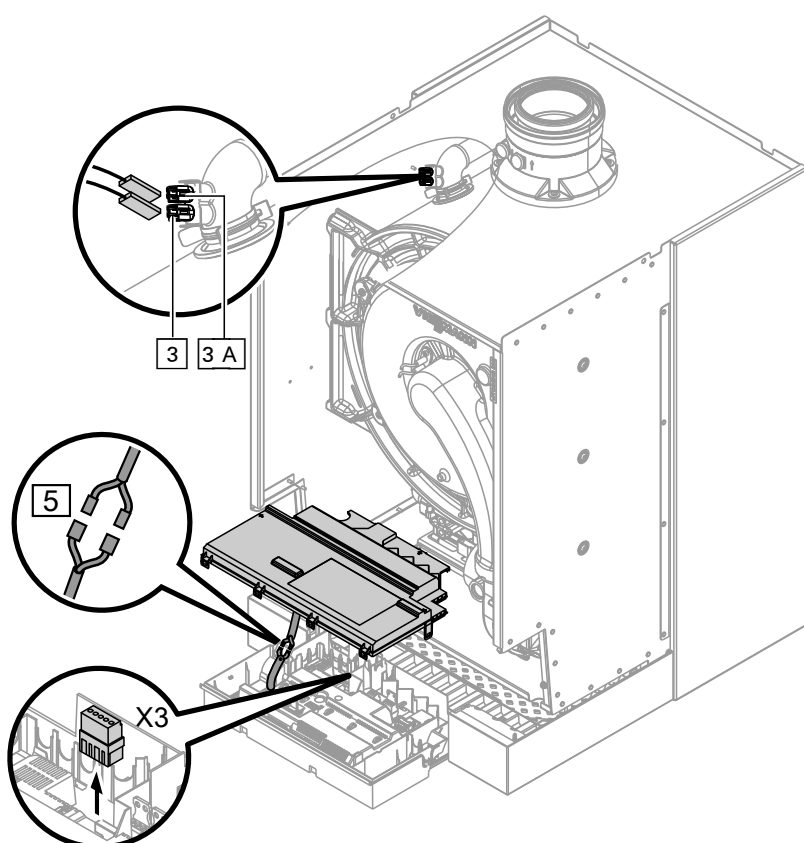


Fig. 47

1. **Boiler water temperature sensors**
Remove lead to boiler water temp sensor [3] or [3]A and check the resistance.
- **Cylinder temperature sensor**
Disconnect plug [5] from the cable harness at the control unit and check the resistance.
- **Flow temperature sensor**
Disconnect plug "X3" at the control unit and check the resistance across terminals "X3.4" and "X3.5".

Repairs (cont.)

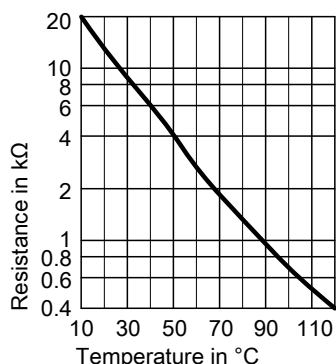


Fig. 48 Sensor type: NTC 10 kΩ

2. Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.
3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.



Danger

The boiler water temperature sensors are immersed in the heating water (risk of scalding).

Drain the boiler before replacing the sensor.

Replacing the flow sensor

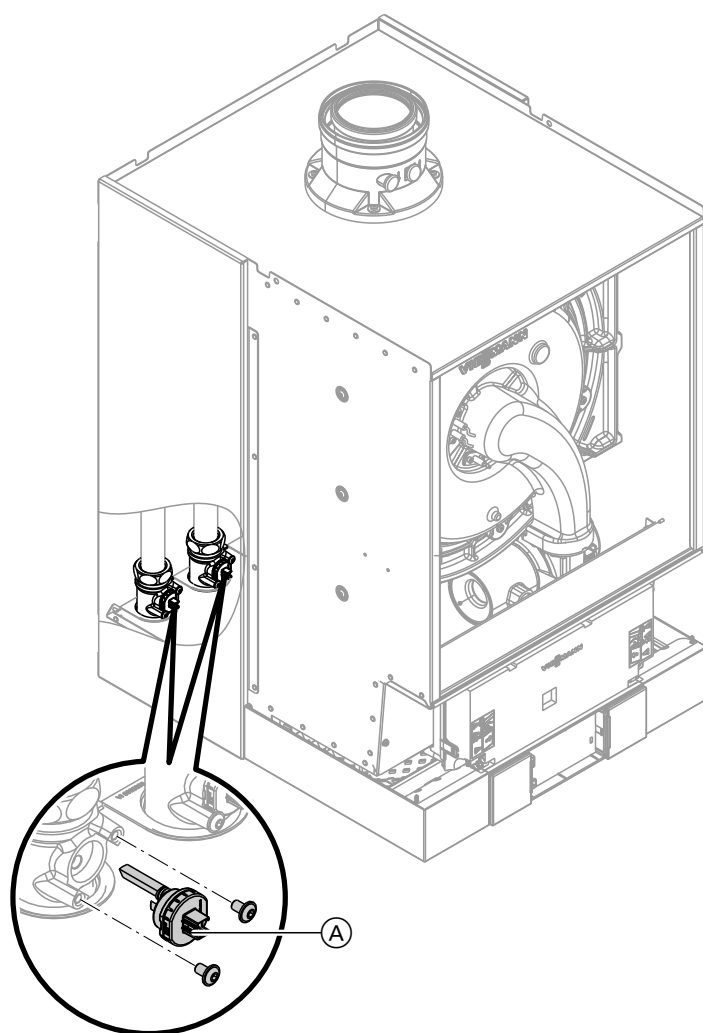


Fig. 49

Note

In the event of a fault, both sensors need to be replaced.

1. Drain the boiler on the heating water side.
2. Pull leads from flow sensor (A).

3. Undo screws and remove faulty flow sensor (A).
4. Install new flow sensor (A) and secure with the screws.

Checking the flue gas temperature sensor

The flue gas temperature sensor locks out the boiler if the permissible flue gas temperature is exceeded. After the flue system has cooled down, press reset button **R** to cancel the lock.

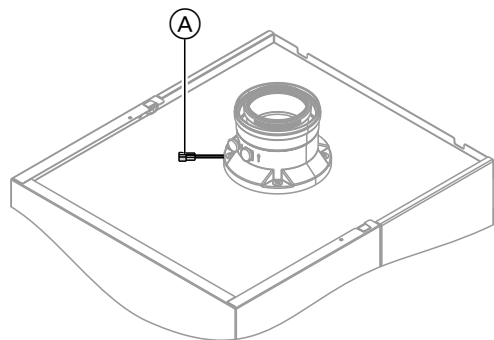


Fig. 50

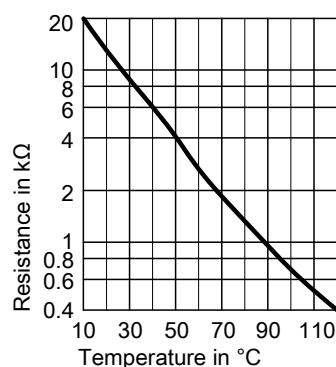


Fig. 51 Sensor type: NTC 10 kΩ

1. Disconnect the leads from flue gas temperature sensor (A).

2. Check the sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.
3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

Fault during commissioning (fault A3)

During commissioning, the control unit checks for correct placement of the flue gas temperature sensor. If commissioning is terminated and fault message A3 is displayed:

1. Check whether the flue gas temperature sensor is correctly inserted. See previous diagram.

2. If necessary, correct the position of the flue gas temperature sensor or replace the faulty flue gas temperature sensor.
3. Press reset button **R** and repeat commissioning. The check is repeated until it is completed successfully.

Repairs (cont.)

Check the fuse

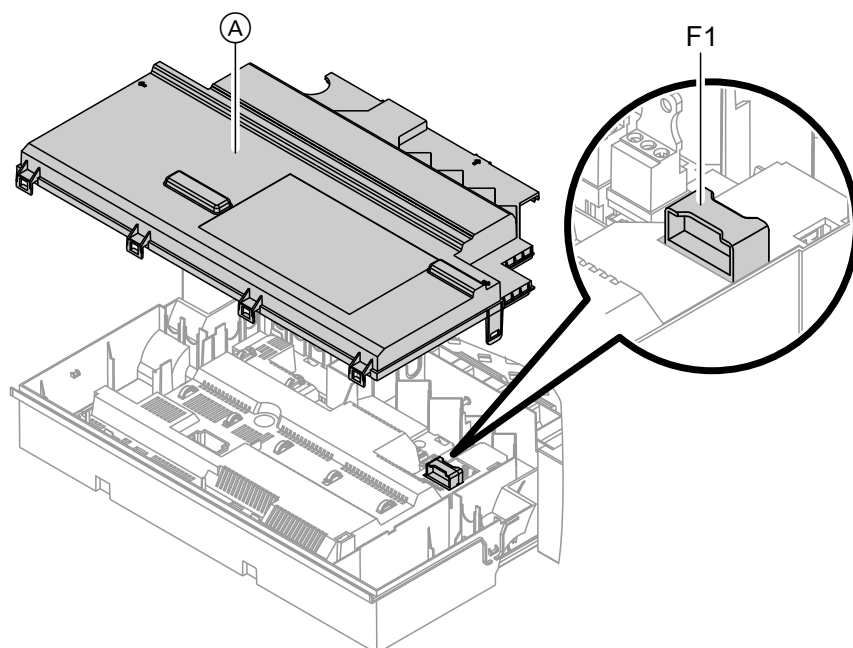


Fig. 52

1. Switch off the power.
2. Release the side closures and pivot the control unit down.
3. Remove cover (A).
4. Check fuse F1 (see connection and wiring diagram).

Mixer extension kit

Checking the setting of rotary selector S1

The rotary selector on the PCB of the extension kit defines the assignment to the relevant heating circuit.

Heating circuit	Rotary selector S1 setting
Heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2)	2
Heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3)	4

Checking the rotational direction of the mixer motor

After being switched on, the boiler implements a self-test. During this, the mixer is opened and closed again.

Note

The mixer motor can also be started via the actuator test (see chapter "Checking outputs").

Observe the rotational direction of the mixer motor during its self-test.

Then manually set the mixer back to "Open".

The flow temperature sensor must now capture a higher temperature. If the temperature drops, either the motor is turning in the wrong direction or the mixer insert is incorrectly fitted.



Mixer installation instructions

Changing the rotational direction of the mixer motor (if required)

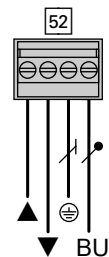


Fig. 53

1. Remove the upper casing cover of the extension kit.



Danger

An electric shock can be life-threatening. Before opening the boiler, disconnect it from the mains voltage, e.g. at the fuse or mains isolator.

2. At plug 52, swap the cores at terminals "▲" and "▼".
3. Refit the casing cover.

Check flow temperature sensor

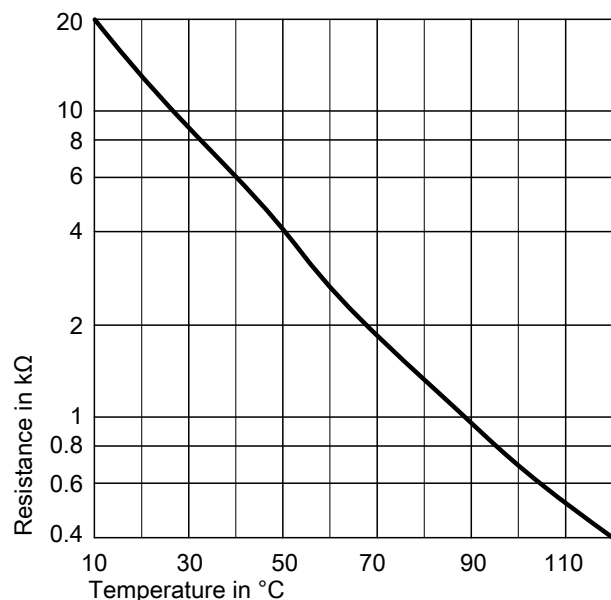


Fig. 54 Sensor type: NTC 10 kΩ

1. Disconnect plug 2 (flow temperature sensor).
2. Check the sensor resistance and compare it to the curve. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

Checking the Vitotronic 200-H (accessories)

The Vitotronic 200-H is connected to the control unit via the LON system. To test the connection, carry out a subscriber check at the boiler control unit (page 44).

Repairs (cont.)

Overview of assemblies

The following details are required when ordering parts:

- Serial no. (see type plate ①)
- Assembly (from this parts list)
- Position number of the individual part within the assembly (from this parts list)

Standard parts are available from your local supplier.

Overview of assemblies (cont.)

Overview of assemblies (cont.)

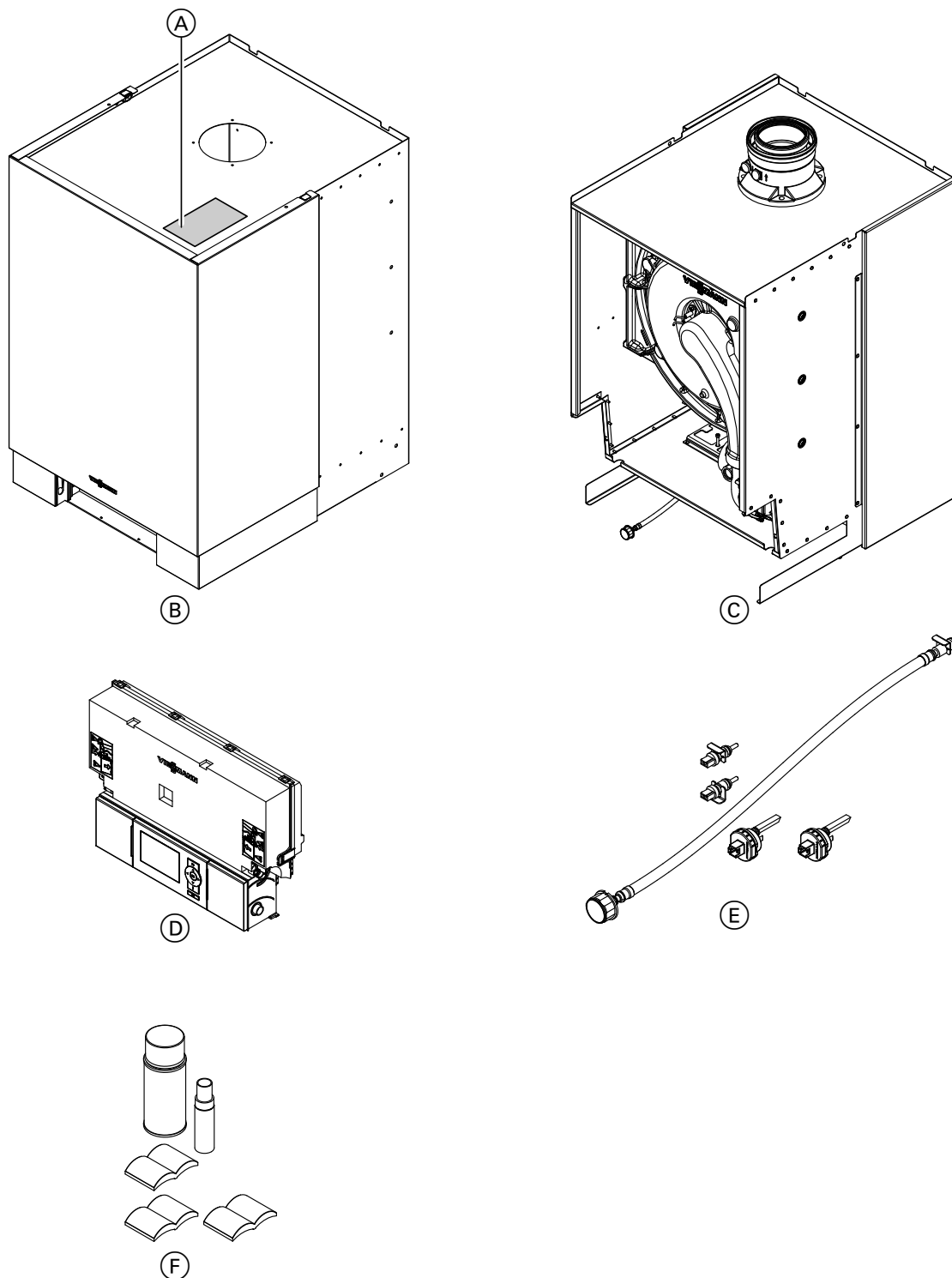


Fig. 55

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| (A) Type plate | (D) Control unit assembly |
| (B) Casing assembly | (E) Hydraulic assembly |
| (C) Heat cell assembly
with burner | (F) Miscellaneous |

Overview of assemblies (cont.)



Casing assembly

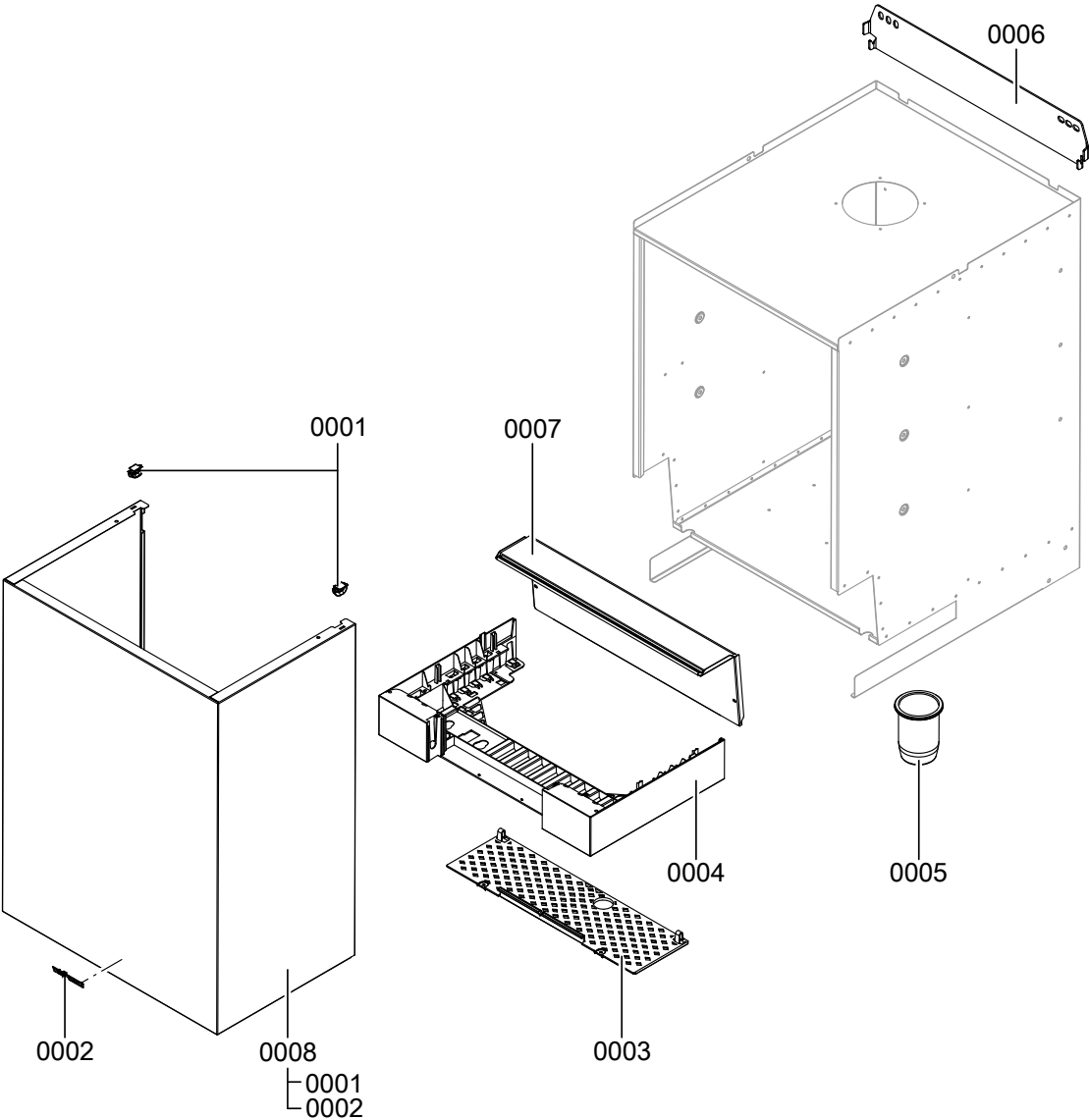


Fig. 56

Casing assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Fixing clip (2 pce)
0002	Logo
0003	Contact guard
0004	Control unit support
0005	Trap grommet
0006	Wall mounting bracket
0007	Cover panel
0008	Front panel

Heat cell assembly

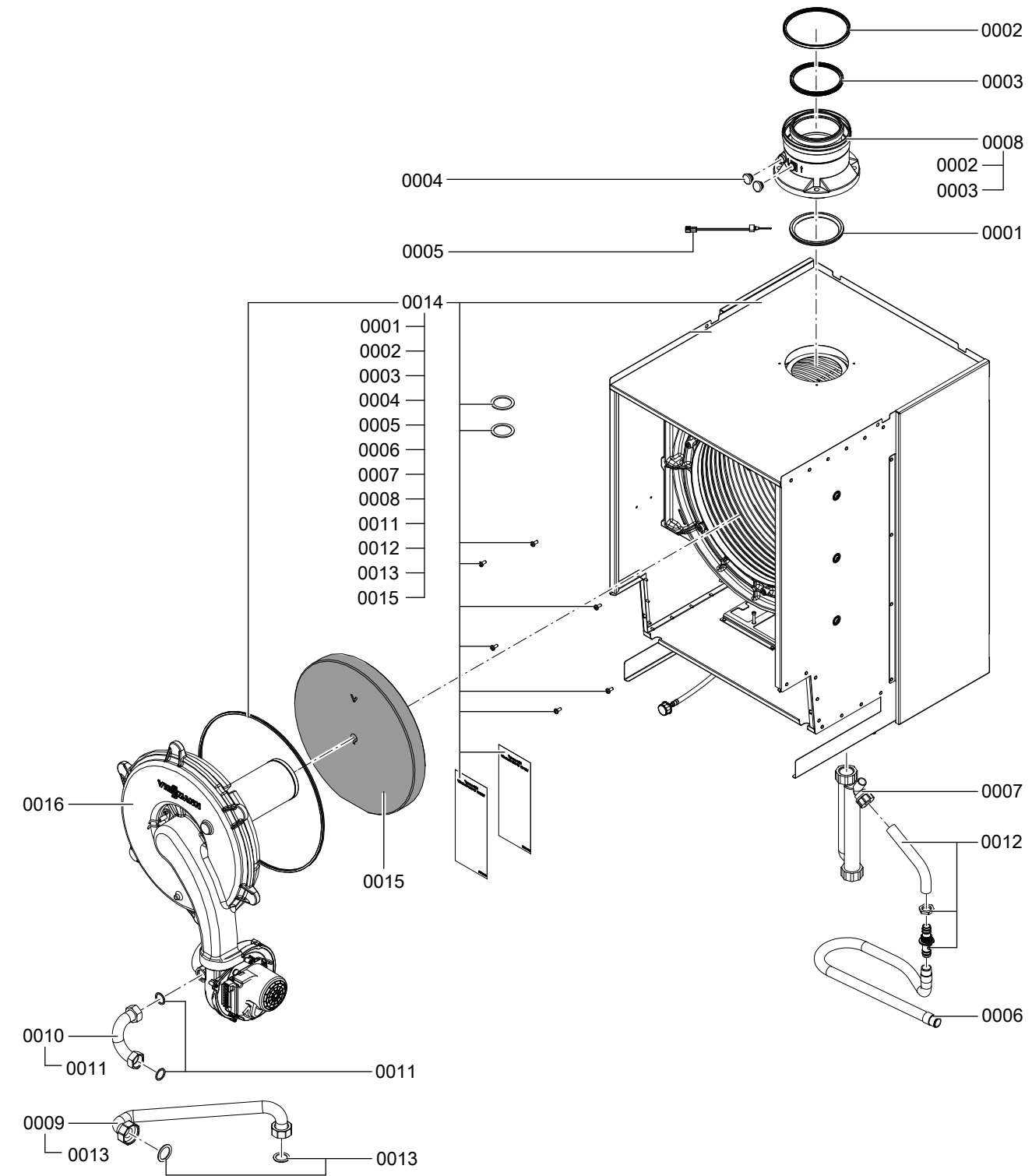


Fig. 57

Heat cell assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Diaphragm grommet Ø 110
0002	Lip seal Ø 150
0003	Flue gasket Ø 100
0004	Boiler flue connection plug
0005	Flue gas temperature sensor
0006	Condensate hose
0007	Trap
0008	Boiler flue connection
0009	Gas supply pipe
0010	Connection pipe
0011	Gasket G 1 (5 pce)
0012	Condensate drain pipe set
0013	Gasket G 1¼ and G 1½
0014	Heat exchanger with hydraulics
0015	Thermal insulation block
0016	Burner



Burner assembly

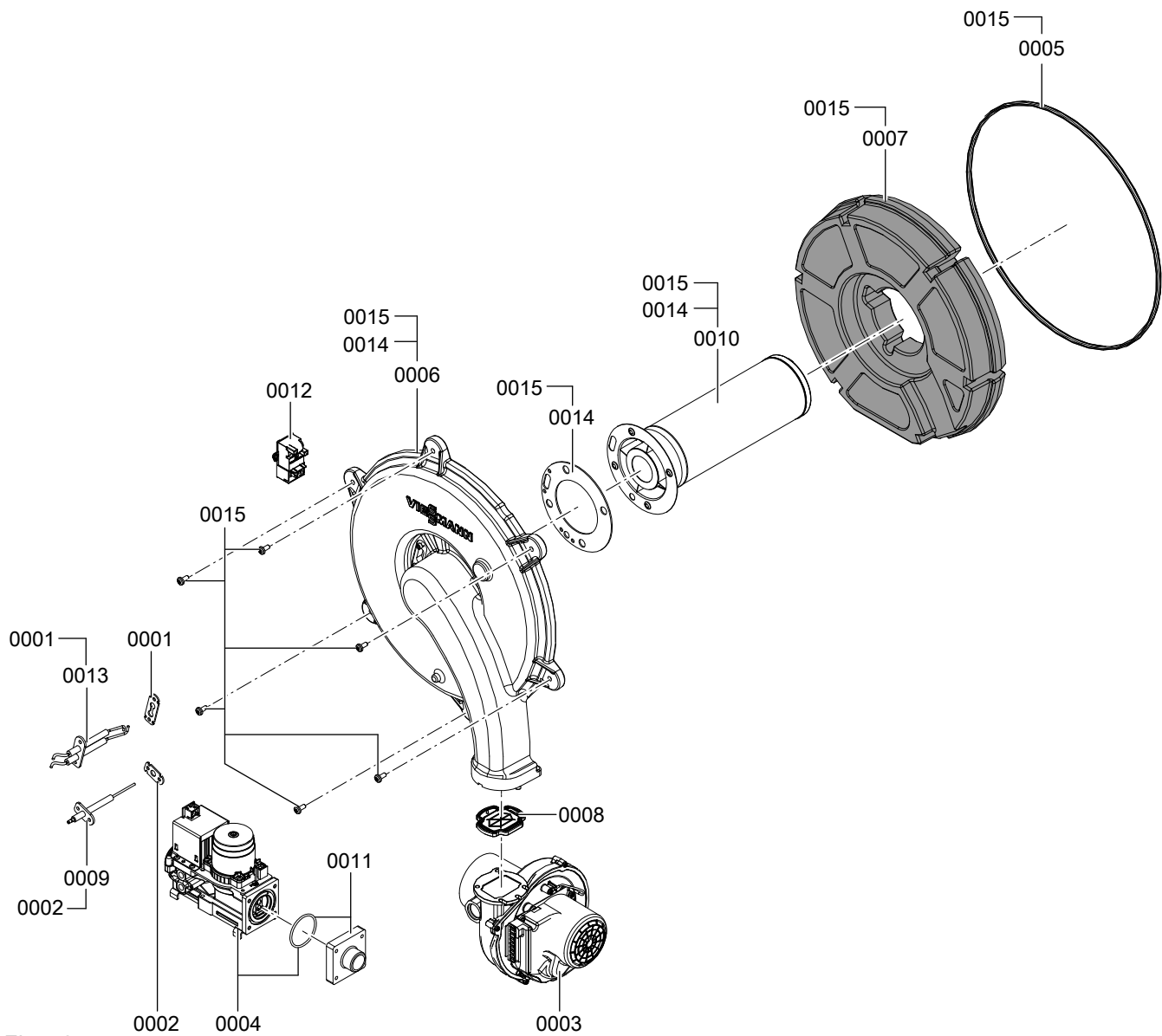


Fig. 58

Burner assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Gasket, ignition electrode (5 pce)
0002	Gasket, ionisation electrode (5 pce)
0003	Radial fan
0004	Gas train
0005	Burner gasket
0006	Burner door
0007	Thermal insulation ring
0008	Back draught safety device
0009	Ionisation electrode
0010	Cylinder burner gauze assembly
0011	Adaptor flange
0012	Ignition unit
0013	Ignition electrode block
0014	Burner gauze assembly gasket
0015	Door screws (set)

Hydraulic assembly

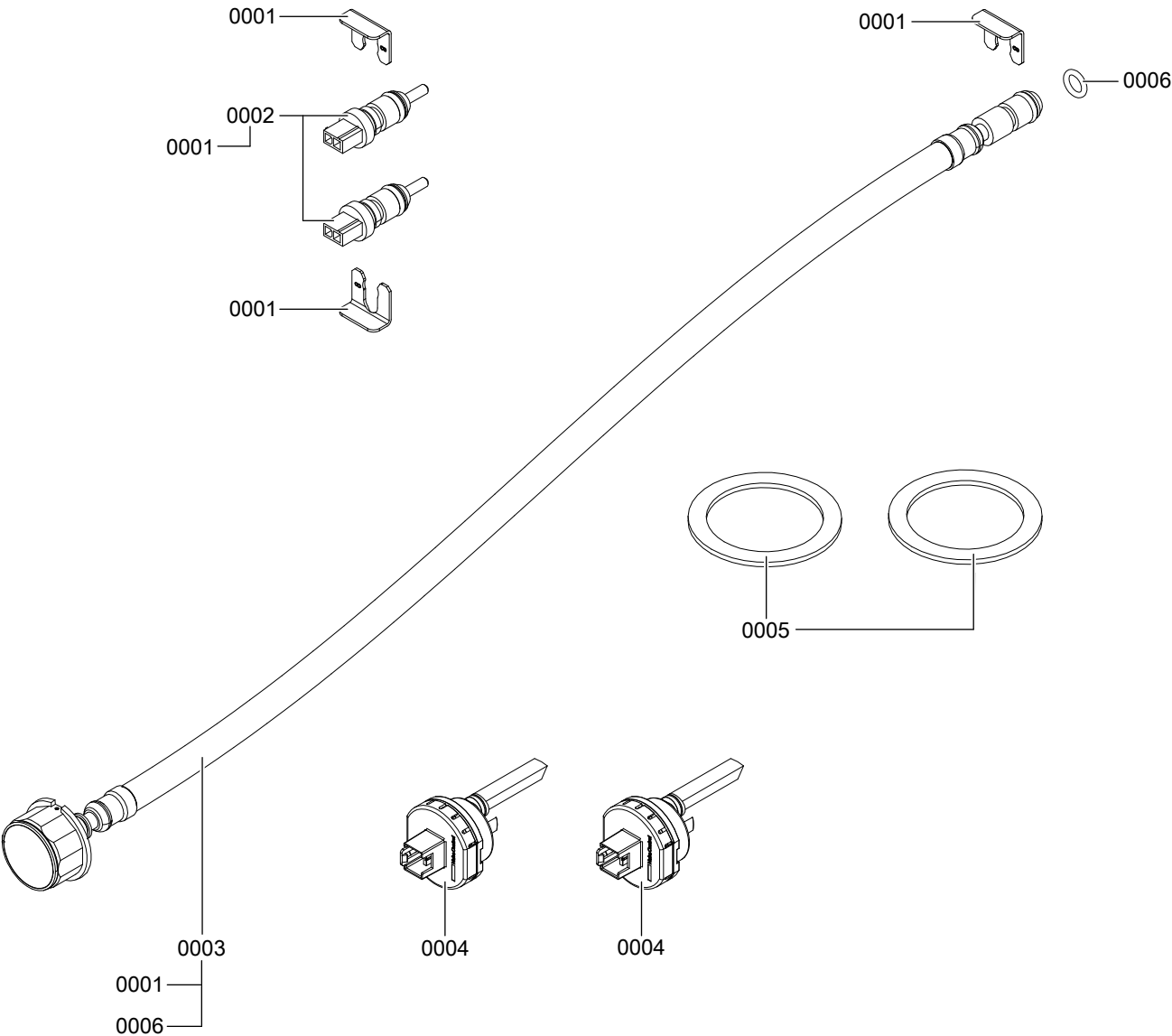


Fig. 59

Hydraulic assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Clip Ø 8 (5 pce)
0002	Temperature sensor (2 pce)
0003	Pressure gauge
0004	Flow sensor
0005	Gasket G 2 (2 pce)
0006	Circular seal washer 8 x 2 (5 pce)



Control unit assembly

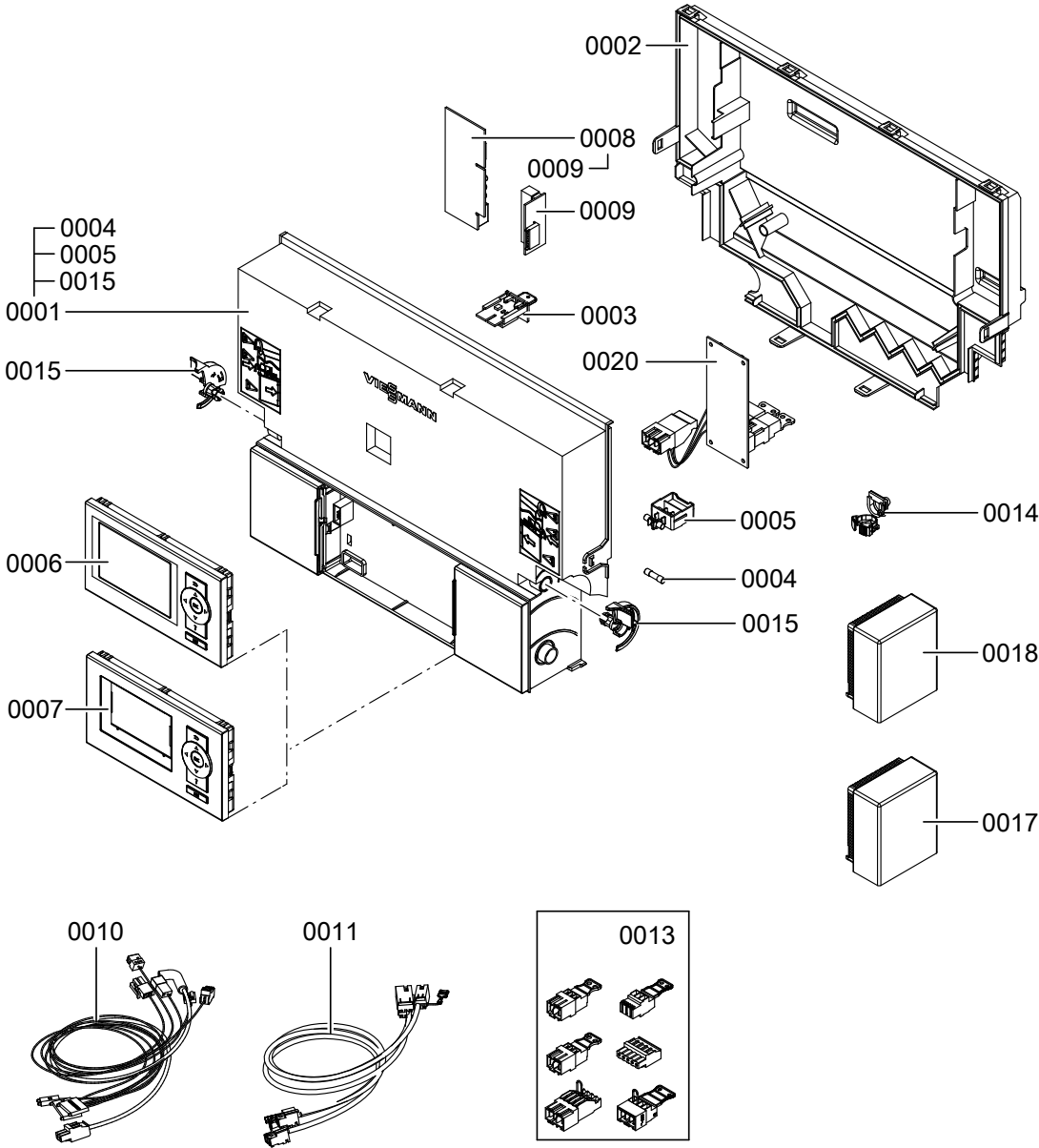


Fig. 60

Control unit assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Control unit
0002	Casing back panel
0003	Coding card
0004	Fuse 6.3 A slow (10 pce)
0005	Fuse holder 6.3 A (slow)
0006	Programming unit for weather-compensated mode
0007	Programming unit for constant temperature mode
0008	LON communication module
0009	PCB adaptor
0010	Cable harness X8/X9/ionisation
0011	Cable harness 100/35/54/earth
0013	Mating plug
0014	Cable fixing (10 pce)
0015	Locking bolts, left and right
0017	Outside temperature sensor RF
0018	Outside temperature sensor NTC
0020	Internal H1 extension

Miscellaneous assembly

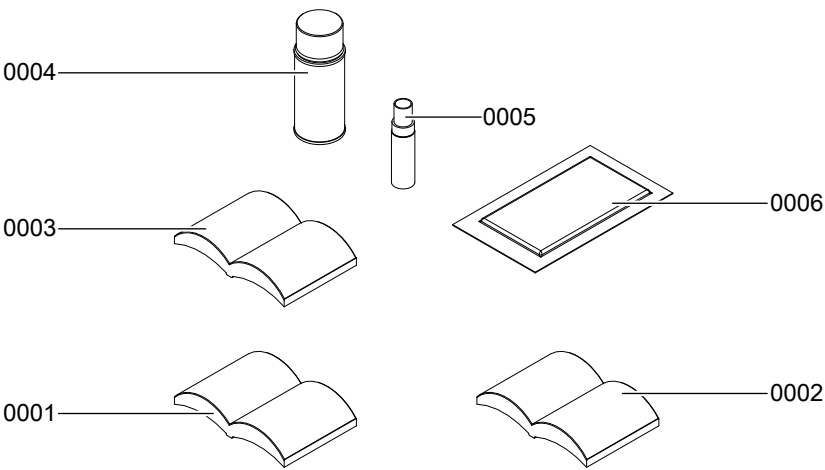


Fig. 61

Miscellaneous assembly (cont.)

Pos.	Part
0001	Operating instructions for weather-compensated mode
0002	Operating instructions for constant temperature mode
0003	Installation and service instructions
0004	Touch-up spray paint, white
0005	Touch-up paint stick, white
0006	Special grease

Constant temperature control unit

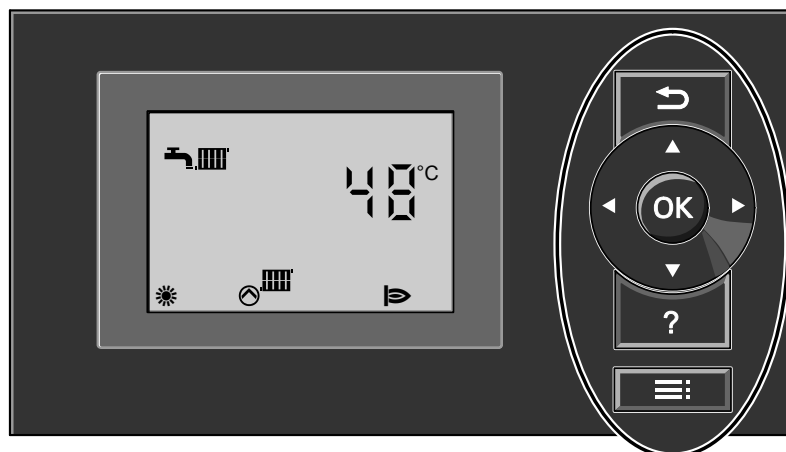


Fig. 62

Heating mode

The selected set boiler water temperature will be maintained when a demand is being raised by the room thermostat and the heating program is set to DHW and central heating "HC1".

The boiler water temperature will be maintained at the default frost protection temperature when there is no demand.

The electronic temperature limiter inside the burner control unit limits the boiler water temperature. Flow temperature setting range: 20 to 74 °C.

DHW heating

The burner and the circulation pump for cylinder heating are started if the cylinder temperature lies 2.5 K below the set cylinder temperature.

In the delivered condition, the set boiler water temperature is 20 K higher than the set DHW temperature (adjustable via coding address "60"). If the actual cylinder temperature exceeds the set cylinder temperature by 2.5 K, the burner is switched off and circulation pump run-on begins.

Weather-compensated control unit

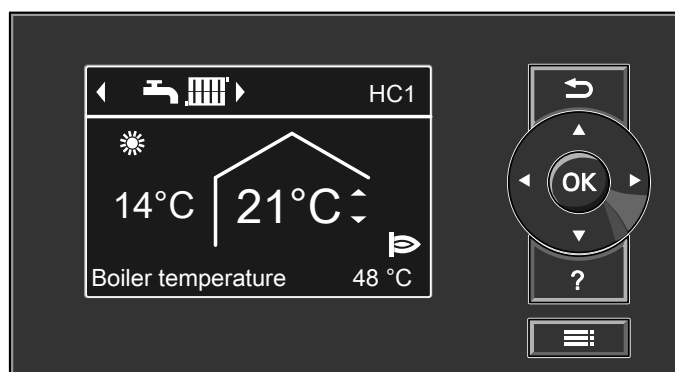


Fig. 63

111

Internal extensions (accessories) (cont.)

The internal extension is integrated into the control unit enclosure. The following alternative functions can be connected to relay output **28**. The function is assigned via parameter/coding address "53" in the **"General"** group:

- Central fault message (parameter/code "53:0")
- DHW circulation pump (parameter/code "53:1") (only for weather-compensated operation)
Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.

- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer (parameter/code "53:2")
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating (parameter/code "53:3")

An external safety valve can be linked to connection **53**.

Internal H2 extension

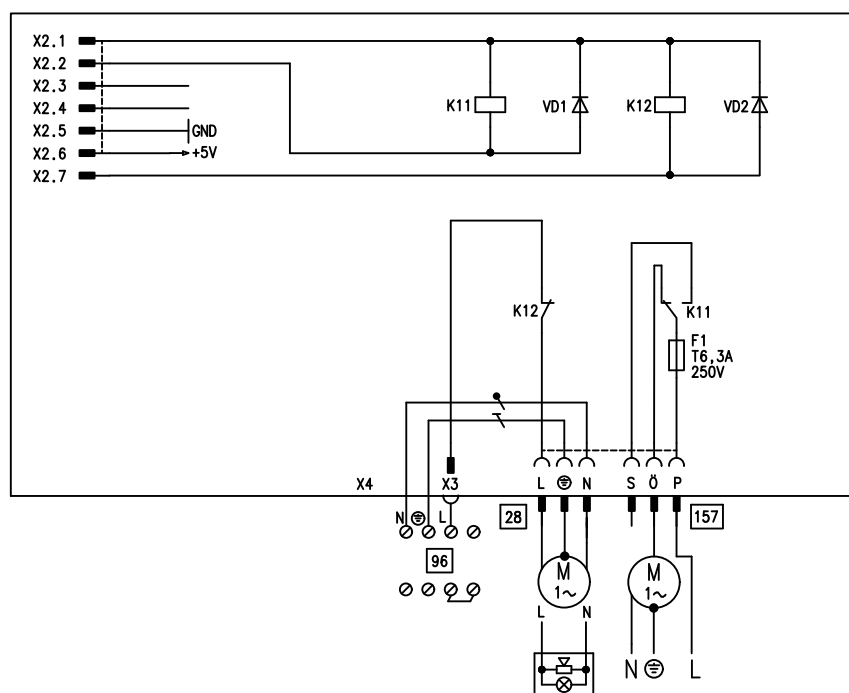


Fig. 65

The internal extension is integrated into the control unit enclosure. The following alternative functions can be connected to relay output **28**. The function is assigned via parameter/coding address "53" in the **"General"** group:

- Central fault message (parameter/code "53:0")
- DHW circulation pump (parameter/code "53:1") (only for weather-compensated operation)
Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.

- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer (parameter/code "53:2")
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating (parameter/code "53:3")

An extractor fan can be switched off via connection **157** when the burner starts.

External extensions (accessories)

AM1 extension

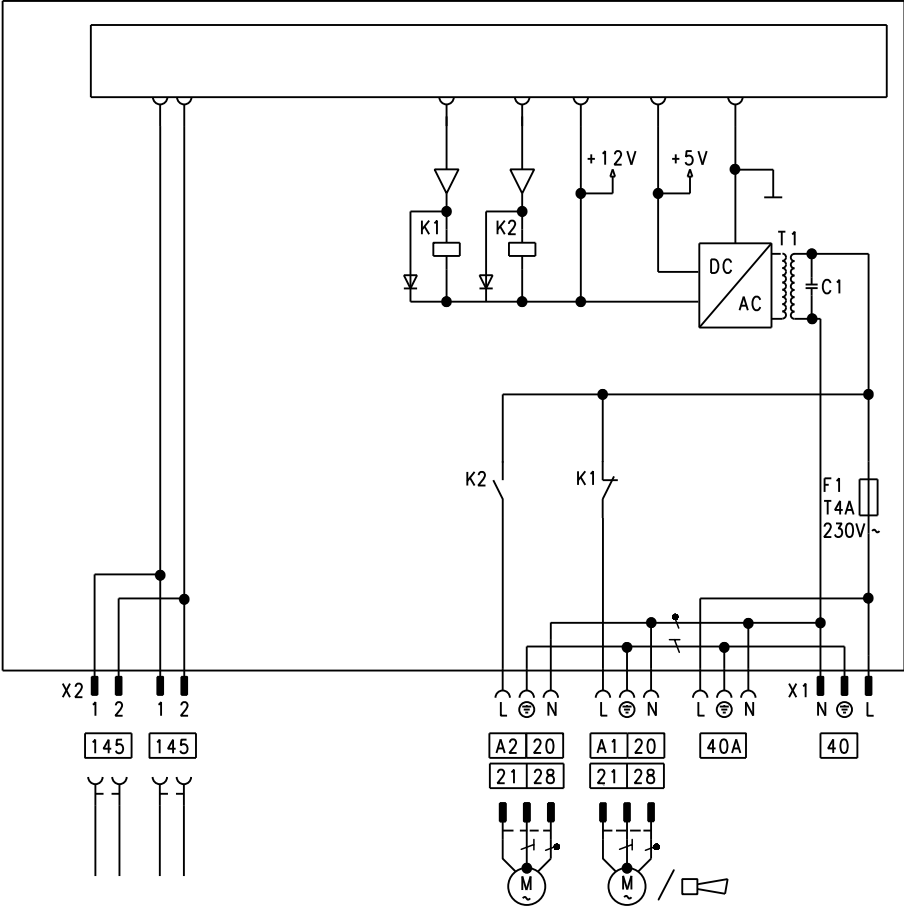


Fig. 66

- A1

Circulation pump
- A2

Circulation pump
- 40

Power supply
- 40

A

Power supply for additional accessories
- 145

KM-BUS

Functions

One of the following circulation pumps can be connected to each of connections A1 and A2:

- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- DHW circulation pump (only for weather-compensated control units)

Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.

Select the output functions via parameter changes/ codes at the boiler control unit.

Function assignment

Function	Parameter/code ("General" group)	
	Output A1	Output A2
DHW circulation pump 28	33:0	34:0 (delivered condition)
Heating circuit pump 20	33:1 (delivered condition)	34:1
Circulation pump for cylinder heating 21	33:2	34:2

EA1 extension

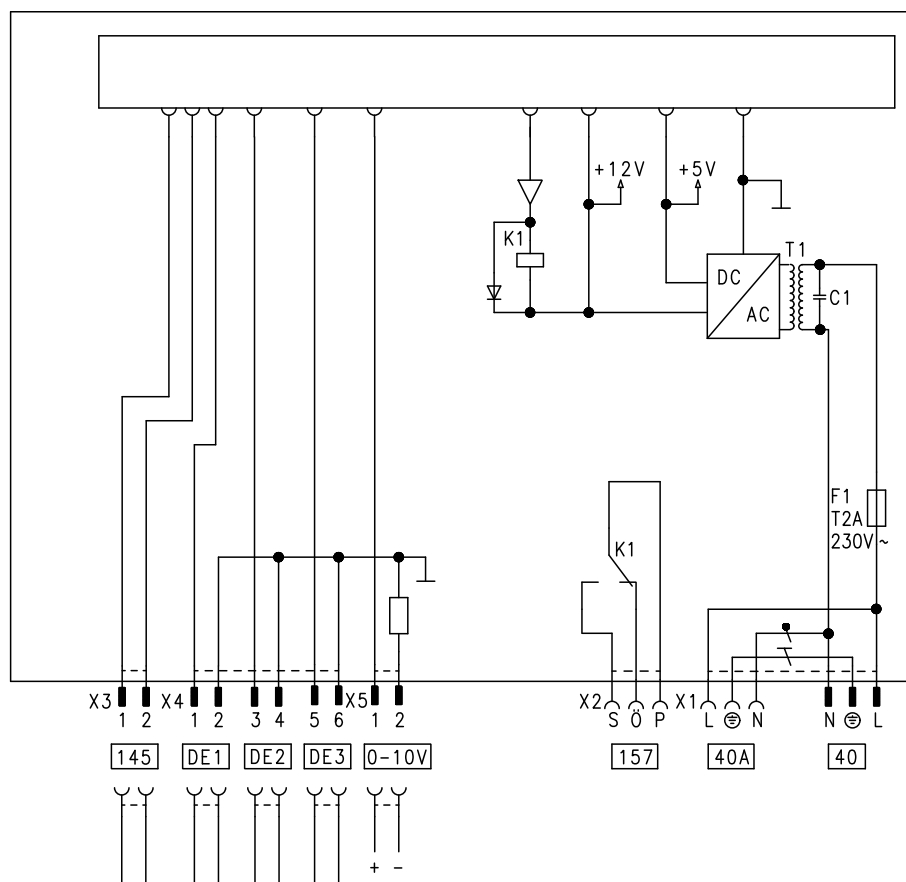


Fig. 67

F1 Fuse
 DE1 Digital input 1
 DE2 Digital input 2
 DE3 Digital input 3
 0-10 V 0 – 10 V input
 40 Power supply

40 A Power supply for additional accessories
 157 Central fault message/feed pump/DHW circulation pump (potential-free)
 Connect DHW circulation pumps with stand-alone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.
 145 KM-BUS

Digital data inputs DE1 to DE3

The following functions can alternatively be connected:

- External operating program changeover for each heating circuit
- External blocking
- External blocking with fault message input
- External demand with minimum boiler water temperature
- Fault message input
- Brief operation of the DHW circulation pump

External contacts must be floating. When connecting external contacts, observe the requirements of protection class II: 8.0 mm air and creep path or 2.0 mm insulation thickness to live parts.

Input function assignment

Select the input functions via the parameter changes/codes in the **"General"** group at the boiler control unit:

- DE1: Parameter/coding address 3A
- DE2: Parameter/coding address 3b
- DE3: Parameter/coding address 3C

Assigning the operating program changeover function to the heating circuits

Select the operating program changeover function for the relevant heating circuit via parameter/coding address d8 in the **"Heating circuit"** group at the boiler control unit:

- Changeover via input DE1: Parameter/code d8:1
- Changeover via input DE2: Parameter/code d8:2
- Changeover via input DE3: Parameter/code d8:3

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

The effect of the operating program changeover is selected via parameter/coding address d5 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The duration of the changeover is set via parameter/coding address F2 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

Effect of external blocking function on the pumps

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected via parameter/coding address 3E in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected via parameter/coding address d6 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected via parameter/coding address 5E in the **"DHW"** group.

Effect of the external demand function on the pumps

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected via parameter/coding address 3F in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected via parameter/coding address d7 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected via parameter/coding address 5F in the **"DHW"** group.

DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation

The DHW circulation pump is started by closing the contact at DE1, DE2 or DE3 by means of a pushbutton. The runtime is set via parameter/coding address "3d" in the **"General"** group.

Analogue input 0 – 10 V

The 0 – 10 V hook-up provides an additional set boiler water temperature:

0 – 1 V is taken as "No specification for set boiler water temperature".

1 V \triangleq Set value 10 °C

10 V \triangleq Set value 100 °C

Ensure galvanic separation between the earth conductor and the negative pole of the on-site power source.

Output 157

The following functions can be connected to output 157:

- Feed pump to substation
or
- DHW circulation pump
or
- Fault message facility

Information regarding the feed pump

Function only possible in conjunction with a heating circuit control unit connected via LON.

Information on DHW circulation pumps

Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.

Function assignment

Select the function of output 157 via coding address "36" in the **"General"** group at the boiler control unit.

Control functions

External operating program changeover

The "External operating program changeover" function is implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3).

The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
Input DE1	3A:1
Input DE2	3b:1
Input DE3	3C:1

Select the operating program changeover function for the respective heating circuit via coding address "d8" in the **"Heating circuit"** group at the boiler control unit:

Function description

Control functions (cont.)

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover via input DE1	d8:1
Changeover via input DE2	d8:2
Changeover via input DE3	d8:3

You can select the direction of the operating program changeover in coding address "d5" in the **"Heating circuit"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover towards "Constantly reduced" or "Constant standby mode" (subject to the selected set value)	d5:0
Changeover towards "Constant heating mode"	d5:1

The duration of the operating program changeover is set in coding address "F2" in the **"Heating circuit"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
No operating program changeover	F2:0
Duration of the operating program changeover 1 to 12 hours	F2:1 to F2:12

The operating program changeover stays enabled for as long as the contact remains closed, but at least as long as the duration selected in coding address "F2".

External blocking

The functions "External blocking" and "External blocking with fault message input" are implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3).

The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

External blocking	Code
Input DE1	3A:3
Input DE2	3b:3
Input DE3	3C:3

External blocking and fault message input	Code
Input DE1	3A:4
Input DE2	3b:4
Input DE3	3C:4

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected in coding address "3E" in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected in coding address "d6" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

External demand

The "External demand" function is implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3).

The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

Control functions (cont.)

External demand	Code
Input DE1	3A:2
Input DE2	3b:2
Input DE3	3C:2

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected in coding address "3F" in the **"General"** group.
The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected in coding address "d7" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The set minimum boiler water temperature for external demand is selected in coding address "9b" in the **"General"** group.

Venting program

During the venting program, the circulation pump will be alternately switched on and off for 30 s over a period of 20 min.

The burner is switched off during the venting program. Activating the venting program: See "Venting the heating system".

Screed drying

When activating screed drying, observe the information provided by the screed manufacturer.
When screed drying is activated, the heating circuit pump for the heating circuit with mixer starts and the flow temperature is maintained in accordance with the selected profile. On completion (30 days), the heating circuit with mixer is controlled automatically according to the set parameters.
Observe EN 1264. The report to be provided by the heating contractor must contain the following heat-up details:

- Heat-up data with respective flow temperatures
- Max. flow temperature achieved
- Operating state and outside temperature during handover

Various temperature profiles can be set via coding address "F1" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.
The function continues after a power failure or after the control unit has been switched off. "Heating and DHW" is started when screed drying is finished or if code "F1:0" is set manually.

Temperature profile 1: (EN 1264-4) code "F1:1"

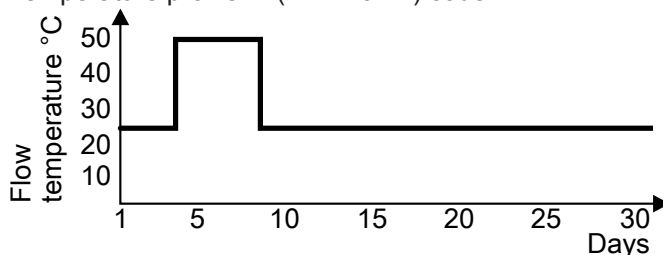


Fig. 68

Temperature profile 2: (ZV parquet and flooring technology) code "F1:2"

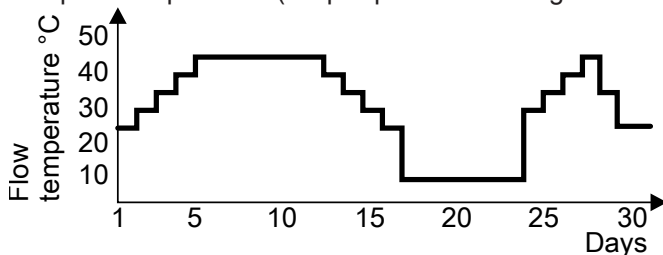


Fig. 69

Control functions (cont.)

Temperature profile 3: Code "F1:3"

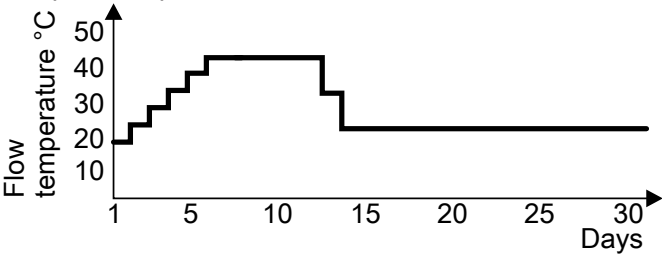


Fig. 70

Temperature profile 4: Code "F1:4"

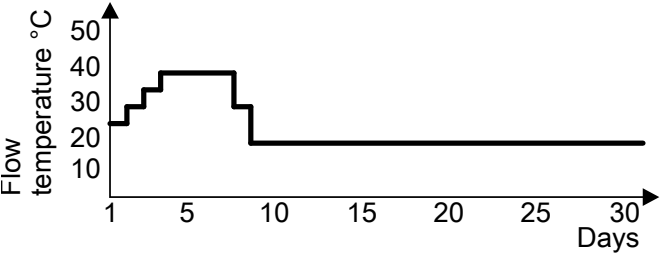


Fig. 71

Temperature profile 5: Code "F1:5"

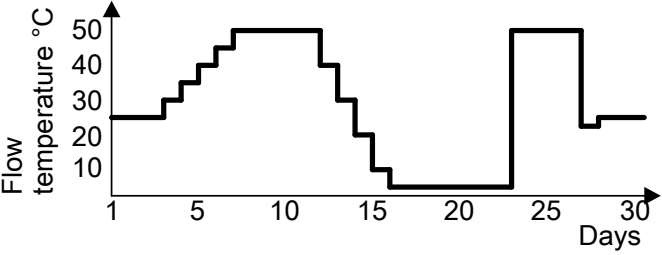


Fig. 72

Temperature profile 6: Code "F1:6"

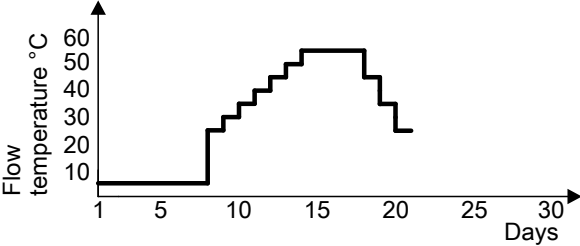


Fig. 73

Temperature profile 7: Code "F1:15"

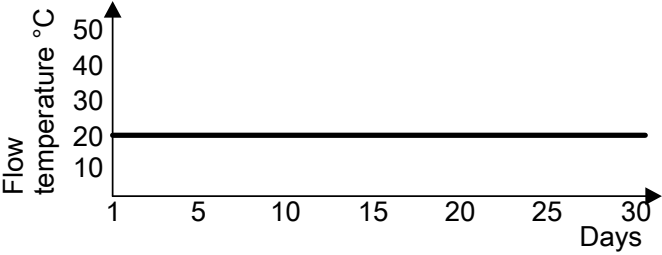


Fig. 74

Control functions (cont.)

Raising the reduced room temperature

During operation with reduced room temperature, the reduced set room temperature can be automatically raised subject to the outside temperature. The temperature is raised in accordance with the selected heating curve, but no higher than the set standard room temperature.

The outside temperature limits for the start and end of temperature raising can be set in coding addresses "F8" and "F9" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

Example using the settings in the delivered condition

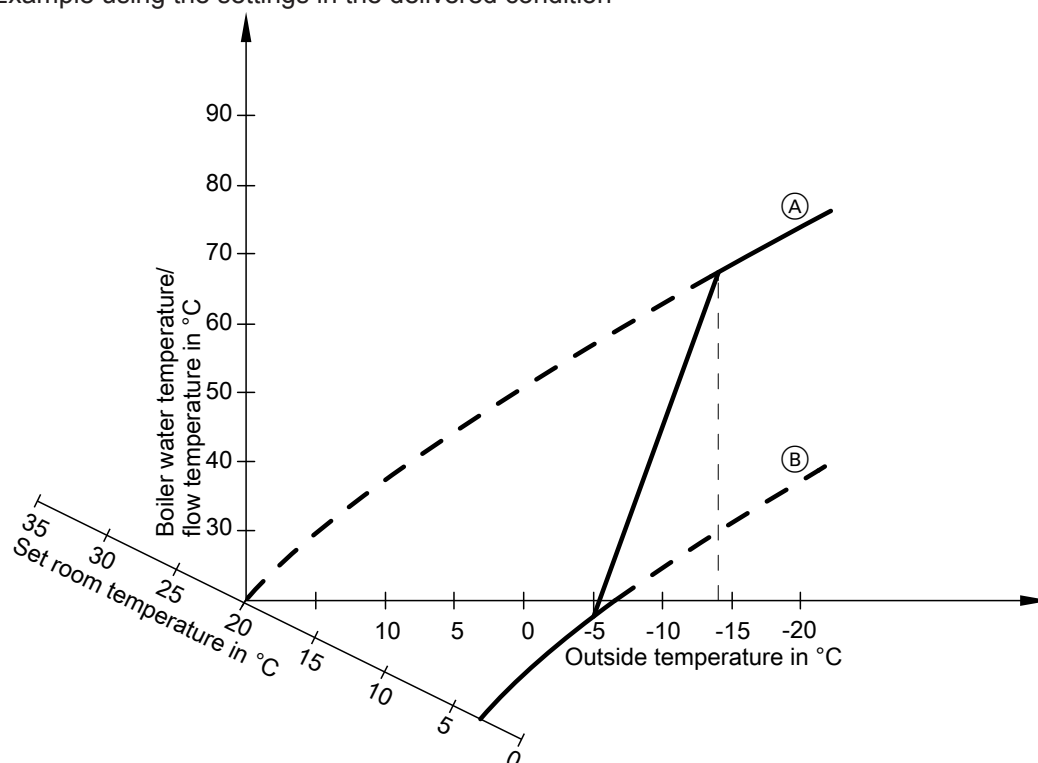


Fig. 75

- Ⓐ Heating curve for operation with standard room temperature
- Ⓑ Heating curve for operation with reduced room temperature

Reducing the heat-up time

During the transition from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard room temperature, the boiler water or flow temperature will be raised in accordance with the selected heating curve. The boiler water or flow temperature can be automatically increased.

The value and duration for the additional raising of the set boiler water temperature or set flow temperature can be set in coding addresses "FA" and "Fb" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

Function description

Control functions (cont.)

Example using the settings in the delivered condition

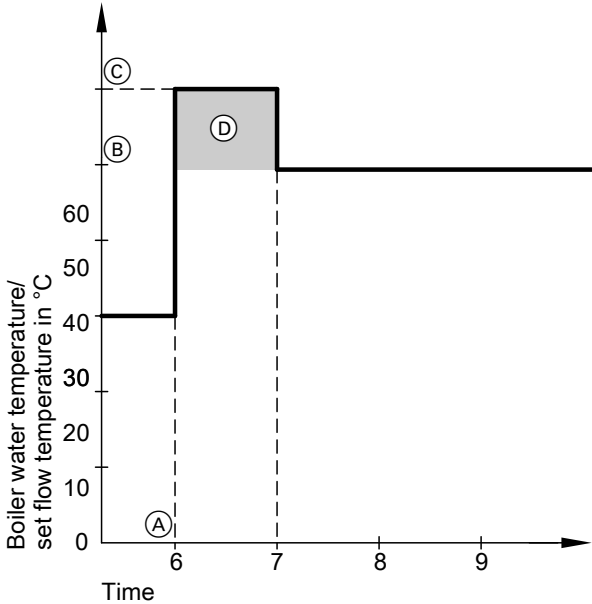


Fig. 76

- (A) Start of operation with standard room temperature
- (B) Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with the selected heating curve
- (C) Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "FA":
 $50\text{ °C} + 20\% = 60\text{ °C}$
- (D) Duration of operation with raised set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "Fb":
60 min

Assigning heating circuits to the remote control

The assignment of heating circuits must be configured during remote control commissioning.

Remote control affects the following heating circuit	Configuration	
	Vitotrol 200A Vitotrol 200 RF	Vitotrol 300A Vitotrol 300 RF
Heating circuit without mixer A1	H 1	Heating circuit 1
Heating circuit with mixer M2	H 2	Heating circuit 2
Heating circuit with mixer M3	H 3	Heating circuit 3

Note

One heating circuit can be assigned to the Vitotrol 200A and 200 RF.
Up to three heating circuits can be assigned to the Vitotrol 300A and 300 RF.
A maximum of 2 hardwired remote control units or 3 wireless remote controls may be connected to the control unit.
If the assignment of a heating circuit is later cancelled, reset coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group for this heating circuit to 0 (fault message bC, bd, bE).

Electronic combustion control unit

The electronic combustion controller utilises the physical correlation between the level of the ionisation current and the air ratio λ . The maximum ionisation current is achieved at an air ratio of 1 for all gas qualities. The ionisation signal is evaluated by the combustion controller and the air ratio is adjusted to a value between $\lambda=1.24$ and 1.44. This range provides for an optimum combustion quality. Thereafter, the electronic gas valve regulates the required gas volume subject to the prevailing gas quality.

To check the combustion quality, the CO_2 content or the O_2 content of the flue gas is measured. The prevailing air ratio is determined with the measured values. The relationship between the CO_2 or O_2 content and air ratio λ is illustrated in the following table.

Air ratio λ – CO_2/O_2 content

Air ratio λ	O_2 content (%)	CO_2 content (%) for natural gas E	CO_2 content (%) for natural gas LL	CO_2 content (%) for LPG P
1.20	3.8	9.6	9.2	11.3
1.24	4.4	9.2	9.1	10.9
1.27	4.9	9.0	8.9	10.6
1.30	5.3	8.7	8.6	10.3
1.34	5.7	8.5	8.4	10.0
1.37	6.1	8.3	8.2	9.8
1.40	6.5	8.1	8.0	9.6
1.44	6.9	7.8	7.7	9.3
1.48	7.3	7.6	7.5	9.0

To achieve an optimum combustion control, the system regularly carries out an automatic self-calibration; also after a power failure (shutdown). For this, the combustion is briefly regulated to max. ionisation current (corresponding to air ratio $\lambda=1$). Automatic calibration is carried out shortly after the burner start and lasts approx. 5 s. During calibration, higher than normal CO emissions may occur briefly.

Connection and wiring diagram – internal connections

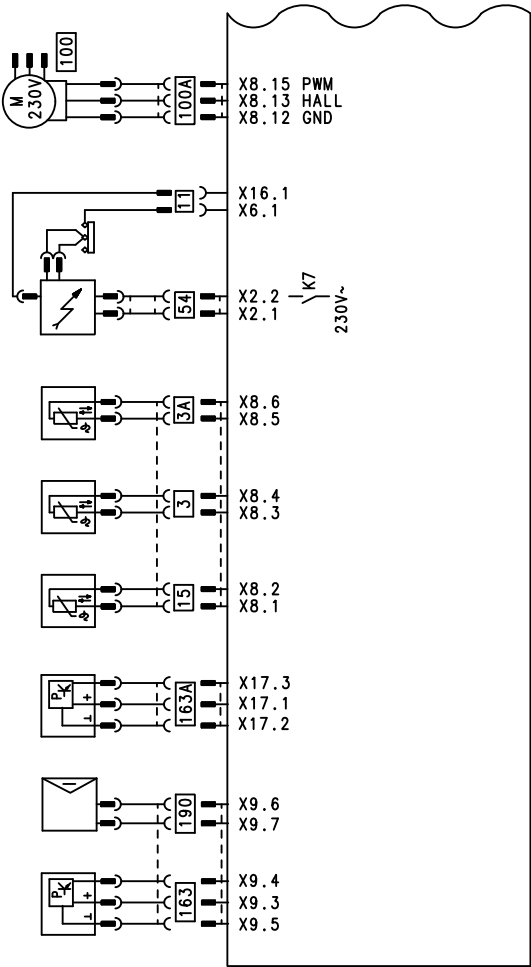


Fig. 77

- | | | | |
|------|---------------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| X... | Electrical interfaces | 100 | Fan motor |
| 3 | Boiler water temperature sensor | 100 A | Fan motor control |
| 3 A | Boiler water temperature sensor | 190 | Modulation coil |
| 11 | Ionisation electrode | 163 A | Flow sensor |
| 15 | Flue gas temperature sensor | 163 | Flow sensor |
| 54 | Ignition unit | | |

Connection and wiring diagram – external connections

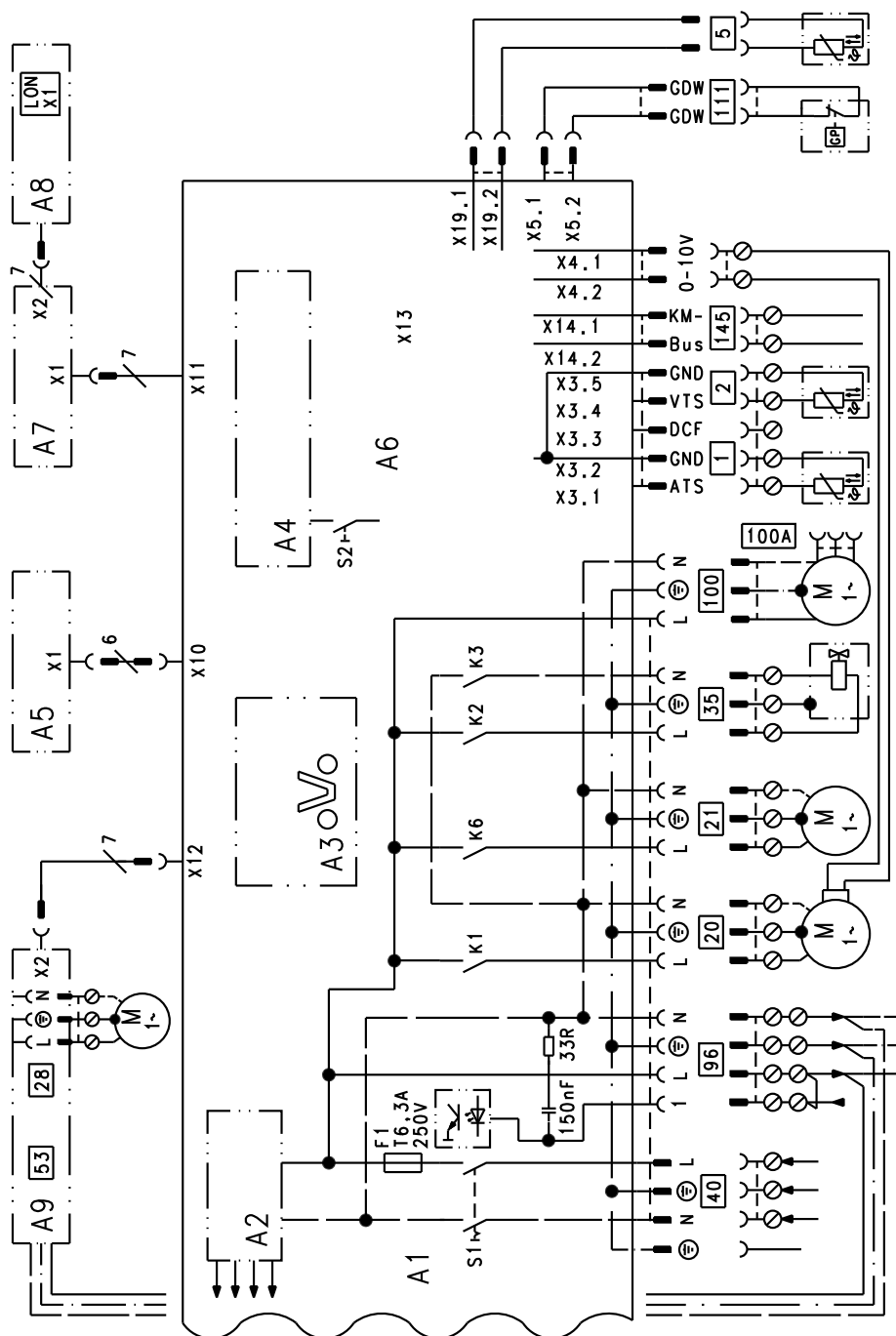


Fig. 78

- | | | | |
|------|--|-----|---|
| A1 | Main PCB | 1 | Outside temperature sensor |
| A2 | Switching mode power supply | 2 | Flow temperature sensor, low loss header |
| A3 | Optolink | 5 | Cylinder temperature sensor (plug on the cable harness) |
| A4 | Burner control unit | 20 | Heating circuit pump or boiler circuit pump |
| A5 | Programming unit | 21 | Circulation pump for cylinder heating |
| A6 | Coding card | 28 | DHW circulation pump |
| A7 | Connection adaptor | 35 | Gas solenoid valve |
| A8 | LON communication module or cascade communication module | 40 | Power supply |
| A9 | Internal extension (accessories) | 96 | Power supply for accessories and Vitotrol 100 |
| S1 | ON/OFF switch | 100 | Fan motor |
| S2 | Reset button | 111 | Gas pressure switch |
| X... | Electrical interfaces | 145 | KM-BUS |

Report

Settings and test values		Set value	Commissioning	Maintenance/ service
	Date			
	Signature			
Static pressure	<i>mbar</i> <i>kPa</i>	≤ 57.5 ≤ 5.75		
Supply pressure (flow pressure)				
<input type="checkbox"/> for natural gas E	<i>mbar</i> <i>kPa</i>	17-25 1.70-2.5		
<input type="checkbox"/> for natural gas LL	<i>mbar</i> <i>kPa</i>	17-25 1.70-2.5		
<input type="checkbox"/> for LPG	<i>mbar</i> <i>kPa</i>	42.5-57.5 4.25-5.75		
<i>Tick gas type</i>				
Carbon dioxide content CO₂				
For natural gas				
▪ At lower heating output	% by vol.	7.5-9.5		
▪ At upper heating output	% by vol.	7.5-9.5		
For LPG				
▪ At lower heating output	% by vol.	8.8-11.1		
▪ At upper heating output	% by vol.	8.8-11.1		
Oxygen content O₂				
▪ At lower heating output	% by vol.	4.0-7.6		
▪ At upper heating output	% by vol.	4.0-7.6		
Carbon monoxide content CO				
▪ At lower heating output	ppm	< 1000		
▪ At upper heating output	ppm	< 1000		

Specification

Gas boiler, category II _{2N3P}

Rated heating output range ^{*2} T _F /T _R 50/30 °C	kW	32 - 120	32 - 150
Rated heating input range	kW	30 - 113.3	30 - 142.0
Rated voltage	V	230	
Rated frequency	Hz	50	
Rated current	A	6	
Backup fuse (power supply)	A	16	
Power consumption in the delivered condition	W	146	222
Electronic temperature limiter setting (fixed)	°C	82	
Temperature limiter setting (fixed)	°C	100	
Connection values relative to max. load with			
Natural gas E	m ³ /h	11.99	15.03
Natural gas LL	m ³ /h	13.94	17.47
LPG	kg/h	8.86	11.10
Permissible ambient temperature			
▪ During operation:	°C	0 to +40 °C	
▪ During storage and transport:	°C	-20 to +65 °C	
Protection class		I	
IP rating		IP X 4 D to EN 60529	
Weight	kg	130	130
Product ID		CE-0085CN0050	

Note

The supply values are only for reference (e.g. in the gas contract application) or for a supplementary, rough estimate to check the volumetric settings. Due to factory settings, the gas pressure must not be altered from these values. Reference: 15 °C, 1013 mbar.

Certificates

Declaration of conformity

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG, D-35107 Allendorf, declare as sole responsible body that the named product complies with the European directives and supplementary national requirements in terms of its design and operational characteristics.

Conformity has been verified with the CE designation. Using the serial number, the full Declaration of Conformity can be found on the following website:

www.viessmann.co.uk/eu-conformity

Manufacturer's certificate according to the 1st BImSchV [Germany]

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG, D-35107 Allendorf, confirm that the product **Vitodens 200-W** complies with the NO_x limits specified by the 1st BImSchV, paragraph 6 [Germany].

Allendorf, 1 February 2018

Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG



Authorised signatory Reiner Jansen
Head of Strategic Quality Management

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